"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today; showers Sunday; moderate southwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 10.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,834 ... NEW YORK, SATURDAY, JULY 31, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

PRESIDENT WARNS MINERS TO RETURN; LEWIS TO ORDER IT

Wilson Promises to Call Conference with Employers on Grievances When Work Is Resumed.

HITS BREACH OF CONTRACT

Asserts Strikers Undermine Union's Good Name and Sacrifice Future for Present Gain.

UNION CHIEF LAUDS STAND

Miners' President Says Every Loyal Worker Will Comply — Farrington Is Silent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30. — President Wilson in a telegram to-night to John L. Lewis, President of the United Mine Workers of America, declared that if the coal miners on strike in Illinois and Indiana return to work at once he will call a joint conference of the scale committees of the operators and the miners to adjust any inequalities in the present scale, which they "mutually agree should be adjusted."

The President's message, which was sent after a study of a report on the situation by Secretary of Labor Wilson, declares that the action of the strikers undermines not only the basis of their own and the community's prosperity, but by violating their solemn obligation undermines their own good name. "No Government, no employer, no person having any reputation to protect," he asserts, "can afford to enter into contractual relations with an organization that repeatedly or systematically violates its contracts."

The mine workers' union is the largest in America, but no organization, the President asserts, can long endure that sets up its own strength as superior to its plighted faith or its duty to society. It may make temporary gains, but what of the future? he asks.

The precedent set by the miners, the President infers, could be taken advantage of by operators to decrease wages in the middle of a contract on the plea that they are unable to sell the coal at the then existing cost of production.

Text of President's Message.

The President's telegram follows:

"The White House,
"Washington, July 30, 1920.

"To the Members of the United Mine Workers of America:

"Gentlemen—It is with a feeling of profound regret and sorrow that I have learned that many of the members of your organization, particularly in the State of Illinois, have engaged in a strike in violation of the terms of the award of the Bituminous Coal Commission and your agreement with the Government that the findings of the commission would be accepted by you as final and binding.

"I am distressed not only because your action in refusing to mine coal upon the terms which you had accepted may result in great suffering in many households during the coming Winter and interfere with the continuation of industrial and agricultural activity, which is the basis of the prosperity which you in common with the balance of our people have been enjoying, but also, and what is of far more importance to you, because the violation of the terms of your solemn obligation impairs your own good name, destroys the confidence which is the basis of all mutual agreements and threatens the very foundation of fair industrial relations. No Government, no employer, no person having any reputation to protect can afford to enter into contractual relations with an organization that repeatedly or systematically violates its contracts.

What of the Future? He Asks.

"The United Mine Workers of America is the largest single labor organization in the United States, if not in the world, but no organization can long endure that sets up its own strength as being superior to its plighted faith or its duty to society at large. It has in the past built up an enviable reputation for abiding by its contracts, which has been one of its most valuable assets in making wage agreements. It may now make temporary gains by taking advantage of the dire necessities of the balance of the people through the violation of these contracts, but what of the future? How can it expect wage contracts with the employers to be continued, in the face of such violations, when normal conditions have been restored and the country is free from the fear of immediate shortage of coal? How will it be able to resist the claims of the operators in the future who take advantage of the precedent which the miners have established and decrease wage rates in the middle of a wage contract under the plea that they are unable to sell the coal at the then existing cost of production?

"A mere statement of these questions ought to be sufficient to awaken the mine workers to the dangerous course they are pursuing and the injuries they are inflicting upon themselves and the country at large by the adoption of these unwarranted strike policies.

Guards Men Must Return to Work.

"In the consideration of the nation-wide wage scale involving many different classes of labor by the Bituminous Coal Commission in the limited time at its disposal some inequalities may have

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS is a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Gives relief.—Advt.

Boast That Mannix's Landing Will "Astonish the Enemy"

LONDON, July 30.—The Chairman of the Irish Vigilance Society in Great Britain at a meeting today announced that Archbishop Mannix of Australia would be accompanied to the British Isles from the United States by an unnamed distinguished compatriot. The statement brought forth cheers for Eamonn de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," from the members of the society.

The Chairman of the meeting added that Archbishop Mannix and his companion would land in a manner which would "astonish the enemy" and create amusing gossip for the world.

SAILING OF MANNIX CAUSES ROW ON SHIP

Baltic's Cooks and Stewards Threaten Strike if He's Aboard, Firemen if He Isn't.

CREW WILL DECIDE TODAY

Definite Action to be Taken Concerning Australian Prelate Who Denounced Hughes.

Whether the sailing of Archbishop Mannix of Australia for Queenstown or Liverpool on the White Star liner Baltic today will be a quiet or a turbulent affair probably will depend upon what action is taken at a meeting of the National Cooks and Stewards' Union and the Seamen's and Firemen's Union aboard the ship just after breakfast today. Among the crew are many either Irish by birth or of Irish descent who believe that the Archbishop should cross the Atlantic as an honored guest of the ship. There are an equal number or more who believe he should not be permitted to sail on a vessel flying the British flag.

So last evening the ship's officers were faced with threats on the part of the firemen to strike if the prelate were not allowed to sail, and threatening strike talk by the cooks and stewards, who may refuse to work if he should come on board. The ship's officers inclined to the belief that there would be no trouble.

For the men the situation was summed up by a steward who said there might be "hell to pay" when sailing time came, or there might be no trouble. Last night on board, where the men were discussing possible action, it was said that it was planned at the coming meeting to lay a definite course of action. The proposition whether the ship should be held up by a strike would be voted upon, it was said, and the minority would abide by the decision of the meeting.

Case Discussed Four Days.

A member of the stewards' union said the sailing of the Archbishop on the Baltic had been under discussion by union workers aboard for four days. It was not until yesterday, he said, that the situation became so acute that some of the unionists threatened to strike if the Prelate was a passenger. He laid the beginning of this talk to the coming on board early in the day of a representative of one of the American unions affiliated with the Marine Transport Workers' Union.

On top of this threat a rumor came from the stokehold that a majority of the firemen, angered by the strike talk above decks, had threatened to walk out in a body if the Archbishop was not taken aboard. Furthermore, this report said some of the firemen insisted that if the Archbishop came to the pier, and any of the other unionists attempted to bar him from the ship they would send a delegation composed of the huskiest men in the engine room and carry him on board on their shoulders.

This talk became so insistent that the four delegates representing the cooks, the stewards, the seamen and the firemen attempted after dinner to bring together both factions. The attempt was a failure. As not enough members responded to take any action the meeting was called off. It was said another attempt to get together would be made after breakfast today.

Situation Is Uncertain.

"There might be a riot tomorrow and then again there might not," said one fireman. "One thing is certain if the men take action against working ship with the Archbishop on board there will be trouble on shore to reckon with for there is going to be a large number of his friends on the pier, I understand."

Opinion among the men is greatly divided. Some of them feel that if the British Government has not seen fit to bar the Archbishop from sailing it is not up to the men to interfere. Others consider the prelate's utterances an insult to their country and, as loyal subjects, feel they should refuse to work with him aboard. Scattered throughout the crew are many men of Irish birth or extraction. Most of these, it was said, sympathize with the Archbishop. Others again are indifferent.

"The trouble is that no one can say just how the discussion started," said one of the stewards. "There has been plenty of talk on board all afternoon. We have been receiving rumors of possible action by the firemen and I suppose they have been getting rumors of how we feel. A meeting would settle all the talk, for we then could agree on definite action. If a resolution to strike were introduced every worker in the unions would have an opportunity to vote upon it. The delegates are try-

Continued on Page Two.

FALL MALL SOUNDS, famous cigarettes, round in shape—plain ends.—Advt.

VICEROY'S FRIEND KILLED IN DUBLIN; LUCAS FREE AGAIN

Four Assassins Shoot Frank Brooke, Prominent Unionist and Railway Director.

SHARP FIGHT OVER LUCAS

Two Soldiers Are Killed in Repelling Sinn Fein Attempts to Recapture General.

DUBLIN POLICE DISARMED

Sinn Feiners Overpower a Detachment Among Crowds of Theatregoers.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, July 30.—Frank Brooke, Chairman of the Dublin & Southeastern Railway, was shot dead at his office at the Westland Row terminus headquarters of the company early this afternoon. Mr. Brooke was Deputy Lieutenant for County Wicklow and was a close friend of Lord French and a frequent visitor at the Viceregal Lodge. He served as member of a committee on Irish reconstruction appointed last year by the Viceroy.

Three armed men entered the premises, which overlook the Westland Row station, and proceeded quickly to Mr. Brooke's office, which opens off a long corridor, the door being marked "Private." Mr. Brooke, whose hours of attendance were not regular, was seated in the room with T. A. Cotton, Dublin traffic manager of the London & North Western Railway, when the intruders entered.

As soon as the door was opened the men pointed their revolvers at Mr. Brooke and fired simultaneously, several bullets entering his head. A fourth man remained outside the office and also fired. Messrs. Brooke and Cotton were standing near the window on the left side of the room, and the bullet came through the window. The victim made a move to escape by stepping in the direction of the firplace, but at that moment came the volley from the men who had entered the room. Mr. Brooke never uttered a word and must have died almost immediately.

Several shots were also fired at Mr. Cotton, who narrowly escaped injury by taking shelter under a table. Other bullets discharged at Mr. Brooke carried into another room, and a girl typewriter had a narrow escape. She had just left her machine and crossed to the other side of the office when a bullet ripped through the table at which she had been seated and smashed the machine.

The assassins were not disguised in any way, and after the shooting walked calmly away. An official in a neighboring office says that at least eight shots were fired. One report rang out, followed almost immediately by three more. Then there were three more reports, and finally a single shot. The half-dozen empty cartridge cases afterward found outside the room were of large size, and on the cap end was stamped "E 141."

Consternation reigned in the station at the sound of the firing. A train was due at the time, and the large crowd awaiting its arrival was greatly alarmed.

Mr. Brooke was removed to the hospital, where life was found to be extinct. There was a large bullet hole under his left arm, the bullet having evidently penetrated the lung. Mr. Brooke had a five-chambered revolver, fully loaded, in his right-hand coat pocket.

He was the son of Sir George F. Brooke, Chairman of a famous firm of Dublin wine merchants. He owned estates in County Wexford and at Celbridge, County Kildare. He was a member of the Carlton Club of London, and the Kildare Street and Sackville Clubs of Dublin, a prominent member of the Turf Club and a familiar figure at all the Irish race courses. He had twice contested the South Fermanagh seat in the Unionist interest.

Murder May Hasten Martial Law.

DUBLIN, July 30 (Associated Press).—The murder of Frank Brooke is generally attributed to political motives. Robert Barton, Member of Parliament for East Wicklow, was sentenced to three months' imprisonment early in the year on a charge of threatening Viscount French and coupling Mr. Brooke's name with that of the Lord Lieutenant. In his statement regarding Viscount French, Barton is reported to have said that if any Sinn Feiner suffered French and Brooke would be made to suffer.

Another suggestion is that the shooting was in reprisal for the dismissal of railwaymen for refusing to operate trains carrying police and soldiers. It is pointed out, however, that the Dublin & Southeastern Railway, with which Mr. Brooke was connected, had not been seriously affected by this movement, and that there have been fewer dismissals of men from it than from any other line in Ireland.

Mr. Brooke in political affairs had been conspicuous only during the last twelve months as the confidential friend and adviser of Viscount French.

The shooting, it is thought here, may hasten the imposition of martial law, which some officials favor. But it cannot be said to have created any undue

Continued on Page Three.

When you think of writing Think of WRITING.—Advt.

Republicans May Raise Limit If $1,000 Plan Delays Fund

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 30.—That the Republican Presidential campaign managers may raise the campaign subscription limit of $1,000 per person was indicated today by Fred W. Upham, Treasurer of the National Committee.

"The treasury department of the Republican National Committee is making a country-wide campaign on the basis of $1,000. As the limit to contributions for the fund," said Mr. Upham. "We are working along scientific lines, so that the burden will be spread equally to all States in proportion.

"Take New York and New Mexico as examples. We expect each to do its proportionate share. So far we are meeting with only fair success, but we hope to raise the needs of a modest budget on this basis.

"However, if we find that we are not getting enough, we will make a change, allowing larger sums to be given. But no sum larger than $1,000 will be accepted, unless public announcement is made, naming the contributor and the sums he gives."

CHICAGO JEWELER DIES MYSTERIOUSLY

Girl Asked to Apartment and Fiance, Who Came to Her Rescue, Saw Loftis Expire.

GIRL MISSING, MAN HELD

He Asserts Loftis Dropped Dead When He Entered Apartment —Find Marks on Body.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Samuel T. Loftis, head of the jewelry firm of Loftis Bros., was found dead tonight in his apartment at 5,630 Kenmore Avenue, under mysterious circumstances.

Roy Shayne, son of John T. Shayne, and once head of John T. Shayne & Co., furriers, is being held by the police. The police squad is searching for a young and beautiful girl, who, Shayne, a widower of a few weeks, says is his fiancé. Shayne and the young woman witnessed the jeweler's death and the girl fled after the appearance of Dr. Eckstrom. She had been kneeling over the body, the doctor said, when he arrived.

Shayne will not tell her name. It would only bring disgrace upon her, he said, and "she had nothing to with the case."

The young woman had been in the flat with Loftis. He met her late in the afternoon and invited her to his apartment. There, it is said, he insulted her, and she at once called Shayne, who is now an advertising solicitor for the Chicago Evening Post.

"I am in great difficulty," said Shayne later in the evening, speaking over the telephone to Coroner Hoffman. "I am in Mr. Loftis's flat and he is dead. My fiancée was here with him. He insulted her. She called me. I came at once. Just as Loftis opened the door to let me in he slipped and fell. I picked him up. He was unconscious. We worked over him for some time, my fiancée and I, but we could not revive him. The doctor told us he was dead."

The police say there was a small mark above the right eye, and a few scratches on the chest. They saw nothing to indicate that there had been a struggle, or violence in connection with the death. The marks on the body, they said, might have been made by the fall.

Soon after midnight the coroner's physician stated that Mr. Loftis had died from hemorrhages of the brain which could have been caused by a blow on the head. A broken whisky bottle was found by the police not far from the jeweler's body.

A table in the diningroom had been set for two. There were two glasses that gave off the aroma of liquor, two bottles containing a small quantity of liquor, two water bottles almost emptied, a small square of ice in a glass and the dishes soiled with the ashes of cigarettes. Evidently no food had been served, nothing but cigarettes and liquors. There was whisky or wine or cordials or liquors everywhere in the room and cigars.

Loftis was divorced in 1912 and since then has had bachelor quarters in Kenmore Avenue. He maintained a chain of jewelry establishments throughout the country and was reported to be exceedingly wealthy.

ONE MONOPLANE AT CHICAGO

Another Leaves Cleveland Today—Third Is Crippled.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Monoplane No. 2, which left Cleveland at 3:15 P. M. today on the second leg of the transcontinental mail flight, reached here at 7:40 P. M. tonight.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 30.—Monoplane No. 3 was the only one to leave today for Chicago on the second leg of the trans-continental aerial mail trip. Bert Acosta, piloting plane No. 1, will leave here tomorrow morning.

Machine No. 2, Captain Hartney pilot, met with an accident in landing after a practice flight this afternoon, breaking a wing tip and the under carriage, and will be out of the race until new parts or another plane can be sent from the East.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS is a little HOT Water, quick relief.—Advt.

HARDING CHARGES COX 'SOFT PEDALS' ON LEAGUE ISSUE

Calls On Democratic Nominee to Make Stand Clear, as He Asked Before.

SAYS BANKERS BACK RIVAL

And People Will Take Note of Huge Funds the Party Intends to Raise.

ASSAILS "PROGRESSIVISM"

Senator Insists That Cox Is Pledged to Carry Out Wilson's Foreign Policies.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, July 30.—Senator Harding has again called on Governor Cox to let the people know where he and the Democratic Party really stand on the peace treaty and the League of Nations. In a statement issued today the Republican nominee points out that the Democratic nominee has not yet answered the Senator's questions on this issue, and he reiterates that it is plain that Governor Cox is pledged to follow President Wilson's foreign policies.

In the declaration by George White, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, that "progressivism is to be the paramount issue of the campaign," Senator Harding sees an attempt to soft-pedal the "national referendum" on the League of Nations and push vague issues to the front.

Governor Cox's silence on the Senator's questions, and the decision of Senator Walsh of Massachusetts to support the Governor, despite their disagreement over Article X. of the treaty, are regarded by Senator Harding as showing the desire of the Democrats to forget "the whole sorry business."

Tells of Big Democratic Fund.

Calling attention to the announcement of Chairman White that the Democratic Committee would place no restriction on the size of campaign contributions, Senator Harding charged that "certain powerful international interests" concerned in the execution of the President's foreign policies are prepared to contribute "most liberally" to the Democrats' war chest.

While the Republican Presidential candidate did not specify who these interests are, his statement is interpreted here as meaning the same "group of international bankers" that Senators Johnson and Borah asserted at Chicago were behind efforts to defeat the opponents of the Treaty of Versailles at the Republican convention.

Chairman White's characterization as "buncombe" Republican efforts to limit campaign contributions to $1,000, coupled with his announcement that funds for financing the Democratic campaign would be received in any amounts, Senator Harding declared was a "queer sort of progressivism."

It is understood that Senator Harding, conscious of reports from Dayton in which Governor Cox attacked the Republican campaign fund, has sought for some time an opportunity to speak on the question of political finances. Some of his advisors feared that yesterday's visit to Marion of forty Chicago business men, including James A. Patton and Colonel Nathan W. McChesney, all of whom are members of the Republican campaign finance organization for the city of Chicago, might react unfavorably for the Senator.

Mr. White's interview in Washington, however, gave Mr. Harding his opportunity to attack Democratic methods of raising money and to take the edge off of the Chicago business man's visit by a reiteration of the Republicans' present policy of a campaign fund by popular subscriptions not exceeding $1,000 each.

Senator Harding's Statement.

Senator Harding's statement was in full:

"Our Democratic friends are having difficulty getting away from the embarrassment incident to their candidate's visit to the White House and the subsequent announcement that he and the President found themselves in entire accord.

"At the time of their conference I addressed some questions to the Democratic candidate, which he has not thus far seen fit to answer. One of them was whether in his conference with President Wilson he had pledged himself to the ratification of the treaty and League without essential modifications. Another was whether Article X. had been accepted by him.

Asks About Mandates.

"Still further, I asked whether Governor Cox had undertaken, if elected, to renew the demand that this country take a mandate over Armenia. I asked whether Governor Cox had undertaken to maintain the Administration policy in the Adriatic, where their policy has already well-nigh forfeited the friendship of the Italian nation, brought Italy to the verge of revolution and almost wrecked the establishment of the peace. I asked whether Governor Cox had pledged himself to insist, as President Wilson has heretofore insisted, that Tarace shall be settled as Bulgaria desires, rather than as Greece desires.

"In short, I asked whether the Democratic nominee has taken over the various known and unknown commitments of the present Administration's foreign policy in order to establish harmony between the President and Governor Cox.

"None of these questions have been answered either by Governor Cox or by

Continued on Page Two.

RED ARMY CHIEF DEFIES LENIN'S ORDERS; KEEPS UP BIG DRIVE AGAINST THE POLES; CAUCASUS ARMY REVOLTS FROM SOVIET

Polish Armistice Mission Is On the Way And London Knows of No Setback Yet

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that the Polish representatives who are negotiating for an armistice with the Russian Soviet commanders crossed the line at 8 o'clock tonight. No word has arrived of any hitch and deliberations at Baranovitchi were expected to begin at a late hour, which minimized the chances of any definite tidings coming through before tomorrow.

Meanwhile an authoritative message reached London that the Bolsheviki had taken Bialystock and were continuing their attacks on Lomza.

These attacks have been three times renewed, but the latest reports were that they had been unsuccessful.

WARSAW, July 30 (Associated Press).—The Polish Government expects the armistice envoys to pass the front lines at 8 o'clock this evening. None of the Government officials or military officers have any idea how long the negotiations with the Bolsheviki may continue.

The Government expects to receive developments of the armistice negotiations by wireless through the military authorities.

About fifty American women and children have departed in the last few days. The only women remaining are welfare workers, who are assured of transportation should the capital be directly menaced by the Bolsheviki.

There has been no announcement as to where the Government would move if necessary, but Kielsce, Cracow, Kalisz and Posen have been mentioned in diplomatic circles.

HAIL COX IN PARADE OF 10,000 IN DAYTON

Moved by Neighbors' Fervor, He Invites Them to Visit Him in White House.

BORNE ON MEN'S SHOULDERS

Nominee Is Forced to Take Refuge in Jail to Escape Crush —Floats Show His Rise.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Ohio, July 30.—Governor James M. Cox received a remarkable demonstration here today, the occasion being the "homecoming celebration" planned in his honor by the people of Dayton and other communities in Montgomery County.

There was a parade through the streets of Dayton with fully 10,000 in line. That, however, was not the most important feature of the demonstration, which was staged on one of the hottest midsummer days that Ohio has experienced. The real feature was the genuineness which marked the welcome to Governor Cox.

The Governor was overwhelmed by the cordiality of the reception extended to him by the townsfolk and the others in this vicinity who have known him from boyhood. He had not intended to make an address but he was so deeply affected by the outpouring of the people that he expressed his appreciation. He told the people that he never could be anything but a great President after the inspiration which had been supplied by the reception they had given him.

Governor Cox was in his element. After his address from the platform of the reviewing stand, he attempted to walk to his automobile accompanied by Mrs. Cox. The crowd surged about him and prevented such an escape. As a result the Governor, literally lifted upon the shoulders of the crowd, was forced to seek safety in the county jail. From the steps of the jail he delivered this brief address:

"This is the first time that I have been driven to jail to escape my friends. I appreciate your feelings and assure you that as long as I live I shall remember this day and shall attempt to justify the confidence you have placed in me. I bid you good afternoon and invite you to come to see me in Washington."

Hailed as Omen of Victory.

Leaders of the Democracy here, such as Joseph Dowling and Clarence Greer, said the enthusiasm shown means only one thing—that Cox would sweep Ohio and that the spirit would spread to other parts of the country and assure his election.

The party leaders in this part of the State are in a happy frame of mind tonight. They watched the thousands of marchers pass down Main Street when the sun was so hot that marching was an ordeal.

"That's the spirit which will sweep the country," said Greer. "It is a Cox year and they can't stop him."

"He will win hands down, not only in Ohio, but throughout the country," said Dowling. "You could not have staged anything like this unless the people believed in Cox. Ohio does not go into tantrums unless it believes in the cause it is supporting. It is progressive, yes, and so is Cox. It will put him across sure."

The City of Dayton and the County of Montgomery tried to make the demonstration bon-partisan, but almost everybody in the parade was shouting for Cox's election, and the Governor realized this.

One of the most striking moments of the demonstration came when members

Continued on Page Two.

ALLIES SET LIMITS FOR POLISH TERMS

Won't Be Allowed to Change Government or Boundaries on Red Demand.

NOR ARE THEY TO DISARM

Use of Poland as Bridgehead Between Russia and Germany Forbidden.

PARIS, July 30.—The limitations which Great Britain and France would put upon Soviet demands of Poland in the arranging of an armistice are set forth in a notification which has been dispatched to the Warsaw Government by the British and French Governments, it was learned here today. Poland requested the views of Great Britain and France on possible armistice terms, and the Governments at London and Paris have notified the Polish Government that they will not permit Poland to accept possible Soviet armistice demands involving:

First—Whole or partial disarmament of Poland.

Second—A change in the Polish system of government dictated or brought about by the Soviets.

Third—Acceptance by Poland of a boundary line less favorable than that provisionally drawn by Premier Lloyd George.

Fourth—The use of Poland as a bridgehead, in any sense, between Germany and Russia.

As bearing on the military situation, it develops that vast stocks of munitions from the Allies are moving toward Warsaw today from Dansig, on the Baltic, and from Rumania and Czechoslovakia. These munitions were for the most part originally dispatched for the army of General Denikin, but were delayed on the way until too late to be available for his use. The munitions being sent from Dansig, however, were shipped recently for the especial use of Poland. Other munitions are expected to be in process of shipment from France and Great Britain for Poland within a few days.

Hungary has asked the permission of Great Britain and France to attack the Soviet army. Such an attack would involve permission, likewise, to reorganize the Hungarian army, the demobilization of which was provided for by the Hungarian peace treaty.

The Allies are hesitating over Hungary's request, according to a high French official, because they fear Hungary would expect too many concessions in the terms of the treaty by way of amelioration.

Information which has reached the French government was said today to reveal that Latvia, Finland, Rumania and Hungary were all anxious to make common cause against the Bolsheviki now, rather than be compelled later to defend themselves individually. To this end, it is declared, the four countries named are making overtures to France and Great Britain for support, moral and otherwise. This situation, it is stated on high French authority, is the final card France and Great Britain will have in hand to play if necessary in order to save Poland.

SOCIALISTS AT GENEVA.

Two Hundred Assemble for Opening of International Conference Today.

GENEVA, July 30.—Two hundred delegates, among them two from the United States, are here, ready for the opening of the International Socialist Conference tomorrow under the Presidency of Emile Vandervelde, Belgian Minister of Justice.

The British, French and German Socialists sent strong delegations, but Italy and Austria are not represented officially. It is expected that the attitude of Nikolai Lenin, the Russian Soviet Premier, toward the Second Internationale and responsibility for the war will be the storm centres of discussion.

SOVIET'S GRIP IS WEAKENED

French Foreign Office Reports Show Commander Is Independent.

REBELLION IN THE SOUTH

Eleventh Army Said to Have Thrown Over Soviet and Offered to Join Wrangel.

SWIFT ADVANCE ON WARSAW

Russian Cavalry Only 50 Miles Distant—Northern Front Has Collapsed, Germans Say.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 30.—With armistice negotiations due to begin between representatives of the Polish and Russian high commands tonight, the French Foreign Office receives today two sensational pieces of news which indicate serious interior Russian troubles detrimental to the strength of the Soviet Government.

The first of these reports comes from Warsaw and says the Poles have proof that four days ago Moscow ordered Tuchachevski, commanding the Red Armies, to cease at once his advance on the Poles, but that the army command refused to obey and stated that it was the rule of all good commanders to fight until the armistice was actually in effect.

The second report says that the Eleventh Russian Soviet Army, which has been fighting in the Caucasus, has revolted, abolished Soviet control, and, assuming regular army organization, has sent emissaries to General Wrangel suggesting that they fight together against the Reds. It is also reported that the Aserbeijans have enough of the Soviets and are rising up against them. The Reds in Baku executed 1,000 Mussulman notables last week.

Soviet's Control Doubted.

The inference the French Foreign Office naturally draws is that one should not be in a hurry to treat with the Bolshevist Government or recognise it if after all it is not in real control of Russia. The French see in the alleged attitude of the Russian Army the chance that armistice conditions which the politicians of the Soviet Government might lay down for Poland may not be accepted by the army command.

In the possibility of this clash between the victorious army and the Soviet civilian chiefs the French see the highest interest.

A radio received here today from Moscow declares that Trotsky did not make a speech in which he said that Poland would be a bridge for the Reds to cross into Western Europe. Trotsky denies that the Soviets are trying to capture Warsaw to put the Allies before a fait accompli and denies all ideas of seeking the conquest of Poland.

A report received from Warsaw says the Polish Government will refuse to accept any armistice or peace terms which would move the frontier west of the line laid down by the Peace Conference or which would call for Polish disarmament. Three new classes have been called to the colors and Polish officials state they are ready to carry on the fight. Poland has been assured receipt of munitions through Dansig, allied soldiers doing the work of striking German dockers.

However, despite these bright reports, it appears the Poles are badly disorganized. General Weygand, representing Marshal Foch, is trying to organize the army, but it is understood he is meeting the same opposition which crippled the task of the French military mission sent privately to Warsaw some months ago to put the army in better shape.

Paris is full of criticism of the proposed conference with the Reds in London, but it is admitted that the whole proposition hangs on the attitude of Moscow toward Poland. It is up to Moscow to say whether the London conference takes place. If the Soviets are willing to talk over the Polish settlement at a table with the Allies, that and that alone, it appears, will get France into the conference. The conference once begun it is altogether probable that Lloyd George will be able to carry out his intention of having it take up other matters. Therefore, within three or four days the muddled situation should become clearer.

Berlin Reports of Big Offensive.

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BERLIN, July 30.—A forewarning of a Bolshevist offensive on the whole front, irrespective of the plans for an armistice, is given in reports reaching Berlin that the whole Russian army is fired with patriotism and hatred of Poland. It is said that, drunk with success, the army is taking the initiative into its own hands and advancing without orders from Moscow.

Military experts are studying the reports seriously, because there are evidences that the Bolshevist Government sincerely meant to halt outside the Polish frontier until a complete armistice and peace were obtained.

Every one here is puzzled by the intensified Russian offensive on the eve

of the armistice conference. Besides the explanations given above there is another, that the Russians believe the reports that France is preparing to move an army of 200,000 to Poland's relief. Today's report's from the plebiscite zone in East Prussia is that the Entente intends extending the zone into Marienwerder and the principal cities as the basis for operations, and with the Danzig corridor an avenue for French-British troops.

Cavalry Rushing Toward Warsaw.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 30.—The latest news reaching here from the Polish-Russian front discloses the important fact that the Bolsheviki on the northern wing have crossed the frontier of Poland proper, occupying Schyszyn, while they continue to push ahead at the utmost speed in a southwest direction, that is to say, toward Warsaw, from which the advance cavalry are only about fifty miles distant.

All efforts of the Polish northern army to delay the enemy appear to have failed. The question now is whether it will be able, before the armistice, to escape enfilanment and destruction.

On this part of the front the Bolshevikt are operating without artillery and their success is due to the strategic use of enormous masses of cavalry, whose swift progress is forcing the Polish infantry to relinquish their lines.

The correspondent of the Berliner Abendblatt, who witnessed the retreat, telegraphs:

"The collapse of the Polish northern wing presents a picture unfamiliar to participators in the World War. Infantry battalions, artillery and engineer companies march through and across each other in complete confusion. All roads are blocked, and the troops are suffering from a hopeless lack of munitions. Those who found themselves in Lemberg are seeking their safety way through marshes and woods to the west, where, however, the Russians already are awaiting them."

Though not a single Bolshevist soldier has crossed the East Prussian frontier, the whole Russian-Polish situation is being watched here with intense interest and a certain amount of anxiety, growing as the operations drift westward.

The atmosphere is not improved by the already recorded army order issued by Dr. Gessler, the Defense Minister. In substance this startling document is a warning against the recruiting efforts of active and retired members of the German Army who, says the Minister, are trying to create secret formations under the motto "Combatting of Bolshevism." At the same time, he alleges, Communist circles are "seeking cannon fodder for a Red army."

Commenting on this proclamation the Freiheit, organ of the Independent Socialists, denies the latter suggestion and says:

"On the other hand the creation of the White Guards is a fact. What the Defense Minister announces is the logical outcome of the Baltic policy which was defeated last year. But still has many active supporters in the Reichswehr. The object is first in co-operation with the Czaristic plotters to overthrow the Soviet Government, then with Russian help to restore the monarchy in Germany. The centre of all these activities is in East Prussia.

"The Defense Minister's prohibition of recruiting will be fruitless if at the same time the Government does not remove the White Guard Generals and withdraw the state of siege in East Prussia, which affords the possibility of assembly to all counter-revolutionary forces."

Tells of Polish Flight.

BERLIN, July 31.—A special dispatch to the Neue Berliner Zeitung from Lyck reports that the destruction and the encompassing of the Polish north army are now accomplished facts. The Russians, says the despatch, have captured the forts at Ossoviets, Suwalki and Lomza and also are occupying Grajewo and Sautcatin, which are close to the east Prussian frontier.

The correspondent declares there no longer is a Polish front in that vicinity; that the Poles everywhere are retreating in disorder. He says he had no difficulty in crossing the frontier, as no Polish guards were visible and the border no longer was protected.

The correspondent reports having seen detachments of fleeing Poles, who had discarded their knapsacks and arms and were wholly out of control of their officers who, with the men, were retreating "in pell-mell fashion."

In the vicinity of Grajevo the correspondent says he encountered the first Russian uniforms of the officers showing the old ranks. The enemy, he declares, was less than an hour behind the fleeing Poles.

RIOTING IN DANZIG.

Several Persons Reported Killed in Anti-Polish Outbreaks.

WARSAW, July 30.—Americans who departed from Danzig on Thursday night report demonstrations there which were developing into manifestations against the Poles.

Several persons are reported to have been killed.

REDS THREATEN WAR TO CONQUER AMERICA

Forecast World Struggle Against England Also in Message to British Laborites.

LONDON, July 30.—That the triumph of the proletariat involves a bloody revolution, that to achieve it in Great Britain the workers must prepare for civil war, and that the day is coming when Communism, sweeping through Europe and enlisting the Eastern nations in the movement, will meet Great Britain and America in mortal conflict, are outstanding points in a long communication to the British Independent Labor Party from the Third International at Moscow, quoted by The London Times.

The communication was made in reply to twelve questions sent to the Moscow International by the Independent Labor Party.

One of these questions was: "How does Communism differ from other forms of Socialism?" To this the following reply was made:

"There are no other forms. There is only Communism. Whatever else goes under the name of Socialism is either willful deception by the leaders of the bourgeoisie or self-delusion by persons who hesitate to choose between the proletariat and the bourgeoisie."

Another answer reads in part: "It is most unlike," the bourgeoisie will surrender its power without a struggle. Therefore the workers of Great Britain should prepare, not for an easy parliamentary victory, but for victory by a heavy civil war."

"Civil war," "world revolution" and protracted distress of parliamentary action appear in several of the answers. The concluding part of the document, as quoted by The Times, reads:

"It is probable that when throwing off the chains of the capitalist governments, the revolutionary proletariat of Europe will meet the resistance of Anglo-American capital in the persons of British and American capitalists, who will attempt to blockade it. It is then possible the revolutionary proletariat of Europe will arise in union with the peoples of the East and commence a revolutionary struggle, the scene of which will be the entire world, to deal the final blow at British and American capitalists."

James Ramsay MacDonald, former leader of the House of Commons and one of the leaders of the Independent Labor Party, commenting on the document from Moscow, writes:

"The Moscow revolutionists are no longer revolutionists. When they say revolution they mean bloodshed and violence. Anybody who accepts the Moscow view ought to have nothing to do with the Independent Labor Party; such affiliation would be dishonest. Before the Independent Labor Party can join the Third International it must cease to be an Independent labor party. The Independent Labor Party and the Third Internationale are oil and water and won't mix."

QUIT FRONT PORCH, HARRISON DEMANDS

Democratic Speakers' Bureau Chief Calls to Republicans to "Come Out Into the Open."

WILL CENTRE FIGHT HERE

Cox and Many Speakers to Join In Struggle to Win New York State.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Senator Pat Harrison of Mississippi, Chairman of the Speakers' Bureau of the Democratic National Committee, consulted today with George White, Chairman of the committee, and issued a statement challenging the Republican candidates on the national ticket to "leave the front porch" and "come out into the open and submit the respective records of the two parties and opposing candidates to the limelight of publicity."

In his statement Senator Harrison said that the Democratic Party had demonstrated its efficiency and redeemed its pledges and that the complete program and the ratification of the Peace Treaty would have been accomplished and peace would now exist "if it had not been for the obstructive tactics of a reactionary Senatorial oligarchy."

The Republican Party, Senator Harrison's statement charged, had not redeemed the pledges made in the Congressional campaign of 1918 and would therefore be on the defensive in this campaign, while the Democratic Party had fulfilled the trust imposed in it.

Cox to Campaign Here.

Senator Harrison will go to New York tomorrow to open headquarters and prepare for the immediate beginning of a widespread speaking campaign. This will start immediately after the notification ceremonies and will take Governor Cox at once into the East. Franklin Roosevelt will invade the Western States.

Governor Cox, it is announced, will devote himself greatly to New York State, which the Democratic campaign managers believe is very debatable territory, with the drift and daily developments favoring the success of the Democratic Party in November. Most of the heavy artillery of the army of men and women speakers will centre activities in New York both before and after the State primaries in the hope of defeating Senator Wadsworth and aiding the entire Democratic ticket.

Secretary of State Colby will make speeches in New York, as will ex-Secretary McAdoo. For several weeks the State will be thoroughly covered by prominent men and women speakers.

Senator Harrison said that William Jennings Bryan and every Democrat of note would accept engagements from the Speaker's Bureau. The campaign, he said, found the party absolutely united, with voters and practical politicians alike convinced of success in November. He predicted that gains would be made which probably would give the next Senate to the Democrats, as the Republicans now hold it by a nominal majority of two only.

Statement by Senator Harrison.

Senator Harrison's statement reads:

"The most aggressive speaking campaign in the history of American politics will be conducted in behalf of the election of Governor James M. Cox and Franklin D. Roosevelt, the Presidential and Vice Presidential nominees of the Democratic Party.

"Not a hamlet in disputed States will be overlooked in this determined effort to bring home to the people of the country the sterling qualities, the broad statesmanship and constructive ability of the Democratic standard bearers.

"With two such candidates and with the story of achievements we have to tell, we know that our speakers will have no difficulty in convincing the men and women of the country that the continuance of the Democratic Party in power in the nation is to the better part of wisdom.

"Every Democratic man and woman capable of carrying the Democratic message will be called on to do his or her share on platform and stump. To them will be intrusted the duty of expounding the unexcelled record of Governor Cox for progressive legislation in Ohio and the magnificent and constructive record of the Democratic Administration, both executive and legislative, in Washington.

"Not only will these speakers from coast to coast tell the true story of progressive democracy, but they will lay bare the unjust criticisms and unfair misrepresentations of the leaders of the Republican Party and the reactionary record of its candidates.

"The challenge of the Democratic national organization to its Republican adversaries is to come into the open and submit the respective records of the two parties and opposing candidates to the limelight of publicity. We have no fear of the result of such a contest of truth-telling. Through our army of speakers we will carry the Democratic slogan of 'Peace, progress and prosperity' to the people, confident of their verdict. We invite the Republican Party to meet us on this ground.

Will Go Direct to the People.

"Governor Cox and Mr. Roosevelt will lead the great galaxy of speakers who will take to the hustings immediately after the speeches of acceptance of the candidates have been made. The Democratic nominees both believe in going direct to the people with their appeals for support. They have no sympathy with 'front porch' campaigns, but will submit their cause and themselves to the public for judgment.

"The people of the country only have to be reminded that the Democratic party has demonstrated its efficiency and has redeemed its pledges and that if it had not been for obstructive tactics of a reactionary senatorial oligarchy, we would now have peace. Nor will the people of the country be allowed to forget that the pledge of progressive legislation made by the Republican party in its campaign of false pretense in 1918 was mere political piffle, with little or no attempt upon their part to make good their promises.

"The Republican party in this campaign must, of necessity, be on the defensive throughout. The Democratic party has fulfilled the trust imposed in it and seeks only the opportunity to give the truthful account of its stewardship. The Republican party, on its other hand, cannot point with justifiable pride to its record and may only view with alarm what the doctorate will do in November.

"While Democratic success is now assured, its certainty will become more apparent as the campaign progresses and the true story is unfolded."

DE BRAGGA TO BACK HUGO.

Republican Leader in Queens Bolts Designation of Miller.

Many organization Republicans of Queens are going to support Secretary of State Hugo for the Gubernatorial nomination and will bolt the designation of Nathan L. Miller, according to Republican leaders in that borough. Among the Hugo supporters is Joseph M. De Bragga, Republican leader of Queens, and he will call a meeting of the county executive committee next week to discuss plans for aiding Hugo. Mr. De Bragga has been a warm Hugo supporter for months and through his efforts the Secretary of State appeared in Queens County last December and addressed the county committee. At that time the organization leaders pledged Secretary Hugo that they would stand by him. The Queens delegation to the unofficial convention at Saratoga was almost unanimously in favor of Hugo for the Gubernatorial nomination.

THOMPSON IN FIGHT TO END.

Senator Will Tour State in Campaign Against Miller.

State Senator George F. Thompson, who will run against Nathan L. Miller, designee of the unofficial State convention for the Republican nomination for Governor in the primaries, arrived from Saratoga yesterday at his headquarters in the Hotel McAlpin and announced that he would make a speaking tour and intended to visit every county in the State before Sept. 14.

"This fight will show whether the direct primary is any good or not," he said. "I welcome the trial."

Senator Thompson was informed that it was reported that Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo was wavering in his determination to enter the primaries against Judge Miller and himself. "I am going to stay in," Senator Thompson said. "The concentrated pressure of all those who were at Saratoga would not be enough to keep me out."

PICK COLORADO CANDIDATES

Democrats Name Primary Ticket—But One Vote for Thomas.

DENVER, July 30.—Robert Higgins of Denver, former State Treasurer, and James M. Collins of Weld County, the latter designated by both the Non-Partisan League and the Farmer-Labor Party for Governor, were selected early today as the Democratic candidate for Governor by the State Assembly here.

Their names will go before the voters at the September primary election.

In the contest for United States Senator Judge Tully Scott of Teller County and Colonel William C. Danks of Arapahoe County were nominated. Senator Thomas, the incumbent, received but one vote. He had not entered the contest, having been out of sympathy with the President on the League issue.

HURL MAIL SACKS INTO LAKE

Thieves Rifle Registered Packages but Miss Precious Stones.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., July 30.—Phillip Burke, Jr., 10 years old, saw two negroes throw a large, heavy bundle into Berholx Lake, on the estate of the late Patrick F. Griffin, today. Thinking the bundle might contain a dead body Phillip summoned the police. A hook and rope were used to bring the bundle ashore and in it the police found three United States registered mail sacks containing torn envelopes, wrappers and broken boxes bearing jeweler's labels.

In one sack was a stone weighing about 100 pounds. In another was a thick envelope, which had escaped the thieves, and which contained a large sapphire and an amethyst, both unset. On the envelope was written a note to a New York jeweler explaining that the stones were to be exchanged for others. There were also several checks for large amounts. The mail bore postmarks from Western and Southern cities and some bore the New York Post Office receiving stamp.

City and Railway Mail officials at the Grand Central Terminal said last night that they had no record of any recent thefts of mail pouches containing registered mail. Superintendent Long of the City Division at the Grand Central said that the last theft of a mail sack of which he had a record was on Feb. 22 last, when two pouches were stolen. The clerk in the railway mail division said that one sack of registered mail is missing, but that it probably went to Portland, N. Y. through mistake. It was consigned to Worcester, Mass.

LABOR PARTY GOING AFTER IRISH VOTE

Parley P. Christensen, Nominee for President, Accuses Big Parties of Hypocrisy.

CRITICISES SUFFRAGE STAND

Accuses Republicans and Democrats of "Wall Street Conspiracy"—Says League Is Dead.

Both the Republican and Democratic Parties are so lost to the idea of freedom that they failed to include in their platforms planks declaring for the recognition of the Irish Republic, Parley P. Christensen of Salt Lake City, nominee of the Farmer-Labor Party, declared yesterday after his arrival here to take part in a conference to determine a plan of campaign. Mr. Christensen said the campaign would be opened in New York City at a date to be determined later. The leaders of the Farmer-Labor Party were said to intend to make a strong play for the Irish vote during the campaign, the nomination of Dudley Field Malone for Governor of this State having that in view.

Mr. Christensen charged the leaders of the two major parties with hypocrisy on woman suffrage and remarked that if Senator Harding and Governor Cox really wanted the women to be enfranchised before November, they would go to Tennessee and see that ratification in the thirty-sixth state was put through. He asserted that the attempt to make the League of Nations an issue was a "conspiracy of camouflage." He said the League was dead and was nothing more than an attempt to establish an "international bankers' soviet."

"Take the question of freedom for Ireland," said Mr. Christensen. "The Republicans are so out to the idea of freedom that they contemptuously omit any reference, even a hypocritical one, to the struggle for independence of a people who have probably contributed more to our own freedom and prosperity than any other single race. The Democrats sold out the Irish question for the liquor question, and a more contemptible job I never heard of, for even some of the men whose blood should keep them loyal to their brethren in Ireland engaged in it. The Farmer-Labor Party alone is sufficiently in love with the principles of human freedom to come out squarely for the recognition of the Irish Republic."

Mr. Christensen charged both old parties with being engaged in a conspiracy with Wall Street. He predicted victory for the new party in the West and in the industrial centres of the East.

Candidates for Judges of the Court of Appeals, selection of whom was intrusted to the executive committee by the State Convention on Thursday, were not named yesterday. Mr. Malone said an agreement on them would probably be reached within a few days.

PICK LEWIS FOR GOVERNOR.

Illinois Democrats Agree on Ex-Senator as Candidate at Primary.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 30.—James Hamilton Lewis, former United States Senator, was drafted as the party's candidate for Governor of Illinois at a meeting of Democratic slate makers in Springfield. The complete ticket agreed upon by the State Committee to be presented to the voters at the primary is as follows:

For United States Senator—PETER A. WALLER, Kewanee.

Governor—JAMES HAMILTON LEWIS, Chicago.

Lieutenant Governor—WALTER WILLIAMS, Benton.

Secretary of State—DANIEL VOORHEES, Sr., Peoria.

Treasurer—WILLIAM RYAN, Jr., Danville.

Auditor—JAMES A. BRADY, Oak Park.

Attorney General—JAMES T. BURNS, Kankakee.

Supreme Court Clerk—W. E. JOHNSON, East Moline.

Representatives - at - Large—S. C. Schneider, Paxton; W. M. Stein, Millstadt.

George Brennan, new leader of the State organization, said that enough active Democrats were represented in the conference to insure the success of the ticket in the primaries.

DENIES 'CLIQUE' NAMED HARDING

Senator Frelinghuysen Says Mr. Morgenthau's Charge Is Untrue.

UPHOLDS TREATY ACTION

Says Cox Favors "Hereditary Policy" or Else Is in Alleged Senate "Clique."

Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey denied yesterday that "a small group of Senators" dictated Senator Harding's nomination at Chicago, as charged by Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey, in a recent statement:

"As a delegate to the convention, supporting General Wood," said Senator Frelinghuysen, "I affirm that the statement is untrue. Senator Harding's nomination was the untrammeled action of the majority of the delegates to the convention. I should like to know upon what authority Mr. Morgenthau bases such an assertion. Mr. Morgenthau states that by Senator Harding's frank admission a small group of Senators, by whom he will be advised, constitutes a clique which 'plans to control the Government of the United States.' A reading of what Senator Harding has publicly said shows how utterly false is this assertion."

The New Jersey Senator said that Mr. Morgenthau arraigned the Senate for its refusal to accept the plan of the League of Nations proposed by President Wilson, and added:

"In refusing to consent to the treaty and proposed plan of the League of Nations the Senators of the United States were acting within their constitutional powers and duties. After calm and deliberate consideration in open session, in which no detail was held from the American people, they gave their decision. It was the hard-panned judgment of the Senate that the only safe plan for America to pursue was to ratify the treaty with the Lodge reservations protecting every American right.

"In this sensible and sane form the Senate amended the League of Nations' covenant and voted, by a majority, for ratification. Fully half of the Democrats of the Senate voted with the Republican Senators for ratification in the Americanized form. Does Mr. Morgenthau include the Democrats who voted for the treaty with these reservations in a 'Senate clique'? Does he characterize this as 'invisible government' or 'cloak room rule'?

"The preposterous program of a League of Nations as negotiated by the President in secret after proclaiming a policy of 'open covenants openly arrived at' was invisible government, in my opinion, of the most pronounced sort. It was a secret covenant negotiated by him with a little group of Ministers. The records of their conference were concealed and withheld from the Senate and the people of the United States. It was this secret covenant which was obnoxious to the Senate, who refused to ratify it in the form in which it was presented.

"President Wilson believes the treaty should be ratified without any reservations. If Mr. Cox believes Mr. Wilson's theories, he favors perpetuating hereditary power. If he believes that the covenant of the League of Nations should be ratified with reservations, he is indorsing the plan of that 'small group of Senators' whom Mr. Morgenthau refers to as the Senate clique for cloak room control."

Democrats Choose Sague to Preside.

ALBANY, July 30.—John K. Sague, former Mayor of Poughkeepsie, was selected today by officials of the Democratic State Committee for the post of permanent Chairman of the unofficial Democratic convention, which will be held at Saratoga Springs next week.

Bailey Sues Forth Worth Newspaper

GAINESVILLE, Texas, July 30.—Suit was entered today by Joseph W. Bailey, former Senator, and now a candidate for the Democratic Gubernatorial nomination, against The Record Company of Fort Worth for $100,000, alleging that the false, slanderous and malicious publication of matter in regard to Mr. Bailey's alleged connection with the element opposed to prohibition had been made in The Fort Worth Record in April.

French Mission Attends Luncheon.

Members of the French Mission, including Consul General Gaston Liebert and Maurice Casenave, High Commissioner, were guests at a luncheon in the Brevoort yesterday given by Edouard Soufflet, a member of the French Chamber of Deputies, who is lecturing at Columbia this Summer on the politics of his country. Others present were M. Colin-Delavaud of the Havas News Agency, M. Piottier of the Gazette FrancoAmericaine, L. Guegard of the Courrier des Etats Unis, and Dr. John J. Coss, Director of the Summer School at Columbia University.

TRIED TO SHIELD WIFE.

Mrs. John Ebner, However, Admits Stabbing Her Husband.

John Ebner, 25 years old, of 55 West Sixty-eighth Street, who described himself as a short story writer and representative of a news agency, telephoned from his home to Flower Hospital for an ambulance at noon yesterday.

Ambulance Surgeon Hamilton found that he had a dangerous knife wound over the heart. Ebner said that he lost his balance on a ladder while placing a picture on the wall and fell on the blade of a knife. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

"I never heard of a man diving on a knife before," the desk Lieutenant at the West Forty-seventh Street station said, after he had received the report, and he sent Detective Sergeants Bernard Devaney and Joseph Maloney to investigate. At the apartment, they found Ebner's wife, a pale, excited young woman, who said:

"Yes, he fell and cut himself."

The detectives looked around and saw that there were no pictures on the wall and no ladder in the room. After one or two questions, Mrs. Ebner became hysterical and exclaimed:

"Yes, I stabbed him. I stabbed him. I love him and was jealous of him. Please tell me how he is."

She was arrested on a charge of felonious assault. She was so vague in her explanations that the detectives began to search the apartment. In an adjoining room they found .45 and .32 calibre automatics fully loaded, seventy-five keys from hotels in different parts of the country, several masks, some valuable rings, brooches and medals, a gold bracelet that weighed about four ounces and some pocketbooks.

The detectives jumped to the conclusion that the owner of the collection of keys was a hotel thief who made a practice of taking hotel rooms, carrying the keys away with him and using them later to re-enter the rooms when other guests were occupying them.

This discovery drew from Mrs. Ebner the statement that she had returned yesterday from a two weeks' visit to relatives in Buffalo; that on her return she had learned that a man named Joseph Merino had occupied the room in which the keys and jewelry were found; that she had quarreled with her husband on this account and stabbed him in the quarrel.

"Please don't blame my husband for those things," she said. "I don't think he knows anything about them. I know I don't."

When she was asked what had become of Merino, Mrs. Ebner said she understood that he had been sent to the penitentiary a few days ago.

She said that Ebner was in the American Army during the war, that he fought at Chateau-Thierry, was cited for bravery and served later as a Sergeant Major in the Army of Occupation.

The detectives noted that the forty-five automatic was one of the type with which Joseph Bowne Elwell was murdered, but said there were too many such weapons for them to get excited over this discovery.

COAL SHORTAGE HITS LINERS

Steamship Companies Paying Equivalent of $62 a Ton for Oil Fuel.

F. A. S. Franklin, President of the International Mercantile Marine Company, said yesterday that the greatest problem the shipping companies had to face today was coal. "It is not a question of price," he continued. "We cannot get it. The whole method of handling coal has been changed throughout the world."

"Do you think the shortage in the coal supply will mean that the big ocean steamships will have to be tied up?"

"No, I do not believe so, but the operating of merchant steamships will have to be handled carefully and economically for some period until the ocean transportation system has been adjusted to the new conditions."

The steamship companies are paying the equivalent of $62 a ton for oil fuel at Southampton and other British ports, and it is still dearer at the Continental ports.

HOWAT DEFIES LEWIS.

Kansas Chief Says Miners Will Use All Their Power to Get Back Fines.

PITTSBURG, Kan., July 30.—Alexander Howat, District President of the United Mine Workers, today informed John L. Lewis, International President at Indianapolis, that Kansas miners would "use all the power in their command to compel the operators to return every dollar that was stolen from their wages." Several thousand Kansas miners are idle in protest against fines imposed by operators because the miners refused to work Saturdays.

Howat's declaration is regarded as tantamount to defiance of the International President, as Lewis in a recent telegram to Howat took the stand that the five-day week instituted by the miners, and which resulted in the assessments levied by the operators, was a violation of the union contract.

FEDERAL OFFICIALS BEGIN PONZI INQUIRY

They Start Auditing Books of Boston International Exchange Speculator.

STATE ALSO TAKES ACTION

Line Before Cashier's Window of Financier Shortens as All Demands Are Met.

BOSTON, July 30.—Investigation by the Federal Government into the financial methods of Charles Ponzi, who claims to have made millions by dealings in international exchange, was officially started today. A firm of auditors, working under the direction of United States Attorney Allagher, began an examination of Ponzi's books and records in an effort to determine whether he is solvent.

State Attorney General Allen also will have an audit of Ponzi's books made at the request of Governor Coolidge. It is expected that the audits will be completed within three or four days, after which, according to Ponzi, he will reopen his offices to accept deposits.

Ponzi declared tonight that the investigators would find that his assets were far in excess of his liabilities. He said also that he would hold another conference tomorrow with the group of New York bankers who are alleged to have offered him $10,000,000 for his business. He added that he thought he would decline the offer.

Ponzi, referring to the confidence which he asserted the majority of the depositors had shown in him, said that he would be a citizen before the State and city elections took place, and at that time he might enter politics. He declined to say what office he would seek, but added that should he not enter politics himself, he would pick a "wet" candidate for some State office and back him to the limit.

Ponzi appeared today almost to have satisfied his investors as to his solvency. Only a short line formed before the payment window of his office this morning, and when disbursement was resumed clerks said they were paying off almost as much on notes matured for the 50 per cent. profit in forty-five days as they were returning to frightened investors in principal without interest on notes surrendered short of maturity. The virtual end of the five-day run was in sight, with few additions to the disappearing list, they said.

The amount paid out by Ponzi since the run began on Monday was estimated by his manager, Miss Lucy Meli, at $1,500,000. "And we have twice as much money right here in Boston as Mr. Ponzi owes, so there is no need of anyone being nervous," she added. Ponzi a few days ago announced that his liabilities were about $3,000,000, indicating that public participation in his scheme already has been reduced by one-half, with further receipts stopped by his agreement with the authorities to accept no more funds until investigation of his accounts was completed.

Examination of the books, according to Miss Meli, will not solve the mystery of how Ponzi has made his money. She declared that his method of "cashing in" on his operations was a business secret, which he intended keeping and which examination of his books would not show.

Attorney General Allen's inquiry will include an audit of the accounts of Ponzi's offices here and in Brockton, Lawrence, Plymouth, Framingham, Milford, New Bedford, Fall River, Lowell, Fitchburg and Quincy.

Service of a writ calling for the attachment of $5,000,000 worth of real estate belonging to Clarence W. Barron, publisher of the Boston News Bureau, will be made tomorrow morning by Deputy Sheriff Fennessey on behalf of Charles Ponzi, preliminary to the filing of a declaration setting up alleged libel. Ponzi maintains that an article which appeared in the Boston News Bureau this morning, relating to his methods of doing business, is a libel against him, and he therefore calls upon Mr. Barron to make reparation in money damages.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Officials at the Treasury Department said today that it would be impossible for them to estimate the amount of income tax which Charles Ponzi would have to pay to the Government. Ponzi has claimed that he has made $3,500,000 through his operations. Officials of the Bureau of Internal Revenue said that Ponzi's income tax would depend upon whether he was incorporated or acted as an individual, what his business expenses were and other questions.

DOOMED MAN WARNS OTHERS

Alabama Negro Makes 20-Minute Speech Before Going to Gallows.

ANNISTON, Ala., July 30.—Before going to his death on the gallows here today for the murder of a street car conductor two years ago, Edgar C. Caldwell, a negro and former army Sergeant, gave a twenty-minute talk to a crowd of 2,500 persons. He warned against the effects of whisky, cigarettes and carrying firearms.

Caldwell shot the conductor after an altercation over car fare. A long legal battle marked his efforts to escape the gallows. President Wilson once intervened and asked that the execution be stayed pending an investigation by the Attorney General of the United States.

The State Supreme Court affirmed the death verdict and the case was then taken to the Federal District Court, which ruled that it was without jurisdiction. The United States Supreme Court affirmed this decision. The President's request was never acted upon.

HARDING CHARGES COX 'SOFT PEDALS'

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

any authorized spokesman for him. But there is accumulating evidence as to the Democratic attitude. Senator Walsh of Massachusetts, a Democrat, was in Dayton yesterday and after a long talk with Governor Cox declared that he was going to support the Governor. According to the newspaper reports, the Senator was asked about Governor Cox's declaration regarding Article X., and Senator Walsh said that it was possible for him to agree with a candidate on nine out of ten issues and still support that candidate, even if they differed on the tenth proposition.

"Thus it becomes apparent that Senator Walsh was not able to agree with Governor Cox's view on Article X. The only possible inference is that Governor Cox is maintaining the same attitude toward Article X. that President Wilson has long maintained. Apparently Governor has given assurance to the President that, if elected, he will stand by the President's program. Otherwise the Governor would have been able to give Senator Walsh assurances that would have saved the latter from the uncomfortable necessity of admitting that they did not agree about Article X.

Committed to Wilson's Policy.

"There is further evidence that the Democratic nominee is obligated to stand by the foreign policy of the present Administration. Mr. White, the new Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, was interviewed in Washington yesterday and said, 'Progressivism is to be the paramount issue of the campaign'; and later he added, 'Progressivism necessarily carries with it the League of Nations,' and indicated very plainly that the Democrats intend to attempt forcing other issues to the front to keep the public mind away from the fact that their candidate has given his pledge to support the Wilson policy toward the treaty and the League.

"It is perfectly understandable that the Democratic Manager should desire to have the whole sorry business of Democratic foreign policies forgotten. But the country will not forget. The more the Democrats attempt to get away from this question, the more insistent the country will be to know what they intend to do if they are intrusted with the Administration. It is as plain as daylight that 'accord' could not have been established by the President and the Democratic nominee except on condition that the latter assume all the liabilities of the President's program.

"No matter how it may be camouflaged or glossed over, it is more obvious every day that if the Democrats should win their effort would be to compel ratification of the League covenant without essential modifications. Senator Walsh's statement makes this perfectly plain. He admitted himself in disagreement with Governor Cox immediately after a long talk with the Governor. Senator Walsh has heretofore been just as ardently opposed to Article X. as any of us. But for the sake of Democratic harmony he is now apparently willing to forget about it, and to try to induce the country to forget about it, by pushing other issues to the front.

"In connection with Chairman White's statement that 'progressivism is to be the paramount issue of the campaign,' I note that Mr. White announced that the Democratic committee will not restrict itself to $1,000 contributions as announced by the Republicans, and that he said that any such restriction was buncombe.

"Queer Progressivism."

"I have misgivings as to whether our country will agree with Mr. White. At any rate, it will be regarded as a queer sort of progressivism. This is poking fun at an effort to limit the amount of campaign contributions.

"The Republican management has undertaken in all good faith to raise a truly popular campaign fund. It is believed this will be accomplished, and if so it will be the most notable advance in political management. It is true that with the number of voters substantially increased by reason of woman suffrage and with the great increase in expense of campaigning, a good deal of money will be required to carry an effective appeal to the people. Nevertheless, the Republicans have undertaken to raise the money in small amounts by popular subscription. They hope to succeed.

"The Democrats flout any such suggestion and at the very outset of the campaign proclaim that they have no intention of attempting such a reform. They will discover before Election Day that the country is not prepared to approve their program of unlimited campaign funds.

"Undoubtedly it is quite true that certain powerful international interests which are deeply concerned in carrying out the present Administration's foreign policy are prepared to contribute most liberally to the Democratic funds. Undoubtedly it is true, too, that without such contributions the Democrats would find it very difficult to raise the funds they need. Popular campaign funds are not early raised for unpopular causes, and the effort to hitch America to the present Administration's program constitutes anything but a popular cause."

Declares Michigan for Harding.

Colonel Charles B. Warren, long the Michigan member of the National Committee, who retired at the recent convention, called on Senator Harding today and afterward discussed political conditions with newspaper correspondents.

"Michigan will cast its electoral vote for Harding," Colonel Warren said. "This is to be expected, because Michigan was one of the two States in which Taft and Roosevelt both polled more votes in 1912 than Wilson. Not only is the State firmly Republican but Senator Harding is fully satisfactory to all elements of the party in the State. There is no remnant of the Progressive movement in Michigan that now stands opposed to the election of Senator Harding."

Herbert Myrick of Springfield, Mass., editor of The Orange Judd Farmer, called on Senator Harding and spent some time in discussion of agricultural and industrial problems. He said afterward:

"I was particularly pleased with Senator Harding because, having recently voted for the daylight saving legislation, he was among those who afterward voted to repeal it when it was shown how greatly it interfered with the industrial operations of the farm. I think that is real statesmanship, and the farmers are going to think so, too."

HAIL COX IN PARADE OF 10,000 IN DAYTON

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

of the Cox delegation at San Francisco, assisted by the Elks, several of whose members were in the delegation, passed the reviewing stand and chanted the San Francisco Convention song:

"Ohio, Ohio, we're here to do or die,
The hills give back the reply,
Ohio, Ohio.
We will nominate or know the reason why."

As the paraders swept past shouting this battle cry, Governor Cox rose to his feet and saluted them. He recognized a score of the forty-eight Ohio delegates who had stood by him to the last ditch at San Francisco.

Feels He Will Live in White House.

The people here have known Governor Cox as a newsboy and as a young man struggling after success. They have seen his elected Governor and have watched his record. They like to call him "Jimmie" when a home celebration is on, because they know him. It was just this spirit which Governor Cox took in as he reviewed the parade for two hours, and watched, with emotion, the open-hearted demonstration which was accorded him.

"Nothing would have induced me," he said in acknowledging the testimonial, "not to say a few words to you because my heart is so full of the emotion of gratitude. I would feel ungracious not to say something in appreciation of this testimonial from the men and women with whom I have lived for twenty years. I just said to a gentleman who lives in Washington that it seemed to me a reflection on the intelligence and good judgment of any man who gave any indication of a desire to leave Dayton.

"Yet, somehow, I have a feeling that I am going to reside in Washington in a house that you yourselves own and as a public tenant of your property. I promise to take good care of it. I recognize the friendly spirit of the old friends and neighbors who greet me here, and yet I sense something stirring within you that speaks the devotion of the great mass to our institutions of Government.

"You are interested in the distinction that has fallen to a fellow-townsman, but you have a greater interest in the possession of a Government which has every four years a Presidential campaign. I see men here who have followed my standard for ten years. I thank you for this magnificent expression of your good will. I shall cherish it as long as I live, and it will be my aim at all times to justify the confidence you have evidenced. God bless you every one, and good afternoon."

Newsboys Cheer for "Jimmie."

In the course of the parade about 500 boys who deliver the newspapers from the two plants owned by Governor Cox, The Dayton News and The Springfield News, passed the reviewing stand.

"Hurrah for the boss!" the boys cried. Governor Cox waved at them and smiled.

The newsboys carried a banner depicting Cox as one of their number, as he was some years ago. One of the banners read:

"We deliver the goods. So does Cox."

Another banner carried by the "newsies" bore this message:

"Easy sledding in November. We're for 'Fighting Jimmie.'"

"Be Cox sure," read another banner carried by the boys. "No kicks on Jimmie's route," was still another.

An important section of the parade consisted of floats representing the Governor's rise to fame. The first showed his birthplace in a humble home, a farmhouse. Another represented him toiling as a reporter and an editor on a small country newspaper. The last showed his rise as a statesman.

The streets were thronged. The crowds along the line of march blocked traffic and stayed until the big show was over.

When Governor Cox finally escaped the crowd with Mrs. Cox to go to his home at Trail's End he said:

"This has been one of the finest moments in my life. I shall attempt to redeem every promise of honest, efficient, progressive government which the people of my home county have imposed on me."

SAILING OF MANNIX CAUSES ROW ON SHIP

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

fing to get the men together before the ship sails."

Firemen Silent on Dispute.

Several firemen were interviewed but would not discuss the trouble. One said he had heard of no trouble. Another denied that a strike was contemplated. A third said he was certain that if the firemen agreed to walk out they would effectively tie up the vessel. Cooks and stewards, on the other hand, he said, were not in a position to make their action so effective.

The officers know trouble is brewing. The men no longer care whether their talk reaches the bridge. They are too well organized. The unions meet at sea or on shore, and they discuss their affairs openly. As an example, the men did not like their accommodations on the Baltic. They notified the officers they would not sail unless conditions were bettered. This held the liner up at Liverpool for a time, they said.

"We do not anticipate any trouble tomorrow," said Purser Palmer. "We do not believe the men will take any action regarding the sailing of any passenger, for, after all, that is a matter that concerns the Government, and the men feel that way about it."

The only evidence of anything unusual last night was the gathering of groups on the aft deck. Otherwise everything was quiet, and forward a number of firemen were sleeping on deck.

A cook tiptoed along. "Really," he said, "I would not wake a sleeping fireman to ask him whether he is going to strike." The advice was considered sound.

Prepare for Demonstration.

Ignorant of the furore among the sailors on the Baltic, Irish sympathizers with Archbishop Mannix made plans for a demonstration at the pier at 1 o'clock today. A reception was held for him last evening at the home of Archbishop Hayes, which was attended by many prominent members of the Catholic clergy and laity. The Archiepiscopal residence it was said that Archbishop Mannix had nothing to add to his denunciation of Premier Lloyd George and Premier Hughes of Australia of the preceding day, but that he would make a statement at the pier today.

The Rev. John A. Sheppard, Vicar General of the Diocese of Newark, N. J., issued a statement declaring it would be just as logical for the British Government to prevent the landing

LEAGUE COUNCIL OPENS SESSIONS

Balfour Regards Economic Blockade as One of the Most Important Topics.

THINKS IT A MIGHTY WEAPON

"No Nation," He Says, "Would Destroy itself by Inviting Such a Penalty."

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, July 30 (Associated Press).—The opening session of the Council of the League of Nations began at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The conferees will take up minor but practical questions, such as making traveling easier in Europe.

The council probably will empower the International Transit Commission in Paris to settle directly and promptly the difficulties arising from new passport and custom regulations, which now delay international trains at all frontiers, causing annoyance to the passengers.

The council also will consider whether, in view of the heavy expense and slow work of the Sarre Commission, the total cost should be borne by the Sarre populations, as heretofore. The feeling has been evidenced that France and Germany are most directly interested in this work and should share the expense between them. The remainder of the session, which will be private, probably will be devoted to questions referred to the League by the Red Cross.

The first public session of the council will be held Tuesday. It is expected that the meetings will continue about a week.

On Tuesday the Disarmament Commission appointed at the Council's meeting in Rome last May will convene to prepare its report. This will be presented to the Council before it adjourns.

"We must have an economic blockade," said Arthur J. Balfour, in a talk with newspaper correspondents on the program of the Council. If an economic blockade was applied to a nation which defied the League, Mr. Balfour said he could not believe that nation would be able to resist long.

"No nation would destroy itself in these civilized times by inviting such a penalty," he added. "It is not likely it will often be used, since it is not probable the League will often be defied."

Mr. Balfour gave it as his opinion that the League was suffering from two dangers; on the one hand, from those people who said it was a useless creation, and, on the other hand, from those who believed that in the League had been found a remedy for all international difficulties. "If all the nations threw all their energies into it these early days, before its objects had been ingrained in the people's minds, he asserted, the League could not function properly; it must have time to develop.

Addressing the Spanish press representatives especially, Mr. Balfour said he was glad the meeting was being held in Spain, since it emphasized the universal character of the League.

"It would have been a fatal mistake had the Allies forgotten the universal character of the League," he continued. "It is equally important that not only neutrals, but enemy States, belong to it as well as the Allies. Those who fail to realize this fact miss the importance of the whole movement. If the hopes of the world are to be realized the whole world must co-operate."

The League could not expect to work with rapidity, he declared, because its main weapon must be public opinion. What had already been gained, Mr. Balfour added, was that the powers had been brought to lay their cases before the Council, which would discuss them as an impartial tribunal. Mr. Balfour pointed out that this made for delay, rendering war less possible.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—A review of the Aland Islands dispute between Sweden and Finland, now before the council of the League of Nations, in session at San Sebastian, Spain, reached Washington today from London, and shows that the full machinery of the League to deal with questions arising outside the League membership has been called into action in this case. Action by the League Council in making an advisory award, however, awaits an opinion from a special commission of three jurists, to whom, since the permanent court of international justice is still in process of formation, was referred Finland's claim that the dispute was purely a domestic matter, and outside the jurisdiction of the League under Article XV. of the League covenant.

DAVIS COMING TO TELL TASK OF WINNING PEACE

Ambassador, Honored on Leaving London, Hears Praise of This Country's "Massive" Aid.

LONDON, July 30.—On the eve of his departure for America on vacation, Ambassador John W. Davis was honored at a farewell luncheon today by the American Luncheon Club, 200 persons attending. The Lord Chancellor, in proposing the health of Ambassador Davis, paid him a high tribute, and Mr. Davis responded in an eloquent speech.

In the course of his address the Lord Chancellor declared that, but for the massive resources and energy which America brought into the war, the Allies could not have been victorious. He said he had no doubt that the Americans would soon bring the same resources and energy to help in reconstruction of the world.

Ambassador Davis, in replying, said the double purpose of his visit to America was to receive information as to what had occurred there during his absence and to carry back information regarding conditions this side of the water.

He said that he would tell the American people that "the same voice which rang out during the war in such clear, stirring tones, bringing to them the story of Britain's achievements, was now calling for equal exertions in the great task of reconstruction, which meant the winning of peace."

The American Ambassador received as a parting gift three costly old volumes of English classics, John MacAfee making the presentation on behalf of the club.

Among those present at the luncheon were the Chilian, Brazilian and Belgian Ministers, Lords Desborough and Riddell, the Lord Mayor, Justice Louis D. Brandeis of the United States Supreme Court, Martin Vogel, Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York; the British Minister of Education, H. A. L. Fisher and the Minister of Food, Charles A. Mocurdy, and Consul General Robert T. Skinner.

AMERICAN SCOUTS WIN.

Beat Belgian Boys in Tug-of-War at London Olympia "Jamboree."

LONDON, July 30.—Thousands of Boy Scouts from all parts of the world attending the international conference of Boy Scouts took part today in a "jamboree" opened at Olympia by the Duke of Connaught. The "jamboree," which will continue for a week, consists of scouts' displays illustrating various forms of scout work as pastimes and athletic competition.

The American boys today won from the Belgian team in a tug-of-war contest, the only event in which they took part.

The principal feature today was a pageant entitled "The Genesis of Scouting," dealing with the landing of Captain John Smith and the colonizing of Virginia.

CANTU RECRUITING ARMY OF INDIANS

Mexico City 'Does Not Want What Happened to Texas to Happen to Lower California.'

AGUA PRIETA, Sonora, July 30.—According to information made public here today, scouts for Governor Cantu of Lower California are in Sonora, attempting to recruit Mayo and Yaqui Indians for service against the Central Government. It is proposed, it is said, to let recruits make their way individually to Lower California, where they will be mobilized.

A report originating in Nogales, Sonora, that Indians are being mobilized by the hundreds is discredited.

MEXICO CITY, July 30.—A commission of Lower Californians arrived today to ask Provisional President De la Huerta to name a successor to Governor Esteban Cantu. The members of the commission insist that the State Executive should be a native of Lower California and claim that Governor Cantu is not.

Miguel Allesio Robles, secretary to President De la Huerta, said in an interview that the Government was ready to act energetically if Governor Cantu rebels, "because it does not want what happened to Texas to happen to Lower California."

MEXICALL, Lower Cal., July 30 (Associated Press).—Orders stopping all official communication between the Mexican Federal Government and the Territorial Government of the Northern District of Lower California have been issued by Esteban Cantu, Governor of the district, it was announced here today.

EL PASO, Texas, July 30.—Mexican Federal forces numbering several thousand men are being mobilized and moved against Lower California to put down the rebellion against Federal authority of Governor Esteban Cantu, it was announced today by General P. Elias Calles, Mexican Minister of War and Marine, who is here en route to Torreon, Durango, to confer with Francisco Villa, the bandit, concerning the latter's surrender.

TAX ON OIL IS LOWERED.

De la Huerta Finds Carranza's Valuation Too High.

MEXICO CITY, July 29.—Petroleum companies paid into the Treasury 3,000,000 pesos as export taxes for May and June, says Excelsior. This payment was delayed because the Carranza administration had placed too high a valuation on the oil upon which the tax percentage was calculated. Provisional President de la Huerta agreed to accept a price basis fixed by New York quotations.

Mexico's petroleum industry, according to official estimates quoted by El Universal, is valued at 600,000,000 pesos. The value of her mining industry is placed at 400,000,000 pesos, while 170,000,000 pesos is the valuation placed on the Mexican textile industry.

CARRANZA CASE TO STATE.

Attorney General Holds He Was a Private Citizen When Killed.

MEXICO CITY, July 29.—Carranza was a private citizen when killed, because the Agua Prieta Plan had deposed him, and, as the plan was ratified by Congress, it was law, said Eduardo Neri, the Attorney General, in the course of an interview today. Therefore, he contended, the courts of Puebla State and not the Federal or military tribunals had jurisdiction over the investigation into the death of the late President.

Official opinion here, however, is divided as to whether Generals Murguia, Mariel and Izquierdo and other prisoners held in connection with Carranza's death, can be removed from Mexico City to Puebla.

Saves Bulgar Ex-King £400,000.

LONDON, July 30.—The Court of Appeals has decided that £400,000 worth of securities held in England by King Ferdinand of Bulgaria when the World War began should be returned to him. The decision was based principally on the ground that the securities were private property and in no way affected the revenues of Bulgaria.

FIND BONES OF THREE BLUEBEARD VICTIMS

Landru, Held for Murder of Ten Frenchwomen, Faces Last Link in Evidence.

SKELETONS IN VILLA ASHES

256 Bone Fragments, 47 Teeth, Sifted—He Traveled "Return," Fiancees on "Single Trip."

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 30.—Three of "Bluebeard" Landru's ten missing fiancées have been found. After sifting all of the cinders and the rubbish at his villas at Gambais and Vernouillet and examining the bones these contained, doctors have been able to piece together fragments and teeth which show that at least three human bodies were burned and that these were women.

In this way the one missing link in the chain of evidence against this most extraordinary of murderers seems complete. The rest of his trial is likely to be a quick affair.

It is fifteen months since Landru was arrested on suspicion of having done away with ten women to whom he had been engaged and whose furniture and effects after their disappearance he removed and sold to his profit. Circumstantial evidence was heavy against him.

He had kept a diary, and accounts of all his affairs, which showed that he had known these women. Villagers at two places where he had houses testified to having seen several women arrive with him, and none, they said, ever left. Also they declared that there were sometimes seen great clouds of smoke pouring from the chimneys of his cottages at night and a terrible odor of burnt flesh.

Sinister facts in evidence showed the remarkable character of Landru, who from being a churchgoing man and model husband and father had become a human vampire. There were strange contradictions in all that he did. He always gave his children good advice, though he left his wife in order to live with another woman. To this other woman he always was kind, though she knew nothing of his mysterious comings and goings.

His relationship with his victims was usually established through advertisements, and it was one of the more sinister of all the items of evidence deduced from his diary of expenses that, when he took them to his country houses, he bought a roundtrip ticket for himself and only single tickets for them.

The task of examining ashes and cinders at the two villas was confined to a large number of experts. There were in all about 200 pounds weight of bones found in the two gardens, and it was necessary, first, to prove that any of them were human. Bones of moles, birds, sheep, cattle and chickens were separated out. There remained about ten pounds weight of charred fragments.

Patiently the anthropologists set to work. Among the fragments they identified 256 as being parts of human bodies, and they found as well forty-seven human teeth. The next task was to discover, if possible, of how many human beings these fragments were remains.

After ten months' research, the doctors declare they have found three parietal, three occipital and six temporal bones belonging to three different periods, as well as forty-eight little bones from hands and more from human feet.

From the ossified nature of the structures between the cranial bones and from the teeth, the doctors declare they have proved that the bones were those of adult women, and from traces of breakage they are convinced that the bodies were hacked to pieces with a hatchet before being burned.

One more proof has been established by chemical examination of the 200 pounds of cinders discovered. The percentage of phosphates, the chemists declare, shows that at least twenty pounds weight of bones were destroyed.

To all the examining Magistrate's questions as to what had become of his ten fiancées, Landru has formerly answered, "I don't know, and if you can't find them, how do you expect me to do it?" Now the Magistrate seems provided with the answer.

NOTE ON SAGHALIN TO BE FOLLOWED UP

Washington Seeks a Settlement of Questions Growing Out of Japanese Expansion.

VIEWS ON RUSSIA STATED

This Government Holds That Former Allies Must Respect Russian Territory Everywhere.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The action of Japan in seizing the northern, or Russian, portion of the Island of Saghalin has brought from the State Department a reaffirmation of American policy toward Russia, and questions affecting the Far East. While the department has neither admitted nor denied that it has sent a note to Japan concerning the Saghalin incident, there is every reason to believe that it has pointed out to Japan that this Government believed that none of Russia's former allies would take advantage of the present plight of Russia by occupying Russian territory, to be held for satisfaction of claims.

This is the position which the United States Government has maintained consistently, and the whole attitude of officials, despite their reticence, shows that it has again been set forth with especial reference to the occupation of the Russian portion of Saghalin and the continued occupation of Vladivostok and other Siberian territory by Japanese troops.

It is the generally accepted view in informed circles in Washington that the United States, Japan and all the nations that were allied in war against the Central Powers are acting as Trustees for the maintenance of the status quo in Russia until a majority of the Russian people can set up a regularly constituted Government. This Government is also known to hold to the position that anything that tends to close up Russian territory, including Siberia, is a direct violation of the open door policy in the Far East.

Strong Policy in View.

Everything considered, there is no escaping the conclusion that the Government of the United States is seriously concerned over the Saghalin seizure and feels that it is necessary for it to make pointed representations to Japan. The action of United States is regarded as the beginning of the development of a strong foreign policy that will bring to a head the adjustment of questions growing out of the extension of Japanese influence in the Orient, including Siberia.

Evidence continues to accmulate that the British Government is as deeply concerned over the extension of Japanese authority as is the Government of the United States. Sir Auckland Geddes, the British Ambassador, was again at the State Department today. The Japanese Ambassador was in conference with Roland Morris, the American Ambassador to Japan, who has spread his departure for Tokio and has been assigned quarters in the State Department with a view to acting as adviser to the Secretary of State on the situation that affects the relations of Japan and the United States.

The effort of this Government now appears to be directed to inducing Japan to subscribe to the principle that Russian and former enemy territory must be disposed of only with the mutual consent of all the nations that were allies against the Central Powers in the World War. The main object of the United States in this connection is the salvation of Russia for the benefit of the Russian people, and it is now more than ever apparent that President Wilson has determined that he will not be a party to any arrangement that contemplates the recognition of the Soviet Government at Moscow as the central authority of all Russia.

Firm Against Soviet Recognition.

The attitude of the Government has a direct and intimate application to the desire of the British Government to enter into negotiations with Russia's Soviet authority for a general conference that will include a discussion of the Polish question and the disposition of matters affecting settlements growing out of the World War. The inference from what is known of the Government's attitude is that it does not look with favor upon any conference that will recognise that the Bolsheviat Government at Moscow has any authority to speak for the whole of Russia. The restoration of a Government in Russia that will be the Government of the whole people—the people inhabiting all of what was once the Czar's domain—is the desire of the United States. Until that has been brought about, the United States, it is understood, will look with concern upon the effort of any nation to dismember Russia even to the limited extent of holding territory in satisfaction for injuries done to the subjects or citizens of that nation.

It is thus apparent that the United States adheres to the view that Japan should not take any action that would give color to a suspicion that she contemplates gaining Russian territory. This position applies to Saghalin as well as to Siberia proper, where Japanese troops have extended their occupation for a considerable distance west of Vladivostok.

It is realized here that the present Japanese Government is in a difficult position on account of the growing influence of the militaristic party which, while it does not control the Ministry, is influential enough to make the Ministry uncomfortable through jingoistic agitation. This situation of the Tokio Government is believed to be thoroughly understood by the Government of the United States and is supposed to account for the reticence of officials in Washington in connection with the Saghalin affair. Most of the information—in fact the only positive information—concerning the American representation to Japan on the subject of the Saghalin incident has come from Tokio, and the State Department declines to comment on this or in any way to express an opinion that might be regarded as formal or authoritative.

OKUMA CALLS WAR WITH US IMPOSSIBLE

But Osaka Merchants Declare That Our Shipping Bill Proclaims Economic Hostility.

TOKIO, July 30.—Marquis Okuma, former Premier, is quoted today by the Jiji Shimpo as declaring that it would be folly to dream of war between Japan and America and asserting such a thing to be practically impossible.

"Opinions more or less bold and rather hurtful to our sensitiveness may be openly ventilated in America," Marquis Okuma said, "but this is due to the great political struggle going on there."

The former Premier continued by warning the newspaper's readers that Japan should be prepared to receive more protests from America, but said he thought these protests would only be paper ones. All might rest assured, the Marquis declared, that both Japan and America would listen to the voice of reason and justice.

OSAKA, Japan, July 30 (Associated Press).—The Chamber of Commerce adopted a resolution today declaring the American shipping law to be economic imperialism, under which foreign steamers, and especially Japanese, are treated unfairly. The resolution says the law is tantamount to a proclamation of economic war on Japan.

ARREST SEVEN KOREANS.

Japanese Scent a Murder Plot as Liberalizing Decree is Issued.

SEOUL, Korea, July 30 (Associated Press).—Seven Koreans carrying bombs were arrested today charged with conspiring to assassinate officials and destroy public buildings.

Official decrees issued today create provincial, municipal and village advisory councils for Korea. This said in political circles to be a preliminary step toward self-government for the Koreans.

MAY CHANGE TREATY ON AEGEAN ISLANDS

Italian-Greek Dispute Leads to Exchange of Views Among Entente Representatives.

PARIS, July 30.—A possible alteration in the Turkish peace treaty was discussed among the allied representatives today, owing to the controversy between Italy and Greece over the Dodecanese Archipelago in the Aegean.

This dispute has reached a point where the Government of each country is refusing to sign the Turkish treaty unless the other will cede its claims to the islands. Both Premier Lloyd George and Premier Millerand are advising Italy to sign as an open convention the secret agreement reached between Italy and Greece on July 29, 1919, under which the islands, with the exception of the Island of Rhodes, would go immediately into the possession of Greece. [This arrangement originally contemplated compensation for Italy by concessions in Asia Minor. The present Italian Government, however, has objected to these concessions as not up to the original expectations of Italy, it is understood.]

Premier Giolitti and Count Sforza, the Italian Foreign Minister, have up to the present time declined to be responsible for the agreement entered into by the then Foreign Minister, Tomaso Tittoni, last year, and recognized by subsequent Cabinets.

In consequence of this situation, the allied Governments are exchanging views as to whether the article in the Turkish treaty allotting the islands to Italy shall not be rewritten so as to provide in substance that Turkey renounces her sovereignty in the islands, they to be disposed of by agreement among the powers to be reached later.

This modification, if it were agreed upon, would take four or five days for adjustment. In the meantime the Turkish peace delegates, who arrived today, are lodged in a hotel at Versailles. They are General Hadi Pasha, Riza Fewfik Bey, who is a Senator, and Rechad Hali Bey, the Turkish Minister at Athens. They have been a week on the journey from Constantinople, having had to make a detour on account of the confused situation in Thrace.

HEIR DECLINES SULTANATE.

Abdul Declares He Does Not Want a Throne Without Power.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 29 (Associated Press).—Prince Abdul Medjid Effendi, heir apparent to the Turkish throne, after conferring with many high officials has sent the Sultan a letter renouncing his right to the Sultanate and transferring the succession to Prince Selim Effendi.

Prince Abdul said that as the rights of the Caliphate had been undermined and rendered empty by the treaty, he did not want to be the heir to a throne deprived of all its power and robbed of territory rightfully belonging to it.

BERNHARDT WRITES A NOVEL

"The Little Idol," Based on French Events and Personalities.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 30.—Sarah Bernhardt has written a novel, whose publication will begin Sunday in the newspaper Excelsior.

It is entitled "The Little Idol." The story is reported to cover events and personalities of French life under so thin a disguise as to be easily recognizable.

The famous actress has already dabbled in painting and sculpture, but this is her first excursion into literature. She is said to have declared that if it is successful she will attempt a play.

MILLERAND WINS SPA INDORSEMENT

Chamber of Deputies Approves Coal Settlement Despite Finance Commission's Report.

PREMIER'S MAJORITY IS 187

He Says France Will Get 80 Per Cent. of Coal Requirements at 20 Per Cent. Less Than Now.

PARIS, July 30 (Associated Press).—Premier Millerand again won the support of the Chamber of Deputies for his Government today. His Spa coal arrangement was approved in the face of an adverse report by the Commission on Finances. He obtained a favorable vote of 356 to 169 for adoption of the recommendation of a 200,000,000 franc monthly advance to Germany.

The Commission on Finances had advised against supporting the Government's bill authorizing advances of 1,200,000,000 francs to Germany within six months, while its Foreign Affairs Commission approved the measure as the only thing to be done, although deploring the bitterness of France's fate.

"Coal is the question of the hour," said Premier Millerand. "The Spa agreement gives us 80 per cent. of our needs at a price one-fifth less than now. If there were no opposition party, this arrangement would be approved unanimously."

The Premier explained how Germany would be interested in deliveries through the five marks gold per ton payment for feeding the miners and through the advances if full deliveries were made.

"If you refuse to pass this bill," M. Millerand said, "then our obligation to make advances ceases, but at the same time there disappears the coal protocol for 2,000,000 tons monthly to the Allies, the control commission vanishes, and finally there vanishes the provision for occupation of the Ruhr if Germany does not deliver 6,000,000 tons at the date fixed. You take also from our Belgian and Italian friends the coal Germany promised to deliver."

Referring to remarks that the treaty should be executed, he reminded the Deputies that France had been getting from 500,000 to 800,000 tons monthly.

"Let me confront you with your responsibilities," the Premier added. "There will be not only responsibility for a coal shortage just before Winter, but a higher and more serious one."

M. Millerand referred to the present closeness of the Allies. It was not only necessary in facing Germany, but also, he said, in looking to the East. "There is needed the close, intimate, confident union of all the Allies and of the Allies alone," he declared.

The Premier reminded the Deputies that the Spa arrangement obliged Germany to advances through the Allies. He pointed out Germany's financial subordination and added that the Allies controlled Germany's possessions, so that she could not dispose of them to neutrals.

The Government needed the close and lasting support of Parliament, M. Millerand declared, and created a stir by adding that some day, when other great difficulties were met and solved, and with the experiences of the last few years, he and they would try to "make indispensable changes in our constitutional organism."

Frederic Francois-Marsal, the Minister of Finance, demanded an immediate discussion of the Government's bill, which the Commission of Finance had previously refused to recommend. Deputy Bokanowski, for the Commission, thereupon rose and said:

"The Chamber of Deputies and the Senate, in voting the heaviest tax burden a nation ever consented to bear, have reached the extreme limit of the French taxpayers. It is impossible for France to assume any part of the obligations devolving upon Germany through the Versailles Treaty. To go further would be to compromise France's financial situation."

M. Bokanowski read his report opposing the Government in even tones, with the Chamber maintaining an unaccustomed dead silence. He recalled the vote of confidence given M. Millerand after the Spa arrangement, but added:

"It was apparent that the Spa agreement constituted not a simple interpretation, but a real alteration of one of the most essential provisions of the Treaty. At the moment when the Allies ought to compel those responsible for the destruction of our mines to execute their engagements it is not relief that they bring to France, but an increase of her burdens. It is surprising that the first concern of the Allies should be to strengthen the activity of German industries.

"Germany alone will benefit by the International Loan contemplated at Boulogne, once again France makes herself Germany's banker."

M. Bokanowski ended by stating the Commission's decision that it could not recommend the measure.

M. Rollin, speaking for the Foreign Affairs Commission, which decided to approve the measure after the Finance Commission had rejected it, recalled that the Spa agreement assured France 80 per cent. of her coal requirements. He added, however, that "the extreme limit of concessions from France has been reached."

"The fact that France should make advances to Germany, who ravaged her country," M. Rollin continued, "deeply wounds the sentiment of justice of the country, and Parliament will be sadly surprised that our ally [Great Britain] is not at our side under all circumstances to assure the execution of the treaty."

The speaker then asked what another could have done in M. Millerand's place, and transmitted his commission's recommendation.

19 FIRMS CALLED TO COURT.

Statewide Flying Squadron Quest to be Aired at Binghamton.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., July 30.—Nineteen Central New York merchants or firms are cited to appear in the Federal Court here tomorrow morning, including Joseph Pulitzer, of Binghamton; Boulevard Garage Company, Albany; Gardner C. Leonard, Albany; Michael Leo, Utica; Leon Friedman, Ogdensburg; J. and G. Cousins, Albany; Allen Schmidt, Utica; Edward H. Kars, Johnstown; Edward V. and John G. Bryant, Syracuse; Samuel Gettinger and Harry Pomerants, Albany; Isaac Fink, Watertown; J. Edward and Frank Burke, Ogdensburg; George E. Mullikan, Albany; Emmett Nixon, Johnstown; Joseph Burdick, Syracuse; Samuel Burdick, Syracuse; Isaac Burdick, Syracuse; Kapriel Silvastian, Albany, and Sarkis Silvasian, Albany.

Associate Judge Cooper of Schenectady is expected to close the present term tomorrow, following the report of the Federal Grand Jury, which is said to have considered profiteering evidence submitted by Frank Gregg of Syracuse, special assistant to the Attorney General, with the aid of his "flying squadron."

Fly to Southampton for Week-End.

SOUTHAMPTON, L. I., July 30.—The aeromarine flying navy cruiser, with fourteen passengers aboard, reached here at 5:30 tonight from New York, making the trip, 110 miles, in seventy-five minutes. Most of the passengers will spend the week-end here. The plane was piloted by J. W. Alexander. Among the passengers were Adelbert Byers, a Pittsburgh steel man; Reginald Brooks, member of the New York Stock Exchange; Sherman Day, member of the New York Racquet Club; Woodward Babcox, lawyer, of New York City, and Captain J. M. Dillon of the Royal Flying Corps.

'MAYFLOWER' TIMBER BACKED BY EVIDENCE

Floral Emblem and a Syllable of Ship's Port, Harwich, on Beams of Barn Built in 1625.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 30.—The mystery of the reported discovery of timbers of the Pilgrim ship Mayflower is not yet completely solved, but Dr. Rendel Harris produced evidence today which is likely to make a lovely house, known as Old Jordan's Hostel, at Seargreen, in Buckinghamshire, a place of pilgrimage for Americans.

For two years Harris has been searching for traces of the ship which took the Pilgrim Fathers from England. Some one made a chance remark to the effect that "Mayflower timber" had been preserved in the hostel barn.

Harris decided then to investigate what appeared to be a local tradition, and he told his story today to a little company of English and American pilgrims.

Further documentary evidence is needed to supplement Harris's evidence, but the main points set forth by him, and declared very suggestive by his hearers today, were as follows:

Experts who examined the wood in the barn at Old Jordan's declare it to be ship's timber, and put up by shipwrights.

The letters "Har" are found on one of the beams. Papers in the Record Office give the Mayflower's port as Harwich.

Some of the beams are decorated with emblems, which may be intended for "Mayflowers."

Old Jordan's is a building certainly of not later than 1625, for bricks used after that date are of a different character from those used in its construction.

Ship's timber was commonly used during that period for houses, on account of a famine in home-grown oak.

JELLICOE LAUDS SIMS.

Former Chief of Grand Fleet Tells of Admiral's Co-operation.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

LONDON, July 29.—Viscount Jellicoe's second book, "Crisis of the Naval War," published today, deals chiefly with the organization of the various branches of the Admiralty and is largely technical, but a chapter deals with America's part in the war. It reveals the entire accord between the Admiralty and American commanders in Europe. The Viscount pays high tribute to Rear Admiral Sims.

"It was fortunate, indeed, for the allied cause," he says, "that Admiral Sims should have been selected to command the United States forces in European waters, for in addition to the qualities above mentioned (personal character and professional efficiency), he added the habit of speaking his mind with absolutely fearless disregard of the consequences."

Dealing with Admiral Sims's co-operation Viscount Jellicoe says:

"He frequently telegraphed to the United States showing the tonnage of merchant ships sunk week by week in order to impress the Navy Department and the Government with the great urgency of the situation. I furnished him with figures which even we ourselves were not publishing."

Viscount Jellicoe also acknowledges the fine work of Charles Schwab in building submarines in five months, and deplores that Schwab was unable to accept a contract for a hundred sloops after the United States entered the war because he was busy on American work.

He criticises severely the rule of Sir Eric Geddes at the Admiralty. The latter's introduction of railway and other organization experts upset the old Admiralty organization, and one result was a total failure of the production of ships and munitions ever to reach the estimates by Geddes experts.

EIGHT DIE IN FIRE IN PHILADELPHIA

Four Injured in Flames Which Sweep Factories on Fourth Street.

FIREMEN ARE HANDICAPPED

Low Water Pressure and Bursting Hose Impede Fight—Daring Rescues Made.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Eight persons were burned to death and four injured late this afternoon when a fire which started in a factory at 128 North Fourth Street swept through six buildings. The firemen were handicapped in their fight by low water pressure and bursting hose.

Only two of the dead have been identified. Their bodies were removed from the ruins about 7 o'clock. Half an hour later a Jefferson Hospital physician, searching through the ruins on the fourth floor of a building found six other bodies burned beyond recognition.

The identified dead are:

MISS GITTEL HOSTNER.
THOMAS WEINER.

The injured are:

SAMUEL TALLIS, burned on the face and hands.
MAX LEVIN, burned on the hands.
WILLIAM BERGER, burned on the hands.
EDWARD ROCK of Truck Company 4, overcome by smoke.

The blaze was discovered at 5 P. M., only a few hours after Chief Carleton E. Davis of the Bureau of Water had announced that a shortage of coal had forced a reduction of 20,000,000 gallons in the water supply pumped to the section within which the fire occurred. Besides this obstacle the firemen were hampered by much of the same inefficient fire-fighting apparatus which they were forced to use in fighting the blaze, which caused more than $1,000,000 damage in Dock Street on Thursday.

The fire started in Harry Horner's woman's suit factory, on the fourth floor of the five-story building at 123 North Fourth Street. Before the firemen arrived the Horner establishment was a mass of flames.

From the Horner establishment the fire spread north and south until every building from 117 to 127 North Fourth Street was caught in the blaze.

Among the manufacturing establishments damaged were those of the Eagle Fritchard Lead Company, 125 North Fourth Street; Sampson & Russell, manufacturers of women's waists, 122 North Fourth, the E. F. Prentnell Safe Company, 121 North Fourth, and Sandy & Co., publishers, 119 North Fourth.

Miss Horner and Thomas Weiner were employed in the Horner establishment. The former was a sister of Harry Horner, proprietor of the place, while Weiner was Horner's brother-in-law. The police do not know how they met their deaths, but it is believed that they remained in the building in the hope of saving valuables, were trapped by the flames and burned before aid could reach them.

Edward Rock of Truck Company 4, the fireman who was injured, was overcome by smoke when he ventured too far into the Horner factory. He was found by other firemen, carried down the ladder and hurried to the Jefferson Hospital.

In the cigar factory of Sigmund Mayer, 127 North Fourth Street, 300 girls and more than 100 women were at work on the third, fourth and fifth floors. When the first fire apparatus arrived the employes marched from the building in orderly formation. At several other establishments within the range of the fire, however, the clanging of the engines or the smell of smoke, which gave the alarm to the workers caused a frenzied rush for exits.

The New REPUBLIC

Published Weekly

Wednesday August 4th 1920

Containing a Special Section:

A Test of the News

By WALTER LIPPMANN and CHARLES MERZ

An examination of the news reports on Russia in the New York Times from March 1917 to March 1920

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Sherman

VICEROY'S FRIEND KILLED IN DUBLIN

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

excitement in Dublin, where such occurrences are apparently taken as a matter of course.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, July 31.—Commenting on the Brooke murder, The Daily Chronicle says:

"That undisguised men can in broad daylight and during business hours force their way to the business sanctum of a railway director in the heart of Dublin, shoot him dead at his desk before witnesses and walk away unmolested is indeed a terrible testimony to the weakness of the Irish Government's position."

The Daily News says:

"A deed so foul and dastardly comes near to silencing those who on political grounds condemn most strongly the attitude of the Government toward the Sinn Fein."

GEN. LUCAS ESCAPES; TWO KILLED IN RESCUE

Eludes Jailers and Joins Soldiers, Who Fight Two Battles to Save Him.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORK, July 30.—Brig. Gen. Lucas, who was captured by Sinn Feiners while on a fishing expedition in County Cork more than a month ago, today escaped from his jailers and is now safe in Tipperary barracks. His rescue was not accomplished without loss of life, two soldiers having been shot dead in an encounter with his surrounders.

Near Oola, six miles northwest of Tipperary, the General was picked up this morning by a military lorry carrying some armed soldiers. Almost immediately the lorry was attacked by a large number of armed Sinn Feiners.

A desperate pitched battle ensued, lasting nearly two hours, the attackers intrenching themselves behind road fences, while the soldiers fired back from a corner of the lorry. The issue of the conflict was still in doubt when another military lorry with reinforcements arrived on the scene, and the Sinn Feiners were driven off across the fields. It is officially stated that two soldiers were killed and three wounded, one seriously.

General Lucas and the wounded men were brought to Tipperary barracks. The General is unhurt and in good health and spirits. Later he proceeded to Fermoy by mail car.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, July 30.—General Lucas escaped by removing the bars guarding the windows of his room and getting away in the darkness, in which he wandered for hours through an unknown countryside until at Pallas, near Limerick, he hailed a passing military lorry.

The General bears a slight scratch over one eye, apparently received from a bullet at Oola.

There are rumors of houses having been burned at Pallas, and intense anxiety and alarm prevail in the district.

The kidnapping of General Lucas, on June 27, was a dramatic affair and caused a flurry in British official circles. General Lucas was taken prisoner at a lonely spot several miles from Fermoy by a large party of armed and masked men and conveyed to an unknown destintion. A prolonged search for him was without result, although the country round about was scoured and the movements of Sinn Feiners suspected of connection with the kidnapping were closely watched.

DISARM MILITARY POLICE.

Sinn Feiners' Spectacular Exploit in Heart of Dublin—Affrays of Day.

DUBLIN, July 30.—Three soldiers and three Sinn Feiners were wounded last night when a body of the latter disarmed a detail of military police in the heart of Dublin. The coup is said to have been the most audacious and spectacular that the Sinn Feiners have accomplished in the matter of disarming the military.

The military police, whose function it is to keep the soldiers in order, are posted at Trinity College and at the Bank of Ireland, opposite the centre of Dublin traffic and within view of the principal Dublin Police Station. In the disorder last night about ten Sinn Feiners held up the pickets at the bank, completely disarmed them, took away their revolvers and then mingled unconcernedly in the crowds emerging from the Theatre Royal. During the scuffle three soldiers were wounded by discharges from comrades' rifles, and three of their assailants were slightly wounded.

A military patrol was ambushed and relieved of its arms twelve miles from Dublin early this morning. There were no casualties.

A resolution introduced in the Council of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, calling for a measure providing complete self-government for Ireland, has created much interest, as the chamber, which represents all large business interests of the city, is at least 90 per cent. Unionist.

The Freeman's Journal says the resolution is approximate to indorsement of the proposals for Dominion Home Rule. The Irish Times, Unionist organ on the other hand, refers to the resolution as a perilous and impracticable demand.

BELFAST, July 30.—Charlemont Fort, erected in the reign of Queen Elizabeth on the first entry of English soldiers into Tyrone, was burned by armed raiders early this morning.

The building, which overlooked the River Blackwater at Moy, was long occupied by the Charlemont family, the members of which founded the Irish Volunteers at the time of the American War of Independence. It was used latterly by the Government as a military stronghold.

Sinn Feiners attacked the Lyculter Orange Hall, near Strangford, County Down, early this morning. The windows and doors were smashed and property inside was damaged.

Masked men held up the railway officials at Newtown Butler, County Fermanagh, last night and kidnapped the guard of a freight train.

An economic war against Belfast by neighboring Sinn Fein territory, in reprisal for the exclusion from Belfast of Sinn Fein workers, seems to be forecast in an action taken today in Louth County. The County Council there and the Dundalk Trades Council adopted resolutions asking traders to abstain from all relations with northern manufacturers and merchants until the workers excluded from Belfast are reinstated. The Dundalk bakers declared a boycott against Belfast.

It is believed here that the proposed economic warfare holds prospects of serious events.

PREMIER'S REPLY TO CARSON.

Insists on a Policy of Firmness and Self-Government.

LONDON, July 30 (Associated Press).—An official report concerning the reception on Thursday by Premier Lloyd George of a deputation of Unionist Peers and Members of the House of Commons for a discussion of the subject of Ireof a great world-wide conspiracy in which Bolshevism and German revenge were playing an active part, aiming at the destruction of Great Britain.

The Duke of Northumberland alluded to an alliance alleged to have been formed at the beginning of 1919 between the Sinn Fein and Bolsheviki through Dr. Patrick McCartan, the Sinn Fein Ambassador to the United States, and declared that the Sinn Fein was represented at all the conferences in Russia leading up to the Third Internationale and that the program of the Sinn Fein was virtually identical with the program propounded by the Third International.

Sir Edward Carson elaborated his theme of the existence in the United States and other parts of the world of propaganda bureaus representing the discontented peoples of Egypt, India and Ireland. He argued that it was from the time that Frank P. Walsh "of the Indian Propaganda Bureau in America," came to Ireland last year that the Sinn Fein became unmanageable in a conspiracy which he said would eventually beat the British Government.

Sir Edward quoted from speeches of Judge Daniel F. Cohalan of New York to support his arguments. He referred to the existence of a German propaganda bureau in Zurich to foment Irish discontent, and declared that Germany never would abandon her struggle for revenge. He also spoke disdainfully of the principle of self-determination

BUILDING BREVITIES

Advocates of "fair prices" are inclined to insist upon having goods offered for sale marked with cost as well as selling price to prevent undue hidden profit.

For years past, ABERTHAW has been constructing buildings exclusively on this basis—cost plus a fee for the service rendered.

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Horlick's
The Original
Malted Milk
for Infants and Invalids
Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

TUMULTY REFUTES KIDNAPPING FAKE

Reichenbach's Correspondence Merely About Claim, Says Secretary to President.

WIRES LETTER AND REPLY

Swann Disclaims Responsibility for Story Given to Reporters by Press Agent.

Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President, whose denial of the tale of Harry Reichenbach to the effect that Mr. Tumulty had agreed to submit to the President a plan devised by Reichenbach to have Clara Kimball Young held for ransom by Mexicans and rescued by United States cavalrymen was published in the late editions of yesterday's TIMES, telegraphed an additional denial yesterday and gave out correspondence to show that his correspondence with Reichenbach had to do with the latter's efforts to get a claim acted upon by the Government.

Reichenbach, who admitted on Thursday that he was the perpetrator of a series of "press agent" exploits, asserted that he had obtained a promise of official support for his scheme to have the actress kidnapped by Mexicans, and showed a letter signed by Mr. Tumulty, obviously a mere routine letter of acknowledgment, which, he alleged, referred to the proposed kidnapping.

Mr. Tumulty's telegram follows:

"WASHINGTON, D. C., July 30, 1920.

"*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

"My attention has been called to the article appearing in this morning's TIMES carrying headlines 'Tumulty Letter in Press Agent Inquiry—It Told Harry Reichenbach Fake Mexican Raid Would Be Taken Up with President.'

"I am pained and surprised that so responsible a newspaper would give publicity to so transparent a fake. There was nothing in my letter to the individual Reichenbach which could possibly be made a basis for any such headlines as your paper carries. It was only fair to the President and myself that an investigation be made to ascertain what basis there was for the Reichenbach story. When your correspondent telephoned me last night I informed him that the story was a pure fake, but it seems my statement to him was ignored. [Mr. Tumulty's denial was published in all editions of THE TIMES yesterday except the early mail edition. It was received too late for that.]

"Reichenbach's letter to me and my reply to it are as follows:

"New York, March 12, 1920.

"*Mr. Joseph P. Tumulty, White House, Washington, D. C.*

"DEAR MR. TUMULTY: You will remember having met me with Walter Measday. I have been waiting for two years for the Council of National Defense to forward the expense money I laid out in Europe during my term of service there. I cannot even get the satisfaction of a reply from them, other than one on September 12, 1919, in which they said that arrangements were being made for auditing and paying me—this was signed by E. H. Hobbs.

"If you must know, I have been far too good a friend of the Administration, both in Europe and at home, not to receive better treatment than this, and I am calling it to your attention with the hope that a line from you to them will urge them to a little celerity.

"With kindest personal regards, and gratitude at the recovery of the President, I am respectfully yours,

"HARRY L. REICHENBACH."

"THE WHITE HOUSE,
"Washington, March 13, 1920.

"MY DEAR MR. REICHENBACH: I have your letter of March 12 and have noted it with care. I shall take up the matter to which you refer. With kind regards, sincerely yours,

JOSEPH P. TUMULTY,
Secretary to the President.

JOSEPH P. TUMULTY,
Secretary to the President.

District Attorney Swann continued yesterday to question employes of the Universal Film Company regarding the fake suicide of a Japanese motion picture character in Central Park, but was prevented from making headway when the publicity men refused to answer by advice of counsel.

"I can say one thing," said Mr. Swann, after he had questioned a number of officials and employes of the company, "and that is that they are heartily ashamed of it."

Mr. Swann obtained vouchers showing that two payments of $50 each had been made to cover the expense of working up the "mystery." He also made public a letter he had written to Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President, in connection with the story of Harry Reichenbach of the projected Clara Kimball Young kidnapping. Mr. Swann explained that Reichenbach had not made the statement in his presence and that he had heard nothing of the press agent's account until he read it in print. He added his regret that Mr. Tumulty should think that he had given out the story, which had been told by Reichenbach to reporters.

FIRE BLOCKS BROADWAY.

Blaze in Auto Salesroom Near 54th Street Also Does $15,000 Damage.

Vehicular traffic in Broadway near Fifty-fourth Street was halted for nearly an hour last night while firemen were fighting a $15,000 blaze in the offices and salesrooms of the Studebaker Corporation at 1,700 Broadway. The fire was confined to the fourth floor of the six-story building and no damage was caused to the eighty automobiles in storage there.

Hundreds of persons from Times Square and the theatrical district watched the firemen, but the blaze was not spectacular because quick use of chemicals prevented it from spreading to other floors. Office furniture and some records in the executive offices were destroyed.

RAIL RATE DECISION SOON.

Interstate Commerce Commission's Finding Is Said to be Completed.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Decision is expected to be handed down early next week by the Interstate Commerce Commission on the applications of the railroads of the country for a general increase in freight rates of approximately 37 per cent. and an advance in passenger fares of 20 per cent.

The commission's decision is understood to have been sent to the printer today, but it is not thought that it will be ready for distribution before Monday.

Increases to be granted, it is believed by railroad and shipping experts here, will approximate 35 per cent. on freight and about one-half cent a mile on passenger fares.

DRY AGENTS SEIZE SHIP.

American Sugar Company Tanker Is Held in $1,500,000 Bond.

NEW ORLEANS, July 30.—Federal prohibition agents today seized the American Sugar Refining Company's steam tanker Duicino, on which it was alleged forty-eight cases of whisky were recently discovered. The vessel was held in $1,500,000 bond.

L. T. Powell, captain of the Duicino, and J. L. Jensen, a steward, were held under $10,000 bond each. The libel, filed by the United States District Attorney, is the first of its kind here under the Volstead provision, which renders a ship subject to seizure when used to violate Federal prohibition laws.

15 YEARS FOR ROBBER CHIEF

Head of Loft Gangs Which Got $750,000 Is Sentenced.

Andrew Aquinto, 35 MacDougal Street, who posed as a real estate broker, but was the organizer and leader of several gangs of loft burglars, was sentenced by Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions yesterday to serve ten years for grand larceny and five years for burglary.

Assistant District Attorney Lewis Abrams, who prosecuted Aquinto and his confederates, asked for a heavy sentence, asserting that the plunder in the loft burglaries directed by Aquinto had a value of $750,000.

Angelo Palentino, 67 Thompson Street, another member of the gang, received a five-year sentence. Because they had confessed and aided in the capture of their leader and the breaking up of the gangs of loft burglars, Anthony Episcopia, 17 years old, and Louis Simone, 22 years old, of 853 Broome Street, escaped with suspended sentences. In imposing sentences Judge Mulqueen said:

"This is the best job the police of this city have accomplished in many years. The Merchants Association has reported the loss of millions of dollars worth of merchandise through loft burglaries. Perhaps such thefts will stop now."

BURNED LABOR OFFICES.

Explosion Follows Their Firing by Chilean Mob—Three Persons Killed.

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 30.—Government advices today from Punta Arenas, the world's most southern city, say that grave disorders occurred Wednesday night when patriotic manifestants stormed and fired the headquarters of the Workers' Federation of the Territory of Magallanes, which was alleged to be a nest of foreign revolutionary agitators and anti-patriotic elements.

A quantity of explosives secreted in the building exploded, wrecking the establishment, killing three persons and wounding several others. The printing office of the workers' organ was also wrecked.

A Cereal Naturally Sweet should be chosen in these days of high priced sugar.

Grape-Nuts

pleases, both for its delightful flavor and its real economy.

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254 FIFTH AVE. Bet. 28th & 29th Sts.
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BINDER FOR ROTOGRAVURE SECTION.

THE NEW YORK TIMES supplies an attractive binder in which may be kept a year's issues of the Rotogravure Picture Section. It will be sent postpaid on receipt of $2.50. Address THE NEW YORK TIMES, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

The home fountain can supply this Knickerbocker icy drink

Peel 1 orange, cut in thin slices, put in a pitcher with 4 tablespoons of sugar, 2½ glasses of water. Squeeze into a glass the juice of 1 lemon and 2 oranges, stir well, then pour into the pitcher with the sliced orange. Serve in tall glasses filled with crushed Knickerbocker Ice.

Knickerbocker Ice is hygeia ice made from four-times filtered water. Melted, it supplies a soft, healthful table water at a cost of about 5c a gallon.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

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Kid, Silk, Fabric, Doeskin
For Men and Women

The World's Greatest Leather Store
484 Fifth Avenue, New York; 393 Broadway
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DOES YOUR WATERFRONT NEED FIRE PROTECTION?

THE United States Navy is selling its most remarkable class of small boats, the Submarine Chasers, for one-fifth of their original cost. A slight amount of rebuilding will make ideal fire-boats. Your City should take immediate advantage of this exceptional opportunity to secure one or more for its Fire Department.

It will mean a reduction in your waterfront insurance rates. It will also cut down actual fire damages along the water.

These vessels have been offered to your City Officials for from five to sixteen thousand dollars apiece, average boats costing $12,500. They should be bought to protect you. Get in back of the measure to purchase them and insure yourself an adequate waterfront protection.

The City of Savannah has been negotiating for one to be used as a fire-boat and it was estimated that the purchase would lower fire insurance rates along the water by ten per cent.

As police boats these big, ocean-going motor boats will also cut down thefts by river pirates and reduce burglary insurance on the wharves. They will also make ideal pilot boats, revenue cutters and marine insurance patrol boats.

These boats cost the Navy about $80,000 each. They are 110 feet long and have a 15 foot beam. Their three Standard marine engines give them a speed of 18 knots per hour.

They are ready for immediate delivery, berthed in the Navy Yards, awaiting purchasers. **No delays, no red tape, no bids. Definite selling prices.** Can be purchased at a reduction for cash or on a partial payment plan over a three year period.

Mayors, Fire-Commissioners, Councilmen, Aldermen, Property-Owners.

Investigate this sale at once. An illustrated catalogue has been prepared giving full details. Use the coupon, or telegraph.

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'OPPORTUNITY,' FAST PLAY OF FINANCE

Youthful Plunger in Wall Street the Hero of Owen Davis's Interesting Melodrama.

ITS "EPISODES" REALISTIC

James L. Crane, Who Acts Ruined Speculator, Excels in a "Smashing" Scene in Vampire's Abode.

"OPPORTUNITY," a melodrama in six episodes, by Owen Davis. At the Forty-eighth Street Theatre.

Larry Bradford	James Crane
Joyce Wayne	Lily Cahill
Joe Chadwick	Leonard Willey
Harrison Ladd	Clifford Dempsey
Jimmie Dow	Kenneth MacKenna
Nellie Ross	Nita Naldi
Josie Tyler	Evvia Knudsen
Peggy Gresham Sprague	Vera Sprague
Mrs. Fisher	Isabel Vernon
Mrs. Canfield	Nora Lamison
Gladys May	Ada Howell
Amy Malcolm	Dorothy Betts
Helen Mortimer	Lois Taylor
Felice	Grace Dougherty
Dawson	Ulric Collins
Waiter Seddon	Gerry Davies
Al Roth	Cliff Worman
Bob Hartley	Maurice Sommers
Charles Cooper	W. A. Burnell
Mr. De Val	George Armstrong
Bill Ingalls	John Morgan
Waiters	G. A. Stryker
Hattie	Cora Calkins
General Mellen	Robert Forsyth
Frederic Osgood	Horace Westen
Dr. Watts	Richard Clark

"Opportunity," which came to the Forty-eighth Street Theatre last night as the first of a pair of plays which decided suddenly to enliven the week-end, is roughhewn but interesting melodrama. It is the tale of a youthful plunger who invades Wall Street and both conquers and is ruined by it, and, since it presents certain surface similarities to another impending work, it was brought hurriedly to town at least two or three days before it was quite ready. The result was a few crudities of performance which will doubtless come out before long, and the subtraction of which should leave Mr. Brady with a good and popular melodrama.

The author of "Opportunity" is Owen Davis, although the play bore another name when it was first announced some months ago. Mr. Davis's alterations, however, have apparently been so thorough as to justify the substitution of his name for that of the original author. Mr. Davis has told, in six brisk "episodes," the tale of a youth who first beats Wall Street into a state of supine submission, who then neglects wife and home to devote himself wildly to the god of finance and who, finally wrecked both financially and physically, turns the tables on his ancient enemy and gives signs of a return to normality.

The opening episode takes place realistically in a Wall Street office, with tickers ticking and the board working. Here comes Larry Bradford to lay the foundation for his million, and when the curtain falls a stock is going up at a rate which is possible only in plays. A second episode takes him back to his boarding house in time to rescue the stenographer of Episode I from an awkward predicament, and to marry her. These two episodes, comprising the first act, are by far the worst of the play.

There follows the rise of Larry Bradford and the simultaneous submerging of his "soul," as the phrase goes. All is sacrificed to business—until a siren acted by one Nita Naldi tempts him to a luxurious third-act setting. Here, when it becomes evident that his enemy has both ruined him and stolen Miss Naldi, the youthful hero proceeds to indulge in one of those smashing-up scenes which never fail to bring a curtain down emphatically. James L. Crane, acting the rôle, played the scene with force and abandon last night, although he had the bad luck to miss a sheet put when he tried to smash a mirror with a vase. He tried again with a chair and hit it, however, so all ended well.

Mr. Crane distinguished himself again with good work in the last act, thereby atoning for a very bad performance during the early part of the evening. Lily Cahill, as the wife, was constantly effective throughout, and gave a particularly good account of herself in the final act. Nita Naldi was a convincing vampire, Clifford Dempsey played a stock broker well, and the remainder of a long cast contributed in varying degrees.

Dorothy Jardon Sings at Stadium.

Eight thousand persons, including the largest number yet of Summer concert-goers in automobiles, welcome a Tschaikowsky, Schubert and Wagner program, hastily revised by the National Symphony, last night at the Stadium. Walter Rothwell, owing to a serious relapse from bronchitis, was unable to appear and Paul Eisler conducted. Dorothy Jardon, the soloist, gave as encores a new song, "Is There a Haven for Me?" written by herself, and the popular air of "The Little Gray Home in the West."

MUSIC NOTES.

Wagner's music makes up an entire program at the Stadium tonight, with nine numbers from "Meistersingers," "Tristan," "The Ring" and "Parsifal."

Goldman's Band goes afield from Columbia next Tuesday evening for a special concert at Curtis Field, Staten Island.

Frank Kaltenborn will conduct his "St. Nicholas March" at a concert with his orchestra tonight on the Mall in Central Park.

ADMITS FALSE CONFESSION.

Man Who Tried to Save Hyatt Now Regrets Efforts.

The young man who tried vainly to save Elmer Hyatt from being put to death at Sing Sing Thursday night for the murder of a Rochester policeman, by pretending that he himself had committed the crime, admitted yesterday that he had no connection with the killing. His real name is Francis M. Barranco. He is a former instructor at New York University. Prolonged examination by Dr. Menas S. Gregory in the psychopathic ward at Bellevue drew the admission from him with the explanation that he brooded over the approaching death of Hyatt, and resorted to the "confession" only after all other efforts to intercede had failed. These efforts, he told, included a visit to St. Patrick's Cathedral in the hope of inducing Mgr. Lavelle to aid him. The priest was out.

A. P. Barranco, a brother of the man, made this statement after visiting him in the hospital:

"The defendant's real name is Francis M. Barranco, 25 years of age, residing with friends on Autumn Avenue, Brooklyn. From January, 1914, to 1920, Barranco resided in Cuba, and about February of this year came to the city to visit his family. Upon his last visit members of his family noted certain peculiarities in his conduct, which were of a perfectly harmless nature, such as extreme reticence and a desire to be alone. His condition improved so favorably, however, since his return from Cuba that his family felt reassured.

"Barranco was a brilliant student at college and it is believed that overwork in his studies unbalanced his mind.

"He told the members of his family who called upon him at the hospital today that he had brooded over the coming execution of the 18-year-old boy and having failed to reach the authorities to obtain a stay of execution until public opinion could be brought to bear, he decided upon the unusual course which is now a matter of public knowledge.

"He is quite normal today and regrets the incident. The family will send him to a sanitarium within the next few days for treatment."

Friends of Barranco said he graduated from New York University in 1903 and taught Latin and Greek there for one year.

Publication of Barranco's "confession" by an Albany newspaper under the head line: "Sing Sing Electrocutes Innocent Boy" aroused the ire of Governor Alfred E. Smith, who refused clemency in the case. In a statement the Governor said the headline was "without any foundation in fact," the last moment message to Sing Sing was "either a hoax or the act of a demented man" and Hyatt's family and his attorney at a public hearing admitted that the boy killed the policeman, while the attorney admitted he did not put Hyatt on the stand because of his previous criminal record. Governor Smith added that the presiding Judge said no other verdict would have been justified under the evidence and the District Attorney who prosecuted Hyatt was vigorous in his opposition to executive clemency.

NAME THEATRE THE APOLLO.

Selwyns to Open Second of New 42d Street Houses in October.

The Apollo, it was said yesterday by the Selwyns, will be the name of the second of the new theatres which they are erecting in Forty-second Street. The first, as already announced, will be named the Times Square, and will be opened in October, with Florence Reed in "The Love Woman" as the attraction. The Apollo, which will be devoted exclusively to musical shows, also will be opened in October. It will house a revue each Summer.

Frank Tinney in "Tickle Me" will come to the Selwyn Theatre on Aug. 16, and new Selwyn productions will include Emma Dunn, Lillian Lorraine and Ralph Morgan in "Sonny," by George V. Hobart; Leo Carrillo in "The Toreador," by Louise Coleman, and, later in the season, Margaret Lawrence in a new play by Rol Cooper Megrue, and Alan Dinehart in "Edgar Allan Poe," by Samuel Shipman.

The Selwyns will open two new houses in Chicago and one in Cleveland this Fall, and a little later will have houses in Detroit and Philadelphia.

Preis Company Denies Fire.

It was stated in the official fire record in THE TIMES yesterday that there had been a fire on the premises of J. J. Preis & Co., 630 Broadway. A member of the firm said yesterday that there had been no fire in the building.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Bat" will come to the Morosco Theatre during the week of Aug. 23 instead of the 16th. Mr. Morosco will produce "The Humming Bird" by Maude Fulton at the Little Theatre in September, with Miss Fulton in the leading rôle, and will bring Owen Davis's farce, "Marry the Poor Girl," to the Fulton.

Viola Belasco, a member of the English branch of David Belasco's family, has come to this country to dance in "Chu Chin Chow" this season.

"The Checkerboard" will open in Washington next Monday night and will come to the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre during the week of Aug. 16.

Next week's performance of "Abraham Lincoln" at the Cort Theatre will be given under the auspices of the S. Rankin Drew Post of the American Legion.

SHOOTS YOUNG WIFE THEN KILLS HIMSELF

Jealous Husband Sends Bullet Into Her Back as He Kisses Her Good-bye.

TRIES TO RESTORE HER

Dresses and Feeds Twin Boys, Then Goes to Woods and Commits Suicide.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST NYACK, N. Y., July 30.—Harry S. Scott, a New York business man, called his young wife downstairs in their home here yesterday, told her he had forgotten his commutation ticket and asked her to wait while he ran up and got it from a bureau drawer, that he might kiss her good-bye.

A moment later Scott ran downstairs, drew the unusually pretty 26-year-old wife close to him with an encircling left arm, pressed his lips to hers, put his right arm about her and shot her through the back. She fell unconscious and probably will die.

Scott, applying such crude surgical means as he knew, working over her for three hours, interrupting his ministrations now and then to bathe and dress and feed their nine-months-old twin boys. Then, as he heard Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Cornell, his wife's parents, returning from New York, he ran from the back door into the woods and killed himself with the same pistol. State troopers found his body in the woods a quarter of a mile from the home this afternoon.

Insane jealousy because of his wife's beauty was the only motive her mother and father could offer to investigating officials. They said Scott loved his wife deeply and treated her perfectly, but that he could not bear even the faintest hint of admiration for her from any other man. They told that not long ago the couple were in a Manhattan department store. The wife was buying ribbon, and Scott, waiting near, heard a passing man remark to another:

"There is an unusually beautiful woman."

Their son-in-law was so enraged, they said, he started a fight with the two men and caused such a disturbance his wife threatened never to appear in public with him again unless he would promise to act sensibly.

Sergeant Francis McGarvey of the State Police, District Attorney Morton E. Lexow and Sheriff Al Merritt could find no more tangible motive for Scott's acts, but are continuing their investigation. They have little hope of learning anything material unless Mrs. Scott recovers. Tonight she still is unconscious and under the constant care in her home of Dr. J. W. S. Toms of Nyack.

Scott had started for New York, where, according to Mr. Cornell, he was employed as assistant manager by Kregg & Co., paper dealers, with Mr. and Mrs. Cornell, who were going on a shopping tour. He left them at the station, saying he had forgotten his commutation ticket. They are convinced that he really went back to kill his wife and that he called her downstairs that he might get his pistol from the bureau drawer unseen and thus encounter no resistance. Had he really gone back for the ticket, they say, he would have called to his wife to bring it down to him, instead of calling her down and then going up for it himself while she waited below.

The Cornells heard the back door slam as they returned in the evening. Upstairs they found the twins in bed and the wife, unconscious, in another. Scott had taken some gauze from a medicine chest and applied it to the wound, which extended around the ribs, the bullet coming out in front.

After Dr. Toms arrived Mrs. Scott revived long enough to tell her story. She said she thought she heard a shot in the woods just as her mother and father came home, as she was conscious then for a moment.

Search was started at once, but in the darkness Scott's body lay hidden among the trees, and it was not until the attempt to find him was renewed today that it was discovered.

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" " " A "	12c.	"	pt.	"	
Household " B "	17c.	"	qt.	"	
" " B "	10c.	"	pt.	"	
Certified Milk	27c.	"	qt.	"	
Brookside Certified Milk	30c.	"	qt.	"	
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X Cream	29c.	"	½ pt.	"	
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Condensed Milk	18c.	"	"	"	
Special (sour) Cream	20c.	"	"	"	

On account of additional express and handling charges these prices do not apply to the Long Island and New Jersey seashore divisions.

Beginning with July, the farmers' costs go up month by month until the peak is reached in December, after which the trend is downward again.

These seasonal fluctuations are, of course, reflected in the city selling prices.

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Heaven is My Home		Mabel Garrison	64891	10	1.25
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Last Night		Mme. Homer and Miss Louise Homer	87570	10	1.50
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Blue Danube Waltz		Philadelphia Orchestra	74627	12	1.75
Prelude in G Minor	(Rachmaninoff) Piano	Sergei Rachmaninoff	74628	12	1.75
Otello—Era la notte	(Cassio's Dream)	Titta Ruffo	88621	12	1.75
Old Folks at Home		Ernestine Schumann-Heink	88620	12	1.75
All Star—One-Step		All Star Trio	18675	10	.85
Hy'a Dri—Fox Trot		All Star Trio			
The Love Nest		John Steel	18676	10	.85
Blue Diamonds		Henry Burr			
Tiddle-Dee-Winks		Billy Murray	18677	10	.85
I Love the Land of Old Black Joe		Billy Murray and Peerless Quartet			
Love Nest—Medley Fox Trot		Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	18678	10	.85
A Young Man's Fancy—Fox Trot		Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra			
Gems from "Apple Blossoms"		Victor Light Opera Company	35697	12	1.35
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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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TAFT'S LEFT-HANDED BLESSING.

Mr. TAFT is bound to be a Republican, though his party and its candidate slay him, so that his support of HARDING, despite the latter's jettisoning of the League of Nations, was to be expected. The ex-President has taken a week to think it over, but the result was never in doubt. And it must be said that he comes to the aid of HARDING with the air and effect of a tender-hearted elephant undertaking to hatch out the eggs of a distressed hen.

At the beginning Mr. TAFT frankly admits that Senator HARDING'S speech was "disappointing to many loyal Republicans." They had counted upon his standing true to his own record and that of his party in the Senate. Not to have done so Mr. TAFT evidently thinks unwise and a bit cowardly, but excuses Mr. HARDING on the ground that it was necessary to go any lengths "for the purpose of keeping Senator JOHNSON from bolting." Proceeding to Senator HARDING'S announced plan of making peace by joint resolution of Congress Mr. TAFT reminds him that the thing cannot be done in that way. A treaty is necessary. This was recognized in the joint resolution itself. Taking up next the HARDING proposal to start afresh in negotiating an international "understanding" in place of the League, Mr. TAFT shows that all the professed objects of the new plan are already attained by the League and that the nations whom Mr. HARDING talks of "approaching" will at once tell him so, and invite him to join the League. Therefore Mr. TAFT charitably hopes that Mr. HARDING will agree to it when he finds that his own projects have broken down utterly and when he "faces the responsibility of doing something effective."

Thus Mr. TAFT'S blessing of Senator HARDING comes down to this: You are inconsistent, incoherent and timid. You are all wrong about both facts and law. The scheme you advocate is certain to prove a miserable fiasco. Otherwise you are all right. So I'm with you, WARREN, my boy. God bless you!

MR. WHITE'S OUTGIVINGS.

It is the opinion of Mr. GEORGE WHITE, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee—if he is correctly reported—that the League of Nations is only a secondary issue in the Democratic campaign. "I do not think "that the League of Nations is the "chief issue," he says; "it is a sec"ondary chief issue, and one of the "chief issues, perhaps, but not the "chief issue." In Mr. WHITE'S view "Progressivism is to be the principal issue of the campaign." That term is elastic. It meant something, perhaps, when Colonel ROOSEVELT used it as a war cry in 1912. It meant nothing four years later when he had dropped it altogether.

Mr. WHITE appears to believe that Progressivism somehow involves the interests of "those who are engaged "in manual labor, such as the farmer "and the mechanic." The difficulty there is that the Republicans also promise to do something for the farmer and the mechanic. If in their platform they had roundly declared that they would do nothing for the farmer and the mechanic because they are getting too much already, that issue might be squarely joined. In the actual state of the case, it will be exceedingly difficult for Mr. WHITE to bring it to the place of prominence he evidently desires it should occupy.

The Democratic platform puts the League of Nations issue in the first place. It is declared to be "the "surest, if not the only, practicable "means of maintaining the permanent "peace of the world and terminating "the insufferable burden of great "military and naval establishments."

The Democratic candidate has given more prominence to the League of Nations than to any other question involved in the campaign. It has always been understood that the party convention in its platform and the candidate in his letter of acceptance and his utterances are the authoritative proponents and expounders of campaign issues. We do not know where Mr. WHITE gets his authority to reverse the decisions of the convention, to overthrow the declared opinions of the candidate. It is popularly believed that the National Chairman is expected to concern himself chiefly with works of the organization. Thirty-two years ago a Democratic National Chairman—also from Ohio—took it upon himself to proclaim issues not embodied in the platform, to utter opinions which were not those of the candidate. Mr. WHITE should be warned in time by the "bright beginning and bitter ending" of that campaign.

It is a part of the Republican tactics to create the belief that President WILSON and Governor Cox are not of one mind in respect to the League Covenant. This propaganda is based upon the falsehood, repeated with tireless iteration and after numberless exposures, that Mr. WILSON has demanded the ratification of the Treaty "without the dotting of an 'i' or the crossing of a 't'"; as Governor Cox has publicly favored two reservations of his own devising, the attempt is made, therefore, to show that he and the President must be at odds. It seems to us that Mr. WHITE would be well advised if he should refrain from any utterances that may tend to aid this false propaganda of the enemy. It is not impossible that Mr. WILSON may find—already may have found—Governor Cox's reservations acceptable. At any rate, if these two distinguished Democrats are not in agreement, they are entirely capable of making the fact known, each in his own way. There is no call for volunteer interpreters of the views of two men with such notable gifts of expression. And on the whole, it would be better for Mr. WHITE to accept the Democratic platform as he finds it.

A FLORIDA VISION.

Every four years enthusiasts, not, perhaps, without a discreet wink of the eye toward the campaign chest, are surer than certainty that the Republicans are going to break the Solid South. This and that State can be "carried" easily with proper effort and a free distribution of funds. Mr. GEORGE W. BEAN, Republican National Committeeman for Florida, has evidently been dipped in that fountain of youth which PONCE DE LEON sought. He has, or seems to have, the immortal and ever-young dream of "carrying" Florida. There are only three Republican factions in the commodious little Republican Party of the State. In 1916 Mr. WILSON had 55,984 votes and Mr. HUGHES 14,611. One Florida Representative in Congress was elected without opposition. In contested districts the Democratic vote is usually from three to seven times that of the Republican.

This year the Republicans are going to conduct an "intensive campaign." Mr. BEAN says hopefully, and "make "the Republican candidates get three "times as many votes as they ever "did before." Evidently it is a simple process. Mr. BEAN ought to whisper his secret to the Democrats of Vermont.

WAGES AND PRICES.

Mr. GOMPERS gives warning that, however prices may fall, wages must stay up. This is another way of saying that wages must be increased by the greater amount of satisfactions that they will buy when the cost of living is lower. Mr. GOMPERS will be able to bring this boon to all whom he may influence to be so efficient that it will pay employers to keep them at work when the less capable lose employment. As Governor COOLIDGE puts it, where there is no profit there is no employment, and the suspension of one man's dividends is the suspension of another man's wages. The solidarity of interest of workers and employers is in the way of practical demonstration. If the workers wish to better their position they must help to better the position of their employers. So long as unions make it their object to raise wages and to make jobs without increasing production, their interests are opposed to those of all whose conditions of life and work are made worse for the advantage of the few.

Mr. GOMPERS thinks this is politics. It is economics, and it does not yield to political treatment. Mr. GOMPERS put this same chip on his shoulder back in 1918. Nobody then knocked the chip off, and nobody will now. It matters not how many Congressmen Mr. GOMPERS elects or defeats, or how many strikes he indorses or opposes. The numbers who will be employed will depend on the employers' hope of profit, and if that is ended by labor's inefficiency, no power can increase the numbers employed or what they will be paid. Even if the profits are as heinous as Mr. GOMPERS alleges, they are not capable of sustaining the rate of wages in a falling price market. All profits and all capital will not keep labor employed long if devoted solely to labor's benefit. Where profits are largest labor's condition is best. And yet labor thinks that profit is its enemy and that jobs are for the production of wages rather than for the production of goods.

These are not things to lose temper about, for there are neither wages nor dividends in industrial quarrels. It would in all ways be better that reason should rule. Otherwise it will be necessary to proceed not to the polls but to an economic demonstration. Strikes are as futile as statutes or elections to compel employment at employers' losses. Profit is the sole inducement to take the risk of payrolls. When the risk is made too great the payroll declines in spite of all influences to the contrary. Legislatures may enact minimum wages. Unions may establish prevailing rates of wages. But there can be no compulsion of employment when the hope of profit fails. Mr. GOMPERS thinks that the award of $626,000,000 is a mere "sop" to railway labor. Taxpayers do not think that addition to taxes so trivial. The referendum to the pocket is more convincing than the referendum to the voters. Mr. GOMPERS'S language is provocative, but nobody should be provoked or even surprised. It is labor's way, and if labor cannot be reasoned out of its errors, the appeal to economics must proceed.

THE WAR MEMORIAL.

"I scent a disposition to rush this through," said the President of the Borough of Manhattan at the meeting of the Mayor's War Memorial Committee. The same odor has long been evident to other nostrils. Out of a membership of 250 only twenty-three were present, or less than one in ten; yet, in the face of numerous and vehement objections, the next meeting, at which the form of the memorial may be determined for all time, was postponed only until Aug. 16, which falls in the deadest week of midsummer. If the purpose is to secure a calm and stimulating discussion from those best qualified to inform public opinion, the August meeting will be, if that is possible, less fruitful than the meeting in July.

If the decision had been taken last Thursday by a vote of the twenty-three, the indications are that we should all be committed to a "memorial" bridge—built to carry railway trains, trolleys and automobiles over the Hudson. Such a bridge may be desirable from the utilitarian point of view; and, though it would cost probably $100,000,000—far more than tunnels that would carry an equal volume of traffic—it may some day be built. But as a war memorial it could only be a monstrous futility. The jury of artists, while conceding that it gave "opportunities for beautiful design," dismissed it as "chiefly utilitarian" and as "likely to be so "encumbered with car lines and noisy "approaches as to defeat the memo"rial intention." Mr. CURRAN declared that "you might as well talk of a subway as a solemn monument."

Let us calm ourselves with a glance across the ocean. France, which has a native instinct and an educated taste in public memorials which have never been rivaled since "the glory "that was Greece and the grandeur "that was Rome," has decided to take counsel for ten years, for fear of committing an atrocity upon her heroic dead. England, on the other hand, which is already monumentally guilty of the Albert Memorial and the Shakespeare Memorial Building at Stratford, is trembling even more perilously than we are upon the brink of abysmal folly. The "official architect" to the Office of Works drew up plans which made a "pro"found impression upon the collective "feelings of the House of Commons"—and which therefore stand to be executed in memorial stone unless the outcry raised by The Times and The Manchester Guardian prevents. The Britons who died for freedom, it appears, are to be commemorated by a gateway 160 feet high, with a great hall at its base and a temple on either flank—the whole in the style dear to Egyptian conquerors and slave drivers. To this end "one of the two finest sites in London," at Hyde Park Corner, is to be desecrated.

In opposing the advocates of deliberation Corporation Counsel JOHN P. O'BRIEN urged that delay would "expose the city to ridicule." The city is in danger of ridicule, but from a very different quarter. No decision should be attempted until all elements in the Mayor's Committee can be present, which will not be before late October or November.

END OF LAND VALUATION.

The recent passage of the Finance bill by the House of Commons was marked by the quiet dropping of the whole scheme of land valuation. Even in these short-memoried days the furore will be remembered which LLOYD GEORGE stirred up by advocating and forcing through the plan in 1909-10. He described it as a measure to "free the land from the shackles of feudalism," &c. There was to be an accurate official valuation for the purpose of both national and local taxation. Well, the valuers have been at work ten years. The part of their task which they have finished has cost $10,000,000. And what has come out of it? A set of valuations of which a large portion has been set aside by the courts. Taxes levied to the amount of some $3,000,000 have been ordered by the Judges to be repaid. The Government has decided to repay the rest—about $8,000,000 more—and abandon the entire project as absolutely unworkable. "The right thing to do," said the Chancellor of the Exchequer, "is to act like sensible men, recognize facts and admit "a failure."

LLOYD GEORGE was conveniently absent when the debate occurred, and the decision was made by a large majority of the House. Had he been there he would have had to listen to many citations of his old speeches and pamphlets. Extreme passages from them were quoted with much gusto. In reply to them the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN, said that he would not spend time in apologizing for the Prime Minister. "He was human, but he had "one great quality not given to every "man. In middle age and after mid"dle age he could still learn." Ability to unlearn is what the present case seems to require. But the Chancellor was emphatic in insisting that the Government could honestly do nothing else than repeal the taxes, which had been shown to be impossible of assessment or collection, and to give up the entire grandiose scheme of land valuation. The work already done Mr. CHAMBERLAIN declared to be in no way "useful." He said:

> To a very large extent they are valuations of metaphysical transactions arrived at by elaborate mathematical calculations that nobody but an expert can make, and as to which the laymen may doubt sometimes whether the expert himself even understands them.

The suspicion will occur to American readers that much the same may be said of our own elaborate and costly organization for the valuation of railroads. What is known is that tens of millions of dollars have been spent on the work and that the results are of doubtful usefulness. Indeed, the railway valuations are officially marked "subject to revision." They must be, and that continuously, in the nature of the case. The hair grows in the process of the slow shaving. Estimates as of 1914 are obviously worthless at present. The British Exchequer came to the conclusion that the only sure way to determine the value of any piece of property is to find out what it brings when it is sold. We may yet attain to that pitch of common sense.

"REVOLT" IN LOWER CALIFORNIA.

The Mexican Government has announced that General ESTEBAN CANTU, who for some years past has governed Lower California without paying much attention to orders from the capital or affairs on the mainland, is in revolt. This seems to have surprised General CANTU, who didn't know he was in revolt till informed by telegrams from Mexico City; but he is hard at work organizing an army to meet an invasion across the Colorado River and a possible landing on the coast.

Lower California is not exactly a garden spot, but under the administration of CANTU it has for some years past enjoyed a certain degree of prosperity and quiet. Also, it has had a very slight connection with Mexico; CANTU was Governor, he showed no inclination to get out, and nobody had time to try to put him out. Now the new Government is undertaking an enterprise which, if successful, will remove the influence which made Lower California in recent years a sort of Happy Valley in its humble way. It may be a good thing for Mexican unity, but it may not be altogether desirable for Lower California.

CANTU was read out of the party because he refused to go to Mexico City for a conference with Provisional President DE LA HUERTA. If current Californian rumor is right a cautious man would be justified in refusal. CANTU, in one way and another, has accumulated a good deal of money. It was reported that the Federal Government thought he ought to turn this coin in to help the Treasury and take paper instead. This may throw some light on his refusal to go to the capital on the ground that conditions in his home country were "too delicate for him to leave." The Central Government may not be able to upset him; CANTU has a fairly efficient police, and an army whose privates have been getting a dollar and a quarter a day in real money, and paid every evening. Most Mexican armies might be expected to desert to him en masse.

To the Southwestern group of American States the outcome will be not without interest, for in General CANTU'S country is Tijuana, ranking with Juarez, Havana and Montreal as one of the few places to which the descendants of the Pilgrims can fly for a few hours of freedom. Over this border village, lately risen to such distinction, General CANTU has maintained a benevolent supervision and American holders of "concessions" there view with alarm the necessity of "seeing" somebody in Mexico City. Entrance of the eagle and serpent into this Eden just over the line is viewed with alarm in American California.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Chance to Invest Much Money.

People who in these days are less troubled by the high cost of living than about the discovery of a way to expend surplus earnings that will enable them to escape the excess profits tax should give careful thought to a suggestion by one of THE TIMES readers. He says, and truly, that "a fascinating and by no means unpatriotic absorbent for such earnings is a country place—not simply a Summer home, but a farming enterprise that has as its aim a self-supporting independence."

There is no doubt at all that in the pursuit of this ideal a man can find opportunity for the investment of really large sums of money—an investment not to be condemned as speculative, and having the characteristic, so much desired by the cautious and sober minded, of permanency. Indeed, there is hardly a case on record in which it has been necessary to seek any other use for money so invested. The greater part of it, at any rate, can be expected with an approach as close to certainty as is attainable in this world to remain where it has been put.

And the proponent of the plan goes on to say:

> Abandoned or undertilled farms are plentiful. They may have their fertility restored and be made productive in a few years, and meantime it is not only a legitimate use for increased income to build them up—it is an opportunity to gain health of nerve and muscle, to touch the vital forces that are not dependent on union labor or machinery, but that have shared with man in displaying the handiwork of the Creator since before history was written. If, like ST. FRANCIS, we take our little sister, Nature, by the hand and lead her often wayward feet into orderly paths, we can expend a lot of the energy that is bottled up in dollars and find delight in the companionship.

Success Can Be Attained.

As for the many attractions and the many possibilities of country life there is, of course, no question. The charms have wide appreciation and the possibilities are getting recognition and successful exploitation by not a few of the people whom the writer of the lines quoted above had in mind when he wrote them. Their success, however, has rarely been in the way of making their farms profitable, or even self-supporting, from the business standpoint. That is not the same thing, by any means, as saying that these returns to the land have ended in failure. The ends at which the experimenters aimed have often been attained at a cost which they have not regarded as excessive. But as contributors to the agricultural resources of the country the investors of surplus earnings have not cut a large, or even a measurable, figure in the annual reports.

Farming is a trade like another; it has material rewards only for skill and experience, and even with them the material rewards sometimes are missed. One reason for that is the farmer's constant dependence on and subjection to the most uncertain of all things, the weather, and only too frequently his efforts are without result because of misfortunes toward the warding off of which he can do nothing at all.

That he is less harassed by anxieties than urban dwellers is a wild delusion confined exclusively to the cities. The country folk never fall into it, though they do fall into the opposite delusion—that the city folk have no troubles of their own.

Justice Made No Error.

It is to be hoped that nobody will be betrayed by the later than eleventh-hour "confession" of ROBERT BARRON into believing, or even fearing, that ELMER HYATT was put to death in Sing Sing prison Thursday night for a murder which he did not commit. His guilt was proved at his trial beyond doubt or question. Both HYATT and his attorney admitted it, and neither based a plea for leniency on anything except the murderer's youth.

And, young as HYATT was, three others still younger have met the same fate in the same place, so there was nothing exceptional in holding him to the sternest penalty of the law.

Why BARRON attempted, in reality or pretense, to take upon himself responsibility for a crime with which he had nothing to do is as yet somewhat uncertain. In false confessions, however, there is nothing new. They have been made, sometimes in self-sacrificing efforts to save the really guilty from punishment, sometimes out of an abnormal thirst for notoriety, and sometimes in sincere delusion, the product of a weak or insane mind that has long dwelt on the circumstances of a crime or the doom of its perpetrator.

For the present only two things are sure in this case—BARRON did not kill the Rochester policeman and HYATT did. The alienists who have examined BARRON incline strongly to the view that he is not of sound mentality.

Requests Too Often Repeated.

New Yorkers have both admiration and affection for the members of the police force, and the great majority of the city's population are not only willing, but glad, by buying tickets of admission to the athletic sports soon to be held, to help in raising money for purposes every one of which is highly commendable. It is not from any lack of sympathy, therefore, or any grudging of money, that not a few people are complaining of the excessive zeal in the selling of tickets to the games that some of the policemen are displaying.

To a first appeal response is usually prompt and cordial, but the appeals multiply, unfortunately, and those who already have bought tickets in many instances find themselves either compelled to buy again, and more than they want to take, or subjected to the embarrassment of refusing the request of a man to whom every good citizen is under a constant obligation.

Automobilists claim with seeming justice that they are notable sufferers in this way—that sometimes they are "held up" half a dozen times in the course of a single journey up or down Broadway or the avenues.

Unless the policemen can devise some way to avoid these duplications of request or demand, the almost inevitable consequence will be, and should be, the issuance from headquarters of an order forbidding them to raise money in this manner. Even the semblance of coercion or blackmail should be removed, as it is bound to interfere with the success of an enterprise otherwise wholly worthy.

To the Losing Yacht.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to the article in your paper under the caption of "Won't Let Public See the Results," and the stand taken by Robert Emmons, managing owner of the Cup winner, in my opinion, as it must be with millions of others, this attitude is decidedly un-American, and certainly not becoming a winner of an international championship—a positive refusal to allow the public to view the victor. No wonder the public at large is bitterly disappointed in not seeing that good old sport and prince of goodfellowship win the Cup. The good sport is the fellow who can take defeat with a smile, and how can we help admiring the attitude of Sir Thomas Lipton, who will gladly allow his Shamrock to be seen by the admiring multitudes?

Never mind, Sir Thomas, the New York people will be glad to see the boat that can take defeat with a smile, and have nothing but admiration for the man who puts up such a wonderful fight. We regret that we haven't more good sports of your calibre.

M. L. HALLETT.

New York, July 28, 1920.

HARDING'S SPEECH.

More Views on the Candidate's Statement of the Issues.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Senator Harding's speech of acceptance has not received the notice that it merits as a humorous effort.

In addition to the supremely delicious phrase, "ready to serve ourselves, humanity and God," which epitomizes the entire utterance, we have been especially tickled by his remarks on "conscience": "The aspiring conscience of humankind must commit the nations of the earth to a new and better relationship." "One may readily sense the conscience of our America." "In the call of conscience is peace" (a la russe). "If men call for more specific details, I remind them that moral committals are broad and all inclusive (not scraps of paper), and we are contemplating peoples in the concord of humanity's advancement (whatever that may mean). From our own viewpoint the program is specifically American, and we mean to be Americans first to all the world." "We hold to our own interpretation of the American conscience as the very soul of our nationality." "Thus doth conscience make cowards of us all." A really classic passage of pure fustian: "We hold to our rights, and mean to defend, aye, we mean to sustain, the rights of this nation and our citizens alike, everywhere under the shining sun."

And so, in the candidate's own striking phrase: "Ours is an outstanding, influential example to the world, whether we cloak it in spoken modesty or magnify it in exaltation."

JOHN MORRIS.

University of Georgia, Athens, July 27, 1920.

Another Interpretation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Though pretty well accustomed to long, hard words, I could not easily force myself to read the whole of Mr. Harding's speech. I did, however, study with some care the part which I thought would interest me most, viz.: that relating to the League of Nations.

If I interpret his language correctly, and if one may reason from analogy, I judge that if he were attacked by a footpad he would deem it the part of honor to make manful resistance, but that if he saw a friend attacked by a footpad he would not think it seemly to interfere in a quarrel which concerned no one but the attacker and the attacked.

E. C. FROST.

Glens Falls, N. Y., July 29, 1920.

A Climax.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A correspondent says Senator Harding seems to lean to the "me and God" philosophy, because he said "Ready to serve ourselves, humanity and God."

It is a case of "damned either way." The Lampoon once took Yale to task for the slogan "For God, for Country and for Yale" as a specimen of anti-climax. From that standpoint Senator Harding is supremely correct. P. M.

Oak Bluffs, Mass., July 29, 1920.

The Underlying Thought.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The great underlying thought we receive from Senator Harding's speech is—Anything to be different; "Anything to beat Wilson." G. E.

Newark, N. J., July 28, 1920.

Fears of Article X.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have no doubt that Governor Cox in his speeches will lay bare one glaring weakness in the Republican argument against the League of Nations, and especially Article X., but as yet your columns do not seem to have pointed out this weakness. The Republican Senators proclaim loudly that if we join the League our boys will be sent to perish in the Balkans and elsewhere. They would lead one to believe the whole nation was to be conscripted for this purpose.

The ridiculousness of this assertion is apparent to the simplest of minds. Even if such a necessity arose it could not be done without the express compliance of Congress. The number of men we would have to furnish as quota of the international police force would, in normal times, be small, not over, let us say, 50,000. There are in this country many times that number of young men, with no one dependent on their support, who would gladly volunteer for a few years' foreign service, especially in view of the magnificent opportunities for education and training for civil usefulness, which the army now offers.

For generations "our boys" have been joining that splendid organization, the marines, giving their services and often their lives in the cause of peace and order all over the world from Central America to China—and to the glory of American honor and ideals.

ROBERT SCHIRMER.

Rochester, N. Y., July 29, 1920.

THE SECTION GANG.

"Ric-cic-ho!"
Tony Balducci cries,
The red rail heaves
As the bar pries—
Heaves and then drops.
Brown men leap out,
"Brava-brava!"
Balducci's shout,
Grinning, clapping them,
Their shoulders set,
Shaking off use
As a dog shakes wet.
"Ric-cic-ho!"
Tony Balducci cries,
Laughter and steel
In his cat-dark eyes.

Pale convolvulus,
Willow-herb's pink,
Follow the fences;
Spike hammers clink.
John Campani
Carrying can
With moth-proboscis—
Campani, man
For an all-alone job—
Noses the rail,
Sluicing flanges,
Oil-gouts trail;
Behind him loosestrife,
Butterfly weed,
Sky-eyed chicory
Bloom without heed.

Tony Balducci
Has little square plots
Of hooped tomatoes
And parsley in pots
By his blind doorway,
Where no passer sees
Its pent-penates.
He hives wild bees,
Plants his potatoes
With the eagle fern,
And raises bacon
Where sumach candles burn.
Children that count
On a scarlet berry
In their old haunts
Must nowadays hurry.
Balducci and Co.
Are a paring crew—
They churn milkweed
And bottle dew!

DOROTHY LEONARD.

NEW PANAMANIAN APPEAL.

Dr. Urriola Wants American Supervision of Sunday's Election.

BALBOA, Panama, July 29.—Dr. Ciro Urriola, Presidential candidate, has instructed his partisans to abstain from the voting on Aug. 1. He charges the Government with various irregularities at the expense of the opposition. The instructions will not be recalled, he announces, unless the elections are postponed and arrangements are made to have them supervised by Americans.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—A new appeal for the intervention of the United States in Panama to guarantee the integrity of the national election Sunday was made to the State Department today by Dr. Ciro Urriola. It was intimated at the department that such action was improbable.

The Urriola party has asserted repeatedly in communications made by private citizens to the State Department that Velesario Porras, the nominee of the Liberal-Conservatives, was ineligible for the Presidency, because of his too recent holding of the office. They have expressed their fear that the election will not be conducted fairly.

POPE RECEIVES MGR. LILLIS.

Sends His Blessing to the Archbishop of Leavenworth, Who Is Ill.

ROME, July 29.—Mgr. Thomas F. Lillis, Bishop of Kansas City, was received in audience today by Pope Benedict. The Pontiff expressed regret over the unfavorable reports on the health of Mgr. Ward, Archbishop of Leavenworth. He said he hoped Mgr. Ward would soon recover and sent his blessing.

Mgr. Lillis later presented the Very Rev. B. S. Kelly, rector of the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Leavenworth, and the Rev. James Keyes, pastor of St. James Church, Kansas City, to whom the Pope also imparted the Apostolic benediction.

AIDS RUSSIAN CHILDREN.

Red Cross Is Restoring 800 from Siberia to Parents in Petrograd.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Nearly 800 Russian children, en route from Vladivostok to Petrograd to rejoin their parents, whom they have not seen since the Spring of 1918, will arrive in San Francisco on Aug. 2, the American Red Cross announced today.

The children are on a Japanese steamer in charge of Red Cross doctors, nurses and attendants and several Russian school teachers who have been caring for them for more than two years.

The children were sent to Siberia for safe keeping by their parents in Petrograd when the revolution moved toward its height. They were unable to return home through the battle lines and the Red Cross took charge of them. They will spend several days in San Francisco, visit Panama Canal ports and New York City and sail for some Baltic seaport early in September.

BRITISH RELEASE SEIZURES.

American Owners to Regain Shipments Held During War.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—American owners of goods seized under British Orders in Council during the war, as of enemy origin or destination, may now obtain possession by filing necessary proof of ownership, according to formal notification of British prize court rulings in test cases, transmitted today to the State Department.

Under the decision, title will be determined on ownership at the time peace became effective in Great Britain. The decision held that the claimants must pay the cost of detentions and insurance.

The Consul General at London reported that reimbursement should now be applied for by all American claimants who deposited funds against the property held by the British Government. Applications, he said, should be forwarded to the British Procurator-General at London.

QUEENS CARMEN GET RISE.

Office Staff and Shopmen Included in 10% Wage Advance.

William O. Wood, President and General Manager of the New York & Queens County Railway Company, yesterday announced an increase of approximately 10 per cent. in the wages of its entire office staff, conductors, motormen and inspectors in the operating department and shopmen and linemen in the repair department. This will add in the neighborhood of $25,000 a month to the company's payroll. The increase was made voluntarily without any demand by the employes.

In a recent communication to the Borough officials in Queens President Wood said the company was not making its operating expenses and that it was carrying passengers at a loss and for that reason it would be impossible to make repairs to its tracks and repave streets within the railroad area as ordered by the Borough President.

FREIGHTER ON WORLD TRIP.

Steamer West Kesson Reaches Boston with Cargo from Calcutta.

BOSTON, July 30.—The Pacific Mail steamer West Kesson, the first American freighter to be operated in a regular around-the-world service, arrived here today. She brought a cargo of skins and cotton from Calcutta for this port, and has aboard also a large quantity of Java sugar consigned to New York.

The West Kesson began her globe-circling freight trip at San Francisco on March 12, and is expected to return there in September. Her last stop was at Bilbao, Spain, from which she sailed on July 18.

Whether she will take any cargo from here is in doubt, the Shipping Board having ordered her to proceed without loading, while Governor Coolidge and State and city officials have requested permission to have her take on 1,500 tons of cargo now on the docks.

NEW BRUNSWICK GAINS 9,391

Decreases Reported in One Michigan and One Montana Town.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Census reports issued today give the following figures:

New Brunswick, N. J., 32,779, an increase of 9,391 or 40.2 per cent.

Clarksburg, W. Va., 27,869, an increase of 15,668 or 207.9 per cent.

Jefferson County, Ky., including Louisville, 286,369, an increase of 23,448 or 8.9 per cent.

Columbus, Ga., 31,125, an increase of 10,571 or 51.4 per cent.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., 12,096, a decrease of 519 or 4.1 per cent.

Missoula, Mont., 12,668, a decrease of 201 or 1.6 per cent.

Nacogdoches, Texas, 3,548, an increase of 177 or 5.2 per cent.

NO 2-CENT FARE INJUNCTION.

New York Central, Losing Decision, May Appeal to Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 30.—The United States District Court has denied the application of the New York Central Railroad for an injunction to restrain the Public Service Commission from enforcing the two-cent rate recently ordered on the New York Central lines between Albany and Buffalo. The case was argued before the District Court in New York City, and today the decision was announced at the office of Federal Judge Cooper in Schenectady. The court was divided, two to one, on the decision. The case will be appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States.

$38,690,910 ASKED FOR NEW SCHOOLS

18 Elementary, 51 Portable, 4 High School Buildings Proposed in 1921 Budget.

PRALL WRITES TO MAYOR

222,471 Pupils Under Instruction in Part Time Classes Last May, He Asserts.

New York City's budget makers are asked to include an item of $38,690,910 in the 1921 budget for schools, according to statements by Anning S. Prall, President of the Board of Education, in a letter to Mayor Hylan yesterday.

Among the things desired, according to Mr. Prall, are eighteen new elementary schools, fifty-one portable schools, twelve new sites, 45,855 new sittings, four new high schools, a new school for the deaf, a new headquarters building and site, a new supply depository and a new training school building.

Mr. Prall says the failure to build schools from 1915 to 1918 and the continued increase in the school population obliged the Board of Education to provide 111,000 sittings to give each child a seat.

Referring to the need for eighteen new elementary schools and fifty-one portable schools Mr. Prall said that last May 222,471 children were under instruction in part time classes or on double or duplicate sessions.

111,000 Seats Are Needed.

In pointing out the need for 111,000 additional seats Mr. Prall said:

"Conditions of the labor and material market make it impossible to provide this number of seats in a year. After conferring with contractors, the Superintendent of Buildings and a representative of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment I am satisfied it will be possible to relieve the situation during the year 1921 to the following extent:

Eighteen new elementary schools and additions	$20,930,000
Twelve new sites for elementary schools	4,600,000
One new training school building	1,800,000
One new school for the deaf	1,450,000
Fifty-one necessary portable buildings	238,000
Sites for portable buildings	75,000
For improvement of playgrounds	600,000
Four new high school buildings	7,200,000
One new high school site	10,000
One new supply depository	1,350,000
One new headquarters building and site	9,000,000
Total	$38,690,000

"If the necessary sites are provided early in the year 1921, all of this work will be well under way during the year. The new schools enumerated above, if built, would provide sittings in elementary schools including teachers' training schools and school for the deaf, 59,040; in portable buildings, 2,295, and in high schools, 8,500, or a total of 45,855.

"The City of New York during normal times requires from 16,000 to 20,000 additional school sittings per annum, and it must not be forgotten that during the years 1915, 1916, 1917, and 1918, there were practically no additional schools built. During these years the taxpayers were called upon to pay for additional schools, and there should be no hesitancy about asking them to make up a part of the deficiency now through an increase in the tax rate."

Study Made of Problem.

Mr. Prall spoke of a study of the school housing problem made by the Board of Education and then continued:

"Most of the congested places included in our list are in Harlem, The Bronx, Brownsville, Borough Park, Coney Island, Williamsburg and the vicinity of East 12th Street and First Avenue, Manhattan.

"In many localities congestion exists in old portable buildings, and in many cases children are carried to remote places to school at the public's expense.

"While it is evident that all requests for new buildings cannot be complied with, we must be prepared to squarely face the situation, due, in a large measure, to the neglect of past administrations to keep pace with the increased school population.

"Another question of great importance to be considered at this time is the advisability of erecting schools in the very thickly congested portions of the city, or whether provision should be made in localities now reached by our costly system of subways.

"If we continue to build schools in the thickly congested portions of the city, the people will not move out to those neighborhoods where their children may have proper surroundings, and into which the subways have been built for the purpose of relieving congestion.

"I trust that when our budget is before the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, if any suggestion is made to eliminate any item included in buildings and sites, you will appoint a committee to confer with a committee of the Board of Education before serious consideration is given such suggestion."

TO DISCUSS TUBERCULOSIS.

American Delegates Will Attend International Conference in Paris.

Announcement of an International conference on tuberculosis, to be held in Paris the week of Oct. 7, was made yesterday by the National Tuberculosis Association, 381 Fourth Avenue. The last gathering of the kind was held in Rome in 1912, a contemplated reunion for 1914 having been given up on account of the war. It is probable that the formation of a national tuberculosis association in France will be perfected.

The American Red Cross and the International Red Cross at Geneva will have representatives at the convention. Those to go from this country are expected to include the following:

Dr. James Alexander Miller, President of the New York Tuberculosis Association; Dr. Gerald B. Webb, head of the National Tuberculosis Association; Dr. Lawrason Brown, President of the American Sanatorium Association; Dr. Paul Lewis, Director of the pathological laboratory at Phipps Institute, Philadelphia; Dr. David R. Pyman, Superintendent of the Gaylord Farms Sanatorium, Wallingford, Conn.; Dr. Stephen J. Maher, Chairman of the Connecticut State Tuberculosis Commission, and Dr. Charles L. Monor, a tuberculosis specialist of Asheville, N. C. Leon Bourgeois, President of the

MISS LOWENSTEIN MARRIED IN LONDON

Controller of New York's Jewish Charities Wed Jonah Goldstein July 9.

SURPRISE TO FRIENDS HERE

New York Lawyer and His Bride, Also a Lawyer, Are Returning on the Nieuw Amsterdam.

The marriage is announced of Miss Harriet B. Lowenstein and Jonah Goldstein, a lawyer of this city, who resides at 69 Madison Street, near the former home of Governor Smith, which took place in London on July 9. The first report of the wedding was received yesterday by cable to Felix M. Warburg, Chairman of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies in New York and of the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Funds for Jewish War Sufferers, of which the bride is controller.

Mr. and Mrs. Goldstein are on the Nieuw Amsterdam, which is due to arrive here within a few days.

The announcement of the marriage will come as a surprise to the many friends of the couple. Mrs. Goldstein is a lawyer, and was the first woman to obtain the degree of certified public accountant in this State. She is a former public school teacher, and controller of New York's Jewish charities. Mr. Goldstein is actively identified with the work of the University Settlement.

He left here about June 1 at the head of a staff of accountants for the purpose of establishing uniform accounting systems for American Jewish relief activities in Europe. In London she met Mr. Goldstein, an old friend, and they were married by Rabbi Moses Hyamson of the Congregation Orach Chaim of this city, who happened to be in London at that time.

Later they went to Paris and then to Warsaw. It is expected they will bring with them complete details of the murder in Ukraine of Professor Israel Friedlaender and Dr. Bernard Cantor, also communications for the Joint Distribution Committee as to the actual conditions in Poland.

COLONISTS AT STREET FAIR.

Circus in Aid of Southampton Hospital May Realize $40,000.

A society street fair and circus for the benefit of the Southampton Hospital was held yesterday at Southampton, L. I. The committee in charge expects to realize $40,000 from the affair, which drew large crowds from the Long Island colonies.

The circus feature consisted of five acts from Luna Park, the Long Island Railroad helping out by lending a car to bring the circus to the resort.

There was a shopping district, with a hot-shop, soda water fountain, vegetable and jam and preserve booths. A studio was fixed up for Caruso for the drawing of cartoons. There were also a tea room and many novelty booths.

There was dancing on a huge platform last night, illuminated by variously colored electric lights. Vincent Astor donated the services of two professional dancers, who gave exhibitions.

Mrs. Albert Gallatin was the Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements. Other members included Mrs. A. Stewart Walker, Mrs. Thomas M. Carnegie, Mrs. Joseph R. Dilworth, Mrs. Adrian H. Larkin, Mrs. Edward Delafield, Mrs. L. Z. Leiter, Mrs. A. Mc-Cormick, Mrs. Caleb T. Dowmall, Mrs. Thomas Howell, Mrs. C. Ryan, Mrs. D. Sawyer, Mrs. Clarkson Potter, Mrs. Percy Stewart, Mrs. Rodney Proctor, Mrs. John Berwind, Mrs. Lester Armory and the Princess Miguel de Braganza.

WILL WED LIEUT. LITTLE.

Joy Bright to Marry in London Aviator Who Will Pilot R-38 Here.

Miss Joy Bright, youngest daughter of State Senator William H. Bright of Wildwood, N. J., will be married to Lieutenant Charles Gray Little of the United States Naval Reserve Force in London, England, early this Autumn.

Miss Bright will sail with her mother on Sept. 30 on the Mauretania, and will meet Lieutenant Little in London.

Lieutenant Little is in England awaiting the construction of the R-38, the new United States super-dirigible, which is scheduled to fly across the Atlantic in the Spring of 1921. As chief navigating officer he will pilot the dirigible on her first transatlantic flight. The largest shed in the world is now being erected at Cape May to house the dirigible on her arrival.

Lieutenant Little's home is in Newburyport, Mass. He is a graduate of Harvard, and was one of the first twenty officers sent overseas in the naval aviation dirigible squadron. During the war he was commanding officer at Guipavas, France, also at Paimboeuf, and served at headquarters in Paris.

After a honeymoon trip through Belgium and Italy, Lieutenant Little and his bride will reside at Howden, England, until the flight.

Arrivals at Bretton Woods.

Robert Sampson, Miss Rothwell and Miss Elsie Jillean of Montreal have arrived at the Mount Washington to spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Reese are there from Philadelphia for their annual sojourn. Mr. and Mrs. John C. Lawler of Columbus are passing a fortnight there.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard M. Cadwalader, Mrs. W. J. Blackman and Mrs. Gouverneur Cadwalader reached the homestead yesterday from Philadelphia by auto.

Mr. and Mrs. Melville E. Ingalls, who arrived on Wednesday from New York, motored yesterday to Warm Springs.

Mrs. William H. Payne of New York, Mrs. Cecil Biddle of Philadelphia and Mrs. Walter S. Hutchins of Washington were among those at tea yesterday on the Casino lawn.

The championship finals in the men's singles and doubles of the Crawford Notch tennis tournament attracted a large gallery there yesterday and many fine matches were played. Bretton Woods is to see the events. James D. Ewing, Jr., of Yonkers, and J. Brooks Fenno, Jr., of Cambridge, furnished some brilliant tennis in the singles.

At the Bretton Woods baseball field the Mount Washington and the Mount Pleasant teams played. The Mount Washington team won by a score of 5 to 3.

Miss Nancy C. McEldowney and the Misses Annabell and Hester McEldowney of Pittsburgh, who have been at the Mount Washington for some time, motored to Birchville Notch to spend a few days at the Balsams.

Motoring to the Mount Washington from Birchville Notch were Mrs. William Nathan and Miss Louise Harkness of New York, who are en route from Poland Springs.

Ex-Judge N. L. Miller Playing Golf.

Special to The New York Times.

BRETTON WOODS, N. H., July 30.—Ex-Judge Nathan L. Miller of Syracuse, nominated as the Republican candidate for Governor of New York, is at the Mount Washington Hotel with Mrs. Miller, and plays golf daily with Judge Frank H. Hiscock of Syracuse, who is there with Mrs. Hiscock.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

A reception will be given for Sir Thomas Lipton on next Tuesday evening at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis William Randebrock are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter at their country home at Nyack-on-Hudson. The child is a granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Lewis Chapman and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hugo Randebrock. Mrs. Randebrock was formerly Miss Augusta Chapman.

Mrs. Vincent Astor, who has been the guest of Lady Ribblesdale in London, is returning from England early next week.

Miss Abby P. Morrison of 20 East Forty-ninth Street has sailed for Antwerp to attend the Olympic games, and will secure material for lectures for the New York Board of Education on the games and post-war conditions abroad.

Martin W. Littleton, Jr., who is to marry Miss Marion Carroll on Aug. 4 at Greenwich, Conn., is giving his farewell bachelor dinner tonight at Plandome, L. I.

Commander Frederick Ceres, U. S. N., recently of the Naval Attaché at the United States Embassy in Paris, and Mrs. Ceres are at the Astor prior to sailing on Sept. 1 for Shanghai, China, where Commander Ceres is to be stationed.

Miss Mary Lawrence Post, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Waldron Kintzing Post, and Gerard Vernon Wallop, son of the Hon. Oliver Henry Wallop, will be married today in St. John's Church, Bayville, L. I. The Countess of Portsmouth accompanied her nephew from England to attend the wedding.

Mrs. George J. Gould is sailing today on the Aquitania for England to visit her son-in-law and daughter, Lord and Lady Decies.

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Van Alen and family and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Frelinghuysen are also sailing on the Aquitania.

Countess Szechenyi, who, with her children, has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Vanderbilt, at the Breakers since early Summer, has left Newport on the Harry Payne Whitney yacht Whileaway. She will join Mr. and Mrs. Whitney at their camp at Racquet Lake in the Adirondacks.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson W. Burchard are sailing for France on the Aquitania and will be abroad until Oct. 1. Mlle. Jean Monson of Paris, who has been their guest for several months, will return with them.

Washington.

The President and Mrs. Wilson were accompanied on their motor ride yesterday by Miss Margaret Wilson and Professor Stockton Axson, who arrived on Thursday for a visit at the White House.

The Minister from Bulgaria and Mme. Panaretoff will start on Sunday for Williamstown, Mass., for a short visit before going to Manchester, N. H., where they will stay until the middle of September.

The Secretary of War and Mrs. Baker were the guests of Colonel and Mrs. William C. Rivers for the military horse show given yesterday by the Third Squadron of the 10th Cavalry, U. S. A. Others who were guests of Colonel and Mrs. Rivers were General and Mrs. William D. Connors. Captain and Mrs. John W. Weeks also entertained a number of guests, taking them later to the tea dance at the home of Colonel and Mrs. Rivers.

Mr. and Mrs. Earle Butler arrived yesterday by motor from their home in Des Moines to be the guests of the Secretary of Agriculture and Mrs. Meredith for several days. Mr. and Mrs. Butler have been motoring through Canada and New England. Mrs. Hal H. Ray and Miss Margaret Ray will arrive today from their home in Des Moines and join the house party of the Secretary and Mrs. Meredith.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Tuttle left yesterday for Moose Lake in the Adirondacks. Their daughter, Miss Adelaide Tuttle, is now at Rye Beach, and will go later to Hyannisport, Mass., to visit Miss Minna Blair at the Summer home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Blair.

Mr. and Mrs. Streeter B. Flynn have gone to their camp in the Canadian woods for spending several weeks with Mrs. Flynn's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Tuttle, in Washington.

Lenox.

Mrs. Wm. Hall Walker had a company of 225 persons from the Berkshire colonies for a concert at her villa, Brookside, in Great Barrington yesterday afternoon. Mrs. David Ives Mackie and Mrs. John S. Church, who are interested with Mrs. Walker in ascension farm at Schaghticoke, for which the concert was given, assisted in receiving. Artists were Mrs. Dennison D. Dana, soprano, daughter-in-law of Mrs. Walker; Mrs. Harold Richards, in costume dancing, and John Louw Nelson, pianist. Guests at Brookside besides Mrs. Richards are Mrs. Albert B. Carleton and Mr. and Mrs. Orlando Dana.

Entertainments last night included a dance at the Lenox Club, for which the Aspinwall Hotel Orchestra played. Supper was served at midnight at small tables on the verandas. There was a dinner company of sixteen at the club before the dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Higginson, Jr., gave a dinner at Sundrum House last night for friends of their daughters, Misses Lee and Theresa Higginson, who have Miss Elizabeth and Thayer Thorndyke of Boston with them.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Sharer Crofts are at the Curtis Hotel while visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Livingston Lee.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard K. Burras, who are touring back to New York from Montreal, arrived at the Curtis yesterday. Also there are Mrs. W. K. Bond Emerson, Rupert Emerson of Rye, N. Y., and Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. McAlpin of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. Howard B. Boyce of Baltimore, Md.

Newport.

The largest social affair of this season was that given at Miramar by Mrs. Alexander Hamilton Rice last night, a dance and supper, following the illustrated lecture given by her husband, Dr. Rice, at the Casino Theatre for the benefit of the Newport Home for the Aged. The theatre was filled to overflowing with members of the Summer colony. Dr. Rice told of his latest explorations in the upper Orinoco regions of South America. The lecture was very interesting and was illustrated with views that had been taken by the party. Mrs. Rice accompanied Dr. Rice on the greater portion of the trip. Dr. and Mrs. Rice have among their guests at Miramar, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Widener.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James returned from New York on their yacht and were at the Casino yesterday morning. They had with them their guests, Norman Henderson of New York, W. F. Arnold of Waterbury and Miss Dorothy A. Grannis also of Waterbury. They were registered at the Casino as were J. Dudley Clark, Jr., and Forester A. Clark, who are the guests of Robert Gould Shaw, 2d, Commander Hill, Mrs. Ridley McLean, Miss McKnew of New York, Miss Catherine H. Hamlin and Mrs. J. D. Hamlin of Meriden, Conn., and Mrs. James S. Cushman.

Mrs. Charles F. P. Richardson was a luncheon hostess yesterday afternoon and Mrs. James B. Duke gave a luncheon at Villa Rosa.

Mr. and Mrs. Paula Andrews gave a large dinner party at Rocky Hall last night and afterwards took their guests to the dance and supper given at Miramar by Dr. and Mrs. Rice.

Mr. and Mrs. James Laurens Van Alen have concluded their season and have gone to New York with their family to sail for Europe.

Mrs. Daniel B. Fearing is the guest of Mrs. Louis Lorillard at her Catherine Street home, having returned from Northeast Harbor, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerome N. Bonaparte left for Saratoga yesterday to remain until the middle of August, when they will return to Hilltop for the remainder of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth Wickes, who are just back from Europe, have arrived at their Summer home Zee Rust, where their daughters have been ever since early in the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Gould Jennings have arrived at their Bellevue Avenue home.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert K. Cassatt gave a dinner party aboard their yacht last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, who are abroad, will spend the late season at their Bellevue Avenue home.

SEIZE $115,000 RUM IN BRONX STORAGE

Prohibition Agents Find 1,672 Cases of Whisky in Private Warehouse.

SIX MEN ARE ARRESTED

Three Are Charged with Illegal Transportation—Permit Declared to be Forged.

Following the arrest Thursday of Bernard Bornstein and his brother, Nat Bornstein, and Daniel Rohrs of 323 East Eighth Street on a charge of transporting liquor without a permit, prohibition enforcement agents late Thursday night went to the warehouse conducted by Bernard Bornstein, 999 Freeman Street, the Bronx, and seized 1,672 cases of bonded whisky, valued at $115,000, it was announced yesterday morning at the office of James Shevlin, Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent.

The seized liquors were removed in seven automobile trucks to the Knickerbocker Warehouse. The agents said that while loading the whisky on the trucks they were frequently interrupted by telephone orders for great quantities of whisky, one person wanting to purchase $2,500 worth.

Bernard Bornstein, who is held in $2,000 bail for examination on the charge of illegally transporting liquor, said he did not understand that the whisky had been seized, though it merely had been removed to the Knickerbocker Warehouse pending disposition of his case. He said he was just about to remove the whisky himself to another warehouse when the agents came around to do it for him. He also remarked that the case against him seemed to be the result of agents from Washington not being familiar with the regular procedure. He asserted that he had a permit to transport the five cases of whisky he had on a truck at the time of the arrest Thursday morning. He said also that he had a permit to have in his possession the whisky that was seized.

Call Permit a Forgery.

Charged with the illegal transportation of forty-three cases of whisky, three men were arrested yesterday by prohibition enforcement agents. The men gave their names as Joseph Gagliono, 303 East 105th Street; Tony Provinsano, 336 East 105th Street, and Herbert Schaub, 66 Dawson Street, the Bronx. They were held by Commissioner Hitchcock in $500 bail each for examination. Dennis Maylan, and Mathew Culligan, who made the arrests, say the men exhibited a forged permit. The arrests were made at Eighth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street. The permit was for the delivery of the whisky from Harry Katz, 117 West 110th Street, to Joseph Roth, 432 West Forty-fifth Street.

Under a new regulation in the fight on forged permits, effective next week, vendors will be required to deliver all the whisky they sell. The permit for the transaction will be sent by mail to the vendor. He will provide a copy to the driver of the delivery truck. One copy will be left on file by the vendor, one given to the vendee and the original returned to the office of Charles R. O'Connor, Prohibition Director.

It also was announced that the signature of every individual holding a liquor permit of any kind must be written on a card at the office of the Prohibition Director next week. These signatures will be filed for the purpose of comparison, when the original permits are returned, which, under the law, must not be later than the day following delivery of the liquor.

Police Sergeant Nicola and half a dozen detectives, under Acting Inspector Samuel Belton of the Special Service Division, last night at 9:30 o'clock made a raid on the Italian Kitchen, 107 West Forty-eighth Street. They arrested four men, who were locked up in the West Forty-seventh Street Police Station on a charge of violating the law. Instead of the fifteen cases of whisky, some gin, two demijohns of claret and other liquors to the value of $3,500 were seized. The prisoners gave their names as John Fliegenzi, 237 East 110th Street; John Stevenson, 182 West Fifty-fourth Street; Harry Kennedy, 701 Columbus Avenue, who said he was manager of the place, and George De Solma, 107 West Forty-eighth Street.

$100,000 Jersey Liquor Taken.

The Flying Squadron of prohibition enforcement agents, operating under the direction of Jacob B. Sloanaker, Assistant Chief Enforcement Agent for New Jersey, Delaware and Pennsylvania, who suddenly swooped down on the saloons in Newark Thursday afternoon, had virtually ended its activities last night, the net result being the seizure of about $100,000 worth of liquor in the fifty-two places raided. Forty raids were made in Newark, two in Orange and one in East Orange.

Mr. Sloanaker said last night that he was pleased with the work of his men. He said the raids in Jersey were being conducted on information gathered by agents last month and were in no way related to the avidence or statements of Samuel Wilson, Assistant Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New Jersey. Some of Mr. Sloanaker's men expressed disappointment that greater progress was not made, declaring that many liquor dealers in Newark had been "tipped off" before the raids.

It was reported that the agents would extend their operations today to Jersey City and other points in Jersey. In Jersey City last night it was said that there had been no indication that any of the prohibition agents had started operations there.

In one raid in Newark yesterday the agents forced their way through the room of a woman, said to be dying, ignoring the protests of the proprietor of the place, Andrew Praeger, of 27 Ferry Street. They broke four padlocked, barred and bolted doors on the second floor of the building, reaching a room in which they found $10,000 worth of whisky, gin and wines. The liquor was taken to the Federal Building.

The discovery of an underground cache at 152 Ferry Street, led to a fight between Agents Smith and McCabe, and William Heady, saloonkeeper. In a dark cellar they came across a passage in which they found two barrels of whisky. Then Heady seized a bottle and swung for Smith's head. Smith dodged and overpowered the saloonkeeper. Two more barrels and several bottles were found on the third floor.

Hypnotist Restrains Himself.

Arthur Everton of 117 Washington Street, in whose apartment the agents seized $6,000 worth of liquor, declared that the agents would have been powerless if he had cared to stop them. Everton gained public notice several years ago as a hypnotist. When asked why he did not work a spell on the agents, Everton replied:

"I wouldn't do that. I am a law-abiding citizen."

Everton's flat is above a saloon at Washington and New Streets. When the agents appeared with a search warrant, a quarrel arose between the agents and Mrs. Everton. Robert Leech, the saloonkeeper, and George Frechette, a bartender, who sided with Mrs. Everton, were arrested for interfering.

A number of saloonkeepers and their bartenders gave themselves up before United States Commissioner Matthews. Some protested against the manner in which the raids were conducted. Alexander Lebowitz, 278 Broad Street, was the first to surrender. He was released on $300 bail for the Federal Grand Jury. As a result of the raids, it is expected that more than 300 liquor dealers would be arrested within the next few days.

Agent Underwood reported that an attempt to bribe him had been made by the proprietor of a saloon on Ferry Street.

What is said to be the biggest auction of raisins ever held in this city is scheduled for Monday at 12 o'clock on the New York Mercantile Exchange floor, 6 Harrison Street. The auction will include the 1920 crop of two and three crown loose Muscatel raisins, in units of 600 boxes, 2,400 boxes and 120,000 boxes, for October and November shipment.

Prohibition, it is asserted, is responsible for the big demand that has developed for raisins. They are used, it is said, for making various home concoctions with a "kick."

Get $12,000 in Liquor at Greenwich.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., July 30.—Twelve thousand dollars worth of whisky was conveyed to Bridgeport this morning by Federal agents as a result of their activities in Greenwich last night. The whisky, said to be of a formerly well-known brand, was contained in 150 cases and was loaded in a motor truck. The driver, whose name could not be learned, was stopped by the agents in the residential hill district west of Greenwich.

PRAYS FOR PRESIDENT AT WHITE HOUSE DESK

Minister Visiting Offices Asks "Full Health and Strength" for Absent Executive.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Prayer for President Wilson's complete return to health was offered today by a minister sitting in the President's own chair and with head bowed low over the desk long used by Mr. Wilson in his private office at the White House.

The minister, the Rev. John Norberry, pastor of John Wesley Church of the Nazarene of New York, had called at the executive offices twenty years to the day from his first visit there with his bride to shake hands with President McKinley.

Accompanied by his wife and daughter, Mr. Norberry walked through the Cabinet room and then to the President's office, arranged exactly as Mr. Wilson left it before his illness nearly a year ago. There Mr. Norberry sat down and prayed briefly but earnestly for the day when the President might be restored to full health and strength.

CAMPBELL'S WIDOW HERE.

Identifies Body of Dishwasher-Physician at the Morgue.

Mrs. Elma Campbell, widow of Dr. Harry E. Campbell, who was employed as a dishwasher in Shanley's restaurant on West Forty-second Street, and whose death last Sunday disclosed that he was a former prominent physician in Pittsburgh, visited the morgue yesterday and identified the body of her husband. She did not claim the body, but left burial arrangements in the hands of Miss F. Lulu Findlay, a cousin, who was executrix of the estate left by Dr. Campbell's mother.

The body will be taken to Pittsburgh today for burial in the family plot there. Mrs. Campbell, a woman of evident refinement and education, seemed distressed by the ordeal. She had no public statement to make, but told officials that she was at a loss for a reason why her husband had abandoned his career as a physician to be a dishwasher. She had not seen him for nearly three years, she said.

Mrs. Campbell declared that she had not received any money from Dr. Campbell for a long time. She denied having recently collected $20,000 on an endowment insurance policy which matured. Up to a late hour last night Mrs. Campbell had not appeared at the home of Mrs. Joanna Hunting at 205 West Fifty-sixth Street, where Dr. Campbell roomed.

FLOATING OIL LIGHTS SEA.

Mystery of "Burning Tanker" Explained by Fishing Crew.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 30.—The mystery of the "burning tanker" supposed to have gone down with all hands twelve miles off Avalon, south of here, last Wednesday, was solved this evening when the auxiliary fishing schooner Mackintosh, Captain George Painter, from Buford, S. C., arrived with a load of fish for shipment.

Captain Painter said the Mackintosh was fishing off Avalon and was perilously hampered by the masses of oil floating on the surface of the sea from the tanker Gabrille, which grounded on the Brigantine Shoals last friday, and was floated after discharging 1,000 tons of oil.

This oil drifted northward along the shore, and the engineer of the Mackintosh, when the fishermen complained that the petroleum was damaging the fishing, tossed blazing waste on the floating oil. Instantly there was a flare and the whole sea appeared to catch fire. The Mackintosh fled at her best speed. The fire ran from streak to streak and from pool to pool of the floating oil, giving th impression of a series of explosions, which were reported to the coast guard stations along the shore. The oil finally burned itself out.

BEDFORD FIGHT QUELLED.

Policeman Wade, Who Routed Rioters Saturday, Is Recalled.

Special to The New York Times.

BEDFORD, N. Y., July 30.—Although orders were issued today for the withdrawal of the three troopers of the State Constabulary who have been on duty here in the State Reformatory for Women since the riot last Saturday, another call was sent out for the return of Policeman Thomas Wade. It was Wade who routed a group of colored inmates last Saturday when they attacked him and some of the other inmates with knives and flatirons.

Two inmates started a fight in Gibbons Cottage today, and the other inmates and members of the staff of the institution were afraid of them. When the recalcitrants saw Wade returning with the same nightstick with which he cracked heads last week they decided to call off their rebellion. Other policemen are patrolling the grounds tonight. All are armed and, for moral suasion, a pistol target has been set up on the lawn. There has been no pistol practice yet, but many of the guards carry weapons.

PLAN TO CUT TOBACCO CROP.

Kentucky Growers Intend to Substitute Corn and Wheat.

Special to The New York Times.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 30.—Representatives of 100,000 farmers in forty counties in Kentucky who last year produced about 300,000,000 pounds of burley tobacco were today called to meet here next Wednesday to take steps to eliminate tobacco next year. The plan is to substitute for tobacco corn, wheat and other food-making grains.

A tremendous acreage would be affected. The tobacco grown by the farmers last year sold for nearly $70,000,000. The price continued high all over this section, over $90,000,000 being paid for tobacco on the Lexington markets alone. The high price, it is believed, will cause thousands of tobacco farmers to continue to raise tobacco, despite an appeal to turn their fields into other crops.

At a meeting of tobacco growers held in Carrollton, Ky., recently, it was decided to call a mass meeting at Lexington, Ky., for Aug. 4 of all the counties in the burley district to discuss the advisability of curtailing its production and planting a larger acreage of corn, wheat and other foodstuffs.

NAVY MAN LEAPS TO DEATH.

Lieutenant Ends Suffering by Jumping Four Stories.

First Lieut. Benjamin P. Hinman, 32 years old, an officer in the United States Navy, ended his life yesterday by jumping from the fourth floor of an apartment at 510 West 140th Street.

Lieutenant Hinman had been ill for a long time, suffering from nervous disorders.

SEES 40,000 IN BRONX HOMELESS IN APRIL

Robitzek Tells Lockwood Committee Need for Legislation to Extend Tenants' Stays.

WORKERS' HOMES AT COST

City Housing Company Incorporated to Erect Houses on Easy-Payment Plan.

Unless a special session of the Legislature grants Municipal Court Justices power to extend stays to tenants of from three to five years, 40,000 Bronx families will be homeless before next April and beyond any aid that the courts might render them, was a statement made last night by Municipal Court Justice Harry Robitzek to the members of the Lockwood Joint Legislative Housing Committee meeting at Morris High School.

The suggestions for new rent laws and the amendments proposed to the existing laws, as put forth by Justice Robitzek and others who appeared before the committee, constituted what were characterized as the most drastic changes that have as yet been advanced in the handling of landlord and tenant litigation.

The auditorium was jammed to the doors with a crowd of tenants, who applauded ever change suggested, and whose spokesman said they would descend on Albany in such numbers at the special session that the last "invasion of Albany" would appear like "a dream of paradise in comparison."

Justice Robitzek said he had signed final orders in more than 10,000 cases since April 1 which will expire next Spring, at which time he will have no power to extend the stays and will be forced to sign eviction papers. He predicted that apartment houses would be emptied wholesale by such evictions and that tenants would be turned out without mercy.

Sees Rents Condition in Spring.

The new laws will have been nullified, he said, if at the end of the present stays landlords are permitted to take possession of the premises. He also predicted that conditions will be so acute that tenants next Spring will fight to force landlords to take advances of 200 per cent. and more in rent. Under conditions that will then obtain he said there would be nothing to prevent landlords from getting 500 per cent. increase in rent.

He urged the extension of the stay for from three to five years with the proviso that the landlord be permitted to come into court once a year for a readjustment to suit the increased expense of maintenance if he could establish such a contention.

The present laws should be made to apply to stores, lofts and hotels, he added, and the entire burden of proof regarding the reasonableness of rent increases should be placed on the landlord, whether the increases are above or below 25 per cent. He would compel the landlord in all cases to prove that the tenant is undesirable or that he needs the apartment for himself before he could gain possession.

Robert S. Mullen, formerly associated with the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, said that under rulings now being made by some Judges tenants in two or three years will have to pay increases of from 100 per cent. He urged an amendment to give the tenant an indefinite stay if he proves he cannot find other premises. The 25 per cent. provision should be reduced to 10 per cent. and the burden of proof should be placed on the landlord, he added.

Says Laws Favor Landlords.

In spite of the fact that the new laws were drawn by the Justices themselves, said Mr. Mullen, they are still apparently in the landlord's favor. The tenant should be allowed the right of appeal on a hold-over proceeding, he urged.

William J. Cahill of the University Heights Rent Payers' Association suggested that when a landlord brought a hold-over proceeding the tenant should be permitted to bring in a defense. The speakers termed the hold-over proceeding the loophole by means of which the landlord is at present evading the new rent laws and ousting tenants and then gouging newcomers.

To provide workingmen's homes at cost and to encourage home ownership, articles of incorporation were filed yesterday by the New York City Housing Corporation in the County Clerk's office, according to a statement by Edward P. Doyle, Secretary of the Mayor's Housing Conference Committee. Mr. Doyle said the Housing Corporation was organized under the supervision of the Mayor's Housing Conference Committee, of which Tenement House Commissioner Frank Mann is Chairman.

"The plan is to build model six-family houses," said Mr. Doyle's statement. "Two locations have been selected in Queens County along the new subway line, about 8 minutes from Grand Central. In Astoria construction has already been begun.

The object of the company is "to provide workingmen's homes at cost; to encourage home ownership, thrift, industry and contentment through the medium of 'model homes.' The profits derived from the rent payer to go to the tenant, not to a landlord."

"Homes are to be furnished to workmen on an easy payment plan; each six-family house is to be divided into six units. On an investment of $1,000, which can be covered by installments, tenants ought to be enabled to live in their own apartments, consisting of five rooms and bath at a rental of about $25 a month actual cost.

"The committee is now working on a plan of financing, having been promised aid and support from all the city officials, as well as financial interests and manufacturers."

According to Chairman Frank Mann, so far as New York City is concerned, a survey shows that home ownership at present is represented by less than five per cent. of the population. Statistics show that over 4,000,000 people now live in multi-family houses.

"The main object of the company is to furnish apartments at low cost. The majority of workmen cannot afford to pay over $25 a month, and to cater to this demand the efforts of the Mayor's Housing Committee will be particularly centred.

"By volume of production and the erection of buildings on low priced land, the Chairman of the Mayor's Housing Conference Committee has worked out a plan that has been pronounced feasible and which will give the greatest possible housing space at minimum cost."

Mr. Doyle added that a contract is to be entered into by means of which a company that has erected more than 800 six-family houses in Queens County accommodating more than 36,000 people, is to erect units of houses, which are to be offered to working people on the easy payment plan.

Franco-Belgian Compact Completed.

PARIS, July 30.—Captain André Tardieu says in l'Illustration today that the military convention between France and Belgium, which has been under negotiation since January, has been completed and will soon be promulgated officially. This will add greatly to the military potentialities of France, Captain Tardieu declared.

VICE ADMIRAL NAPIER DIES IN BERMUDA

Commander in Chief of British North American Naval Station Was in Battle of Jutland.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, July 30.—Vice Admiral Sir Trevylyan D. W. Napier, K. C. B., Commander in Chief of the British North American and West Indies naval station, died at 2:30 o'clock this morning at the Admiralty House here. Death was due to enteric fever.

The funeral took place at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

Vice Admiral Napier was appointed to the command of the North American and West Indies station in November of last year. He was in command of light cruiser squadrons early in the European war, and was Vice Admiral with the light cruiser forces from 1917 to 1919. He was mentioned in dispatches for his part in the Battle of Jutland.

Vice Admiral Napier was 52 years of age. He was in this country for a brief time early in the present year, visiting New York for a few days late in February in an unofficial capacity.

THOUSANDS VISIT SHAMROCK

Challenger Will Be on Exhibition at 97th Street Pier Until Sunday.

Gaily attired with multi-colored bunting, from bowsprit tip up to truck and down to tip of boom the green coated Shamrock IV., unsuccessful contender for the America's Cup, and her sister ship or trial horse, the 23-metre Shamrock, continued to receive callers early yesterday morning, off the Municipal Pier at the foot of West Ninety-seventh Street, and it was one continuous procession all day long across the challenger's canvas covered decks.

Thousands of persons took advantage of the opportunity to board the Cup sloop and marvel at the lofty mast and, to most of them, bewildering array of halyards and other gear. All who desired to do so might board the yacht at an after gangway and, after inspecting the deck and cabin below, pass on to the pier by way of a forward gangway.

In the crowd were numerous members of the New York Yacht Club who had previously had no opportunity to see the Shamrock at close quarters and many of them never have had the chance to see the Resolute, either.

Visitors were not permitted to board the 23-meter Shamrock, with her snowy-white, holystoned decks, for to have permitted the crowd to board her would have meant the destruction of these wonderful decks, the pride of owner, Captain and crew.

The crews of both yachts were kept busy answering questions.

One precocious youngster who had read the accounts of all the races and near races, stepping up to a tall, sturdy sailor and looking him over critically, asked him whether Cup races have been called off on account of a blow off Sandy Hook last Saturday. The sailor assured him that he had been out in much worse weather and the little fellow simply remarked "I knew it," and went on board to look things over carefully.

Sir Thomas Lipton announced that he would keep the challenger, at least, and possibly the other craft at the pier until Monday morning.

HERDER SHOT, FLOCKS SLAIN

Utah Man Wounded in Border Fight, Sheep Driven Over Cliff.

Special to The New York Times.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 30.—John Darnell, a sheepherder for William Bascum, was shot dead this morning near Vernal, Cal., 130 miles east of here. The sheep which he was guarding were driven over a nearby cliff to their death.

The shooting of Darnell took place early this morning, and is believed to have been the climax of a feud between cattle men and sheep men in Eastern Utah.

According to a long-distance telephone message from Vernal, Bascum had been warned to keep his flocks off the cattle range, but had ignored the threat. Two herders, Darnell and J. E. Price, went on to the range before daylight and fired shots into the air, thinking that coyotes were among the flock. Some persons were lying in ambush, and one of them shot Darnell.

Dr. Laura A. C. Hughes.

BOSTON, July 30.—Dr. Laura A. C. Hughes, known as the "Angel of Montauk" for her work as a nurse among troops at Camp Wyckoff, Long Island, during the Spanish War, died today. She was one of the first graduates of Tufts Medical School, being given the degree of M. D. in 1895.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. OLIVE HEDRICK BECK, wife of Albert Beck, manufacturer of baby carriages, died on Wednesday at her home, 47 Goodwin Place, Brooklyn, aged 46 years.

FOWLER STRANG, 83 years old, a member of Commonwealth Lodge, No. 409, F. and A. M., Brooklyn Council, No. 72, R. A., and the Sixth Avenue M. E. Church, died at his home, 447 Eleventh Street, South Brooklyn, on Monday.

Mrs. ELIZABETH MILLER WESTCOTT, widow of Alexander Folger Westcott, one of the founders of the Westcott Express Company, died on Thursday at her home, 126 Willow Street, Brooklyn. She was a sister of the late Theodore F. Miller, for many years President of the Brooklyn Trust Company.

ALFRED JOSEPH JAQUETH, a clerk for the Board of Appraisers of the New York Custom House, died on Tuesday at his home, 230 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, aged 66 years. He left a widow, a daughter and two sons, Charles A., and the Rev. John M. Jaqueth, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Sergeantsville, N. J.

JAMES OLIVER SPENCER, a retired hotel owner, died on Tuesday at the home of his daughter, 1,243 East Ninety-fourth Street, Canarsie. He was 86 years old and a member of Tyrian Lodge, No. 618, F. and A. M.

Mrs. CATHARINE A. BURDOCK, wife of John J. Burdock, an old-time baseball player and a former manager of the Boston Nationals, died on Thursday at her home, 389 Twelfth Street, Brooklyn.

DAVID DE VENNY, a retired real estate operator died Thursday at the age of 84, at his residence, 309 East 203d Street. He was formerly a partner of William Hitchman, who was speaker of the Assembly from 1868 to 1871, and was often employed by the State Banking Department as a realty expert.

Mrs. SARAH A. WATSON, widow of Edward Watson, died Wednesday, aged 75, at her home in Paterson. She was one of the oldest members of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. FRANCES GETMAN SANFORD, wife of the Rev. R. P. Sanford, pastor of the Second Avenue Baptist Church, died Friday in Buffalo.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE BRION SANDS, widow of Joseph Sands of Renwick & Sands, architects, died yesterday in her eighty-eighth year. She was the daughter of Joseph and Sarah Ann Poulin, and made her home with Mr. and Mrs. Alfred M. Githens, Seamore Road, Bronxville. Mrs. Githens was Miss Charlotte Sands.

WILLIAM COULTER, aged 81, for many years a lawyer in the State prison at Trenton, died yesterday at his home in Plainfield, N. J. He was born in South Plainfield and served in the civil war with Company C, 30th Regiment.

OLIVER PIERCE, character actor, died yesterday at his home in Kennebunk, N. Y., aged 67.

JOSEPH H. HALL, general manager for New York and New England of the Smith, Kline Chemical Company of Philadelphia, died yesterday at his home, 4,040 Broadway, aged 52.

THOMAS MURPHY, a letter carrier in Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home, 562 Sixty-second Street, aged 51.

JOHN VEGA, a merchant of Santo Domingo, died Thursday after a brief illness at his residence, 146 West Eighty-second Street, aged 48.

AMBROSE EUKEIN, a retired Manhattan druggist, died yesterday at the Flushing Hospital, aged 59.

EDWARD HOWARD BRANCH of 451 Sixth Street, Brooklyn, who was killed Monday by a motor truck, had lived in the Park Slope section of Brooklyn for fifty years. He was 87 years old.

Judge ALSTON G. DAYTON of the United States District Court for the Northern District of West Virginia, died yesterday in Battle Creek, Mich. Judge Dayton was 62 years old. He served in Congress for twelve years. His home was in Clarksburg, W. Va.

MRS. GE

GIANTS BEAT CARDS AND MOUNT LADDER

Lodge in Third Place as Result of Fourth Straight Victory Over St. Louis.

ISSUE SETTLED IN NINTH

Visitors Come from Behind and Take Lead in Final Period Only to Lose by Score of 8 to 7.

And who are these in bright array with shining morning faces, crowding their way up toward the peak?

Those are the Giants, dear child.

Why, I thought you told me a few days ago that the Giants were nix, null and void, suggespielt and could run for Sweeney.

Hush, dear child; that was a few days ago.

Breaking in on this convesation, like a teolphne central operator, it is hereby announced that the Giants, the quondam lowly Giants, are this morning, by virtue of their fourth consecutive victory over the quondam haughty Cardinals, snugly ensconced in third place. The figures show—and figures lie but seldom—that the Manhatan National Leaguers are now situated only five games behind the clawing Robins and four and one-half games to the rear of the raging Reds. They have won fourteen of their last twenty games, going at a .700 clip. Pretty fair for a recent cellar brigade.

Yesterday's mixup at the Polo Grounds was won by the score of 8 to 7 in a slugging ninth-inning finish. It was rather more than a breather for the local gymnasts; in fact, breathless better describe it, for the Cards forced them to a breakneck drive at the close.

With seven innings gone the tally was 6 to 1 in favor of the home folks, everything was going along quite smoothly and nobody was excited about anything in the world. Then the quiet, respectable guests from the West developed hydrophobia or something, forgot all their home training and began to slam and cavort around, piling up five runs in the eighth and ninth and taking the lead. It was a rank exhibition of ingratitude for all the Giants have done to them, and it threatened to spoil the entire afternoon. However, the home players, maintaining their dignity in the face of provocation, rolled a couple of runs over the plate in their half of the ultimate inning and rescued the fat from the fire.

Lots of Work With Stick.

As may readily be imagined, a good deal of walloping occurred in the course of the engagement. It took the tourists from Missouri quite a while to acquire a taste for Fred Toney's shoots, but when they had learned to like them they devoured them hot and cold, en brochette and under glass. The result was that Toney gave up his job as chef with two out in the ninth and Douglas jumped in to pitch one-third of an inning and get credit for the victory.

The Cardinals produced three pitchers in the course of the fray. Haines twirled for half a dozen innings and after enjoying a two-run lead and seeing it lost in the swirl of six New York tallies made way for May. The latter pitched two innings and allowed neither run nor hit. McHenry batted for him in the ninth and tied up the game with a mighty thump into the left field bleachers. Shordell, who twirled the final session for the Cards, proved a creampuff for the Giants, and the needed two runs were quickly acquired.

In the Cards' half of the third, after Jacob Smith and Jacques Fournier had been retired on infield slashes, Milton Stock, who got in a robust day's work with the cudgel, singled to centre. The citizen now approaching the plate, ladies and gentlemen, is one Rogers Hornsby and there is fire in his eye. Good afternoon, bleachers; I thought I'd just drop in on you. Oh, how do you do, ball; sorry to see you. Two runs over the plate.

Giants Assume the Lead.

The crowd gave Hornsby a cheer for his mighty blow, but didn't care much for the outcome. However, good spirits returned almost at once, for the Giants put over a trio of tallies in the same inning. Burns fouled to Fournier. Bancroft walked. Young hit to Hornsby, who threw low to Lavan. Bancroft taking third. Frisch tripled to centre, scoring. Bancroft and Young. Kelly bounced a hit off Stock's shins, scoring Frisch. Spencer fanned and Kelly was out, Clemons to Lavan.

The fourth session was fruitless for both sides, but the Giants added another tally in the fifth on Bancroft's single and Frisch's double over Heathcote's head. This lad Frisch, by the way, was right there with the majestic blows yesterday.

Two more New York runs in the sixth brought about the departure of Mr. Haines. There were two out when Toney doubled to right. George Burns walked and Bancroft, who wielded a murderous scantling all the afternoon, brought his two mates home with a double far over Shotton's chimney.

In the eighth the Cards drew right up to the Giants' level by stacking up three runs on Jack Smith's double, Stock's single and Hornsby's liner which got away from King. Then in the ninth the visitors took a brief and ephemeral lead on a single by Lavan and McHenry's thunderous pinch hit into the bleachers.

The way the Giants saved the day in the latter half was thus: Burns walked and went to third on Bancroft's second two-base blow. Young's single to left centre scored Burns. Frisch sacrificed Bancroft and Young, making one notch. Kelly came over on a pass. Bancroft came over with the winning run on King's sacrifice fly.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,lf	5	2	3	2	0
Bancroft,ss	4	2	3	5	4
Young,rf	5	1	1	5	0
Frisch,3b	4	1	2	2	0
Kelly,1b	4	0	1	6	2
Spencer,cf	3	0	0	4	0
King,cf	1	0	0	0	0
Doyle,2b	3	0	1	4	3
E. Smith,c	4	0	1	1	1
Toney,p	4	1	2	1	1
Douglas,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	8	12	27	9

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
J.Smith,cf	4	1	1	4	0
Fournier,1b	5	0	1	9	1
Stock,3b	5	2	4	2	1
Hornsby,2b	4	2	3	1	2
Shott'n,lf,rf	4	0	0	3	0
Heathcote,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Lavan,ss	4	1	2	3	4
Clemons,c	3	0	0	3	2
bKnode	0	0	0	0	0
Dilhoefer,c	0	0	0	0	0
Haines,p	2	0	1	0	0
aSchultz	1	0	0	0	0
May,p	0	0	0	0	1
McHenry,lf	1	1	0	0	0
Shordell,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	38	7	15	*26	11

a Batted for Haines in seventh.
b Batted for Clemons in ninth.
*Two out when winning run was scored.
Errors—King, Hornsby; Lavan 2 (2), Haines.

New York.....0 0 0 2 0 1 2 0 0 2—8
St. Louis.....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 3 0 2—7

Two-base hits—Frisch, Toney, Bancroft (2), J. Smith. Three-base hit—Frisch. Home runs—Hornsby, McHenry. Stolen bases—Shotton, Kelly. Sacrifice hits—Knode, Frisch, King. Double plays—Clemons and Lavan; Bancroft and Doyle. Left on bases—St. Louis 6, New York 9. Bases on balls—Off Haines 2, Shordell 2. Hits—Off Haines 10 in 6 innings, May 0 in 2, Shordell 3 in 2-3, Toney 13 in 8 2-3, Douglas 0 in 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Toney (Hornsby). Struck out—By Haines 3, Toney 3, Shordell 2. Winning pitcher—Douglas. Losing pitcher—Shordell. Umpires—Messrs. Moran and Rigler. Time of game—Two hours and twelve minutes.

Curves and Bingles

Haines got himself in a trifle Dutch with the crowd in the first inning by his impression that he could pick George Burns off at first after the latter's single. The long pitcher kept shooting the ball to Fournier, but Burns was on the alert. Finally, on about the twelfth shot to first, the lofty twirler skidded the ball wildly over toward the grandstand and Burns scampered to second. A resonant equine laugh surged through the stands.

Despite the fact that Lavan made a couple of fielding blunders, some of his plays sparkled. In the second inning he ran clear in the hole to nail Spencer's foul for the second out and then, with two Giants pawing the base paths he pulled what is known as a whizzer or dungaree with a wonderful stop on Toney's sharp grounder, retiring the side.

It took the convention in the stands quite a while to come into disorder. It was quite a placid scene until the Cards staged their Villa raids in the eighth and ninth. There were very few naps taken during that stage of the proceedings, and the final repulse of the bandits sent everybody home happy.

Bancroft had more than his cudgel with him. He also brought a remarkable scoop shovel, which he is prone to consider a hand. He shot this implement some yards into the air to snare Heathcote's drive in the sixth and completed a swooping double play.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York 8, St. Louis 7.
Cincinnati 11, Brooklyn 0.
Philadelphia 7, Pittsburgh 2.
Boston 4, Chicago 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York 19, St. Louis 3.
Chicago 6, Philadelphia 5.
(Ten innings).
Cleveland 12, Boston 4.
Detroit 9, Washington 4.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Brooklyn	58	42	.567
Cincinnati	51	39	.567
New York	47	44	.516
Pittsburgh	46	44	.511
Chicago	43	50	.490
St. Louis	44	50	.468
Boston	39	46	.459
Philadelphia	38	53	.418

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cleveland	64	32	.667
New York	64	36	.640
Chicago	60	37	.619
Washington	44	46	.489
St. Louis	44	49	.472
Boston	40	51	.440
Detroit	34	58	.370
Philadelphia	28	69	.289

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Cincinnati at New York.
(Game starts 3 P. M.)
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Game starts 2:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Boston (2 games).
Chicago at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at St. Louis.
Boston at Cleveland.
Washington at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Chicago.

MATTY'S ILLNESS IS TUBERCULOSIS

Veteran Pitcher Undergoing Treatment at Saranac Lake for Lung Trouble.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., July 30.—Christy Mathewson, veteran baseball player, manager and coach, has been at a sanitarium here for the past month undergoing treatment for tuberculosis, it was learned today.

Mathewson has been confined to his room ever since his arrival. He has received no callers and has been undergoing an absolute rest. It is understood that his condition was not such as to cause any immediate alarm.

The famous pitcher and later manager of the Cincinati National League Club came here immediately after leaving the New York National team, of which he had been coach.

When Mathewson left the Giants to go to Saranac Lake it was generally understood that he was suffering from a touch of tuberculosis, although it formally was announced at the time that it was an aggravated case of bronchitis caused by the strain on his throat while coaching. It was reported then that one of Matty's lungs was slightly affected, but no formal announcement to the effect was made by his family or his business associates.

It was believed by those closest to the famous athlete that he was taking the necessary precautionary measures in time to forestall the spread of the disease. It was thought that he would be able successfully to fight it off and regain his full strength. He was ordered to take a complete rest in dry air.

For some time before Matty left here he had been troubled by his throat; in fact, he was heard to complain about it early last Spring, but he was inclined not to regard it seriously at that time. Shortly after the season opened, however, he began taking treatment. Those who knew of the ailment were inclined to believe that it was purely local and that it would readily respond to treatment and the proper care, but as it seemed to become more aggravated it was deemed advisable for him to quit baseball, temporarily at least, and leave the city. Mathewson acted promptly upon this advice.

No word having been received to the contrary, it was thought that Matty must be improving. The first intimation to the contrary was the advice from Saranac Lake.

PIRATES TAKE A TUMBLE.

Are Thrashed Once More by Philies' Active Stick Work.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Timely hitting by Wrightstone and Wheat was the feature of today's Philadelphia victory over Pittsburgh by 7 to 2. This made three out of five for the locals in the series. Hubbell pitched his first game here as a local player.

President Baker of the Philadelphia club announced the purchase of Catcher John Peters from the Birmingham Southern Association team. He will report on Sept. 1.

The score:

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Paulette,lb	5	1	2	6	1
Rawlings,2b	5	0	1	1	0
Stengel,rf	3	0	1	9	1
Williams,cf	2	1	0	2	0
Meusel,lf	4	1	1	2	0
Fletcher,ss	3	1	2	1	4
Wr'ctone,3b	3	1	2	0	2
Wheat,c	4	1	2	3	0
Hubbell,p	4	0	0	0	3
Total	33	7	12	27	11

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bigbee,lf	4	0	3	0	0
Carey,cf	3	1	1	0	0
So'worth,rf	4	0	1	4	1
Whitted,3b	4	0	0	0	1
Cutshaw,2b	4	0	1	2	4
Grimm,1b	4	0	0	10	0
Caton,ss	4	0	0	3	4
Haeffner,c	4	1	2	5	2
Carlson,p	0	0	0	0	1
Blake,p	2	0	0	0	0
aNicholson	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	2	8	24	13

a Batted for Blake in ninth.
Error—Haffner.

Philadelphia	0	1	2	1	0	0	1	2	*—7
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Rawlings, Wheat. Wrightstone. Three-base hits—Carey, Southworth. Stolen bases—Bigbee (2), Williams (2), Wrightstone, Fletcher, Wheat. Sacrifice—Carlson. Double play—Southworth and Caton. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 7; Philadelphia, 7. Bases on balls—Off Carlson, 1; Blake, 2; Hubbell, 1. Hits—Off Carlson, 7 in 3 1-3 innings; Blake, 5 in 4 2-3. Hit by pitcher—By Carlson (Wrightstone), by Blake (Williams). Struck out—By Blake 5, Hubbell 1. Wild pitch—Blake. Losing pitcher—Carlson. Umpires—Quigley and O'Day. Time of game—One hour and forty-eight minutes.

Giants Get New Outfielder.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Paddy Driscoll, former football star at Northwestern University, signed today with the New York Nationals, to join the team Aug. 15. Driscoll has been playing an outfield position with a Chicago semi-professional club.

YANKS GIVE BROWNS FEARFUL LARRUPING

Hammer Out Twenty-one Hits and Win by 19 to 3—Ruth Gets His 36th Homer.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, July 30.—In a wild batting jamboree against the Browns this afternoon the Yanks crashed out twenty-one hits, the special work of art of the thump picnic being Babe Ruth's thirty-sixth home run, a titanic larrup over the right-field bleachers in the ninth inning. The slam was the biggest ever seen in this neck of the woods, and it disappeared from view in Mr. and Mrs. Somebody's front yard on the other side of Grand Avenue. The score was 19 to 3 and gave the Yanks an even break in the series thus far.

Just after Ruth's tremendous rap Bob Meusel rattled a drive off the screen in front of the centre-field bleachers and reached home before the ball was recovered by Jacobson.

When the Yanks' total had reached fifteen Manager Huggins put his kindergarten in the field, and Hoffman was behind the bat, Fewster at second, Lucey at short and O'Doul in centre.

It was the kind of a ball game that one sees at the annual picnic of the Longshoremen's Union when the married men play the single men. The Yanks had a total of thirty-eight bases, and at the end of the game the Brownies were exhausted. It was one of St. Louis's nice holidays. It was so hot that the flies all fainted and didn't bother anybody for once in their careers.

Two Triples for Pipp.

Meusel and Pipp each made four hits, two of Wallie's being three-baggers. There were two out in the ninth, when Fewster walked and got a ride home on Ruth's homer. Then came Meusel's circuit bang, and O'Doul got to third on Gedeon's error. He scored on Ward's single.

Today's violent batting revolution brings the Yanks' total of home runs for the season up to 82. Three St. Louis pitchers, Wellman, Burwell and Van Gilder, tossed the ball up for the Yankee hit barbecue. It may be safely said that the Yanks have now emerged from their batting slump with bells on.

The Yanks got away on the right foot in the first inning. After Gerber had retired Peck at first, Pipp made a single to left. Pratt poked a long drive to left centre. Jacobson went after the ball, but when it came down, Baby Doll's eyes got mixed up badly in the glare of the sunlight, and Pratt got a three-bagger, Pipp scoring. The ball hit Jacobson on the head and rolled to the fence. Ruth hit a sacrifice fly to deep right, Pratt scoring, standing up. Smith got Meusel's rocket to right.

Smith singled to right, with one down, in the second, and was forced by Austin. Severeid walked and Wellman rolled a tantalizing little hit to Ward. After Wardie had recoved the ball he threw home to cut off Austin, but Umpire Evans called the runner safe on a close play. Gerber filed to Ruth for the third out.

Gedeon got an infield hit to second in the third and Sisler lofted to Ruth. Jacobsen hit a Texas-Leaguer back of second, Gedeon going to second. Williams rolled to Mays, who threw to Ward, forcing Gedeon. Smith singled to left, scoring Jacobsen with the tieing run, and Williams was run down between third and second after he had once got back to second safely.

Ruth was called out on strikes by Evans in the fourth and Babe was the victim of pages of comment from the Brownie fans. Austin retired Meusel at first and Bodie hammered a double between left and centre. Williams had to back against the left field stockade to get Wardie's big drive.

A Profitable Inning.

Ruel dumped a bunt to the infield in the fifth and beat it out. Mays bunted to the infield and Sisler tried to make a force play at second, but the throw was not only late, but Gerger failed to get it. Ruel could have gone to third, but he tore his pants and had to wait until Doc Woods came out with a needle and thread and did a fine piece of tailoring on the big rip. Peck soaked a single to right and Ruel scored, while Mays went to third. Pipp hoisted a sacrifice fly to Jacobsen and Mays crossed the plate. Pratt hit a liner to Sisler, who tried to make a smart double play by tossing to second, but Gerber missed the play and the return throw was too late to get Pratt. Ruth jammed a single to centre, scoring Peck, but Pratt was out trying to get to third, Ruth taking second during the proceedings. Meusel ripped a single to left and Ruth scored. The Yanks' prosperous inning ended when Bodie fouled to Severeid.

Sisler gave his St. Louis admirers a thrill in the fifth, when, with two gone, he thumped a home run into the right field bleachers, his second in two days. Burwell took up the deceiving task for St. Louis in place of Wellman in the sixth. With one out, Ruel walked and Mays jarred a single to centre, putting Ruel on third. While Peck was forcing Mays at second Ruel scored. Pipp cracked a triple to the fence between left and centre and Peck scored. Burwell then threw Pratt out at first and closed the incident.

Ruth walked in the seventh and scored on Meusel's double to right centre. Bodie rolled to Sisler and Meusel went to third. Ward singled to centre, scoring Meusel. Ruel singled to left and Severeid was thrown out and Vangilder assumed the pitching responsibility. Mays singled to centre, scoring Ward. Jacobsen made a weird throw to third to get Ruel, and Muddy scored. Austin tossed Peck out at first and Pipp dodged another triple to the left field fence, scoring Mays. The revolution was quelled when Austin threw Pratt out at first.

Gerber singled to left in the seventh, but didn't run, thinking it was a foul ball. He was out at first, Meusel to Pipp to Ruel to Pipp. Ruth and Meusel both singled in the eighth and scored on Bodie's triple to right centre.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Peck's'gh,ss	5	2	1	3	1
Lucey,ss	1	0	1	2	0
Pipp,1b	5	1	4	10	0
Pratt,2b	5	1	1	2	2
Fewster,2b	0	1	0	0	0
Ruth,rf	4	4	2	0	0
Meusel,lf	6	3	4	5	1
Bodie,cf	5	0	2	1	0
O'Doul,cf	1	1	0	0	0
Ward,3b	6	1	2	2	2
Ruel,c	3	2	2	7	0
Hofman,c	2	0	0	0	0
Mays,p	4	2	2	0	5
Total	47	19	21	27	13

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gerber,ss	3	0	2	2	5
Gedeon,2b	5	0	2	0	2
Sisler,1b	4	1	1	14	0
Jacobson,cf	4	1	2	2	1
Williams,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Severeid,c	4	0	2	0	3
Collins,c	1	0	0	0	0
Wellman,p	2	0	1	0	0
Burwell,p	0	0	0	0	0
Van Gilder,p	1	0	0	0	0
aBillings	1	0	1	0	0
Total	37	3	11	27	14

a Batted for Van Gilder in ninth.
Errors—Gedeon, Austin.

New York	2	0	0	4	2	5	2	4	*—19
St. Louis	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Pipp, Bodie, Meusel, Williams. Three-base hits—Pratt, Pipp (2), Bodie. Home runs—Sisler, Ruth, Meusel. Sacrifice hits—Ruth, Mays, Pipp. Stolen bases—Austin, Jacobsen. Bases on balls—Off Wellman 2, Van Gilder 1, Mays 1. Struck out—By Wellman 2, Mays 1. Pitching record—Off Wellman 8 hits, 6 runs in 8 innings; Burwell 5 hits, 4 runs in 1 1-3. Left on bases—St. Louis 9, New York 7. Umpires—Evans and Hildebrand. Time of game—Two hours.

Injured Catcher Improving.

Special to The New York Times.

LAUREL, Del., July 30.—Johnny Tobin, Jr., star catcher for the Laurel Baseball Club, who was badly injured in a game here Wednesday, will live, and he will probably be permitted to accompany his parents to their home in Millington, Maryland, tomorrow. At noon attending physicians said the crisis had passed. Tobin was struck on the back of his neck by a hard thrown ball. Had this blow struck half an inch lower, the doctors say, death would have been instantaneous. Yesterday it was feared he would be permanently paralyzed, but the spine now appears uninjured.

Southern Association.

Memphis 7, Atlanta 3.
New Orleans 6, Chattanooga 0.
Birmingham 1, Nashville 1.
(Twelve innings; called; darkness.)
Little Rock 3, Mobile 2.

Baseball Today—Ebbets Field, Brooklyn vs. St. Louis—1:30 P. M.—Advt.

Leading Batsmen of the Major Baseball Leagues

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby, St. Louis	83	299	59	124	.306
Roush, Cincinnati	87	324	43	108	.333
J. Smith, St. Louis	64	218	41	71	.326
Williams, Phila.	90	362	63	117	.324
Konetchy, Brooklyn	85	322	38	103	.319

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player and Club.	G.	A.	R.	H.	P.C.
Speaker, Cleveland	96	366	90	151	.413
Ruth, New York	94	305	106	120	.393
Sisler, St. Louis	94	377	71	149	.393
Jackson, Chicago	92	365	66	143	.391
Rice, Washington	91	364	53	134	.368

INDIANS TRAMPLE ON BOSTON AGAIN

Bush Fails to Puzzle League Leaders, Who Win Three Straight, 13 to 4.

CLEVELAND, July 30. — Cleveland made it three straight from Boston today, winning 13 to 4. Bush, who started to pitch for Boston, was wild and ineffective and also was guilty of a costly error. Devinney, who succeeded him, was hit hard. Caldwell held Boston to three hits and one run for seven innings and then eased up.

The score:

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamie'n,lf,cf	4	1	2	4	0
Chapman,ss	3	1	0	3	5
Speaker,cf	2	1	1	1	0
Graney,lf	2	1	1	1	0
Smith,rf	3	3	2	3	0
Gardner,3b	4	2	2	0	0
Wamb'g's,2b	3	3	1	2	5
Johnston,1b	5	1	2	11	0
O'Neill,c	4	0	3	0	0
Caldwell,p	4	0	0	1	2
Total	34	13	14	27	12

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Vitt,3b	4	1	0	1	0
Foster,2b	3	0	0	1	5
McNally,2b	1	1	1	4	0
Bisley,lf	5	0	1	2	0
Hooper,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Schang,cf	3	0	1	2	1
McInnis,1b	4	0	1	7	4
Scott,ss	4	0	0	2	2
Walters,c	4	1	1	8	2
Bush,p	2	0	1	0	1
Devinney,p	2	1	2	0	0
Total	36	4	9	24	15

Errors—Foster, Schang, Bush.

Cleveland	0	3	0	0	5	0	2	3	—13
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1—4

Two-base hits—Jamieson, O'Neill, Smith, Speaker, Walters. Three-base hit—Devinney. Stolen bases—Wambsganss, Johnston. Sacrifice—Champan. Double plays—Foster, Scott and McInnis; McInnis, Walters and McInnis. Left on bases—Boston 8, Cleveland 2, Caldwell 3. Hits—Off Bush 5, Devinney 2, Cadlwell 3. Hits—Off Bush, 7 in 5 innings; Devinney, 7 in 3. Hit by pitcher—By Bush (Gardner). Struck out—By Bush, 1; Losing pitcher—Bush. Umpires—Messrs. Dinneen and Owens. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

TIGERS' HITS ARE TIMELY.

Detroit Batsmen Pound Ayers and Senators Yield, 8 to 4.

DETROIT, July 30.—Hitting opportunely, Detroit won from Washington here today by 8 to 4. Ayers was hit hard and was relieved in the seventh by Ehmke, who held the visitors safe after Detroit had grouped three hits and two sacrifices for four runs.

The score:

DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Young,2b	4	1	1	2	4
Bush,ss	3	0	1	0	3
Ellison,1b	4	1	1	12	0
Veach,lf	3	2	2	1	0
Heilman,cf	4	1	2	2	0
Flagstead,rf	3	0	1	6	0
Pinelli,3b	3	1	1	0	5
Ainsmith,c	4	1	1	3	1
Ayers,p	2	0	0	0	1
Ehmke,p	1	0	0	0	0
aHale	1	0	0	0	0
bJones	0	1	0	0	0
Total	32	8	12	27	15

WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shanks,3b	5	0	0	0	4
Milan,lf	5	0	2	1	0
Rice,cf	4	0	1	5	0
Roth,rf	5	0	0	2	1
Harris,2b	4	2	2	4	1
Gharrity,c	3	0	0	2	2
Ellerbe,ss	3	1	2	2	3
Torres,1b	4	1	2	8	0
Zachary,p	4	0	2	0	4
Total	36	4	12	24	15

a Batted for Ayers in seventh.
b Ran for Hale in seventh.
Errors—Ellerbe (2).

Detroit	2	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	*—8
Washington	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0—4

Two-base hits—Rice, Harris, Ellerbe, Zachary, Heilman, Ainsmith, Pinelli. Sacrifices—Gharrity (2), Bush, Veach, Flagstead. Double plays—Pinelli, Young and Ellison; Gharrity and Ellerbe. Left on bases—Washington 9, Detroit 4. Bases on balls—Off Ayers 1, Zachary 1, Ehmke, 1. Hits—Off Ayers 10 in 7 innings, Ehmke 2 in 2. Struck out—By Ayers 1, Zachary 4. Winning pitcher—Ayers. Umpires—Moriarity, Chill and Friel. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes.

WHITE SOX WIN IN TENTH.

Strunk's Double Drives In Run That Defeats Athletics, 6 to 5.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Amos Strunk, recently obtained by Chicago from Philadelphia via the waiver route, today turned the trick against his former teammates by driving in the run in the tenth inning which gave the locals a 6 to 5 victory, on a double to center. Strunk played left field because of Joe Jackson's lame knee.

The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,rf	5	1	2	2	0
E.Collins,2b	5	2	2	5	1
Weaver,3b	3	2	2	1	3
Strunk,lf	5	1	2	3	0
Welch,cf	3	0	2	3	0
J. Collins,1b	3	0	0	9	2
Risberg,ss	4	0	1	1	5
Schalk,c	3	0	0	6	0
Faber,p	2	0	0	1	2
Total	33	6	12	30	13

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Welch,rf	4	1	2	1	0
Dykes,2b	5	1	0	2	4
C.Walker,lf	5	1	2	4	0
Walker,cf	5	0	1	2	0
Dugan,3b	5	0	2	1	2
Perkins,c	5	0	0	4	3
Griffin,1b	4	1	1	8	1
Galloway,ss	3	0	0	1	2
Naylor,p	4	1	2	2	3
Total	40	5	10	*28	15

*One out when winning run scored.
Errors—Weaver, Risberg, C. Walker.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0—2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0—5

Two-base hit—Dugan, C. Walker, Griffin, Weaver, Felsch, Strunk. Sacrifices—Galloway, Felsch, Faber (2), Weaver (2), Welch. Double play—Griffin, Naylor and Perkins. Left on bases—Philadelphia 9, Chicago 6. Bases on balls—Off Naylor 1. Hit by pitcher—By Naylor (J. Collins). Struck out—By Naylor 2, Faber 6. Umpires—Connelly and Nallin. Time of game—One hour and forty-eight minutes.

CUBS LOSE TO BRAVES.

McQuillan Holds Chicago to Four Hits, Boston Winning, 4 to 1.

BOSTON, July 30.—McQuillan held Chicago to four hits today and Boston had little difficulty in winning, 4 to 1, in the closing game of the series.

The score:

BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Powell, cf	5	0	1	1	0
Pick, 2b	4	1	3	1	4
Mann, lf	4	0	1	4	0
Cruise, rf	3	0	1	1	0
Holke, 1b	3	0	0	16	0
Boeckel, 3b	4	0	0	1	2
Mar'n'e, ss	4	0	2	1	3
O'Neil, c	4	1	1	11	0
McQuill'n, p	2	0	1	0	4
Total	29	4	9	27	13

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Black, rf	4	0	0	2	0
Herzog, 2b	4	0	1	0	2
Terry, ss	4	0	0	1	1
Barber, 1b	4	0	1	5	0
Robert'n, lf	4	0	1	3	0
Twombly, cf	3	0	0	4	0
Deal, 3b	3	0	0	2	0
Killefer, c	3	0	0	7	1
Hendrix, p	2	0	0	0	2
aMerkle	1	0	0	0	0
Carter, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	1	4	24	7

a Batted for Hendrix in eighth.
Errors—Boeckel, Barber, Hendrix.

Boston	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0—4
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Two-base hits—Deal, Pick, Maranville, Powell. Three-base hits—Robertson, McQuillan. Stolen bases—Cruise, Maranville, Pick (2). Sacrifices—O'Neil (2), Holke, McQuillan (2). Double plays—McQuillan, Maranville and Holke; Boeckel and Holke. Left on bases—Chicago 5, Boston 5. Bases on balls—Off Hendrix 2, Carter 1, McQuillan 2. Hits—Off Hendrix 9 in 7 innings, Carter none in 1. Struck out—By Hendrix 4, Carter 3, McQuillan 4.

ERRING GOLF BALL COSTS HAGEN TITLE

Missed Putt on Last Green Leaves Him in Tie with Barnes for Met. Honors.

MEET IN PLAYOFF TODAY

Large Gallery Follows Golfers in Sensational Round, Which Ends with Players Tied at 292.

A golf ball that misbehaved on the seventy-second green of the Metropolitan open championship yesterday at Greenwich, a treacherous little white pill that, instead of rolling straight for three feet veered off and circled around the cup, robbed Walter Hagen of the title, at least temporarily, and put him in a tie with his lean, lanky, persistent rival, Jim Barnes. That missed putt deadlocked the great pair, each having totals of 292, and they must prolong the tourney until this morning, when they will meet in the eighteen-hole play-off, starting at 10:15 o'clock.

More excitement, more frenzy and infinitely greater interest than has marked any previous Metropolitan championship provided a grand and glorious ending. It almost seemed as if the stage setting had been deliberately arranged for the golfers's benefit. It seemed too unreal for the greatest Metropolitan fixture ever held.

The bulletin board said that Barnes would win, and until yesterday morning this seemed probable. Long Jim led Hagen by two strokes on Wednesday and by five on Thursday, and although such lesser lights as Willie Macfarlane and Douglas Edgar were perched between them, it was Lanky Jim and the champion who attracted all the attention. Their game yesterday morning's surprises, the third round when Hagen shot a record-tying 69 and when Barnes dropped to such depths as to take a 76 as a result of atrocious putting. Starting the final round, therefore, it was Hagen who led the field, one stroke ahead of Macfarlane and four ahead of Barnes.

Resume Old Rivalry.

If Hagen and Barnes live to be a million years old fate will probably run them together season after season, tournament after tournament. Hagen couldn't retain his four strokes lead, could he get it. No, he had to be passed. But by whom? By an ordinary golfer, by any one of the sixty-nine qualified to play in the final rounds? No, it had to be Barnes, Jim Barnes, who has chased him across these United States a few times and gone to Europe, all to camp on his trail and give golf galleries matches that are memorable.

Scores of spectators divided their attention for the final round. One-third trailed Barnes and two-thirds the champion, but since Jim was never more than a hole or two ahead as they plodded along, the gallery would surge forward to follow him for a while and then drop back to exchange stories with those trailing Hagen. Barnes finished the first half in 38, likewise Hagen, and the latter still was four strokes to the good. But the fans attached to Barnes's camp had more sensations to the square inch on the incoming half. Long Jim clicked off a birdie two on the ninth fifteenth, sank an eight-footer for a birdie on the seventeenth, and on the last hole had his gallery speechless with astonishment.

Hagen's missed putt was the real cause of the tie, but not the only one. Long Jim put his midiron second on the edge of the home green. He didn't know what Hagon had and his next shot, therefore, was not regarded as having been overhasty. But Long Jim, with that unique, awkward putting stance of his, tapped his ball with some magic touch and it rolled a good thirty feet from the edge of the green straight into the cup. This birdie three gave him a 33 for the last nine and a 73 for the round, and his total of 292.

Golfers at Greenwich surrounded Hagen after he had missed his putt and yelled in a chorus: "Walter, when are you going to finish a tournament without extra holes or playoffs?" The young champion would like to know the answer to this puzzle himself. Last year at the national open at Brae Burn he tied Brady at 301 and had to fight it out in the playoff to win by 77 to 78. Three weeks ago in the French open at La Boulie, Versailles, Hagen finished in a tie with LaFitte at 298. Again the inevitable playoff, which the American won, 150 to 154, for the title. In March he and Barnes were matched for thirty-six holes at New Orleans. Was this distance enough? Not for Hagen, but he won on the extra hole.

Fussies Uphill Fight.

His record is almost without exception a record of coming from behind to win. Rivals call it "Hagenism" and the word is certainly a true one. At New Orleans he was four holes down to Barnes and nine to go, yet beat him on the thirty-seventh. At the 1916 Western open he was four strokes behind starting the final round. At last year's Metropolitan open at North Shore he was six strokes behind starting the last day. At the French open he had four strokes to make up on Abe Mitchell, yet passed him. At Brae Burn he was five strokes behind Brady starting the last round, yet tied him. At Pinehurst he was five strokes behind. Yet he won each of these events on the last round and followed up the last-round rally by a playoff, excepting the North and South title at Pinehurst where a missed putt on the last green gave the title to Fred McLeod.

Starting the third round yesterday Hagen was "counted out" by those inexperienced spectators who have yet come to know him. He was five strokes behind Barnes and seemed headed for no better than third or fourth place. Typical "hagenisms," however, and a sprinkling of good luck gave him the 69 which tied with Barnes's 69 made Wednesday for the Greenwich course record. Hagen started poorly, taking a 5 on the first. He lost another stroke on par by needing a 6 on the fourth, but then settled down to a string of four 4s. Coming to the ninth he drove to the plateau green and holed a 35-foot putt for a birdie 2. This was enough to ward his rivals, but on the next hole, the tenth, played off a cliff. Hagen again took a 5 as the result of another 35-foot putt. He got his third birdie in succession on the eleventh, slamming a long iron to the rim and holing his eight-footer for the 3. That thing known as "Hagen luck" helped him on both the long thirteenth and longer fourteenth and allowed him to take par fives after he had seemed headed for fives and sevens. On the thirteenth he looked his drive into the rough behind a large oak and from an almost unplayable lie, because of the tree, he made a fabulous cut, only to see the pellet fall into the trap in front of the green. He came back with a fine chip, however, and saved par the 5.

Recovers from Bad Shot.

Again a hook started him toward trouble on the fourteenth, but his recovery was typical of the young home-and-home champion. He hooked his tee shot to the sixteenth fairway, smacked his second to a trap, was short of the green on his third, but on it on four. He took one putt to get himself the par of 5. All this luck was nothing compared to what he had on the seventeenth. His tee shot, a pulled hook, hit a rock, and while spectators, caddies and spectators were scrambling for the ball among the boulders one follower of the unlucky sphere saw it in the middle of the fairway, not hit the rock and bounded out as though that none could see it. Nothing could be simpler for Hagen, therefore, than to gain the green on his second and take two putts for the par of 4, which gave him a round in 69, 33—36.

And now compare this with Barnes's circuit. Jim Barnes, holder of the Western, professional and Southern open titles, winner recently of the Shawnee open over Ted Ray, Barnes, who finished fifth in the British open when Hagen finished fifty-fifth, needed 42 for the first half of his morning round. Four fives, only one of them legitimate, and a six on a par 4 hole, gave him the total. His putting was terrible, and no one knew it better than Jim. He got back a bit better on the incoming half and felt surer of his work on the greens, taking 34, one over par. This loss was on the dog-leg fourteenth, when his brassie second shot hit the limb of a tree and dropped into a trap. On the fifteenth an apple fell from the tree over the tee, hitting his ball and forcing him to tee up again. He came back in 36 for his round in 78.

The cards of Hagen and Barnes for the morning, compared to par, follow:

Out—										
Par	4	3	4	5	4	4	4	4	5	—35
Hagen	5	4	4	6	4	4	4	4	5	—36
Barnes	5	4	5	5	5	4	5	6	4	—42
In—										
Par	4	3	5	5	3	4	4	4	5	—37
Hagen	2	3	5	5	4	4	3	4	5	—35
Barnes	3	4	4	6	3	4	4	5	3	—36

Barnes's 71 in the final round, which, incidentally, was the purse winning total of this round, was marked by missed putts, but enough of long putts to counterbalance them. He should have taken 4 on the third, yet needed a six when he put his second into the trap in front of the green and then missed his second putt. His drive on the fourth fetched up in a bunker, and again he needed three putts for the six. He lost another on the fifth by hooking into a trap, but got back one of these strokes by holing an eightfooter on the seventh for a birdie 3. He was out in 38, but back in 33.

Hagen Loses Many Strokes.

Hagen took chances in the morning. He could afford to for he was behind. But once out in front he played cautiously in the last nine. His missed putt on the last hole, however, was not his only error. On the fifth, twelfth and thirteenth he missed taps that should have been easy for a baby man. A hooked drive on the fifth brought him into a trap, but a brilliant recovery got him out and an approach got him on the green on his third. Then he missed his second putt and took a six. His drive on the ninth, when his tee shot struck the edge of the green, rolled down the bank, and forced him to take a 4, and making his outgoing total 38.

Although short of the green on his second shot at the eleventh, he ran up his approach and took one putt, but got careless on the twelfth. His drive was short and failed to carry the crest of the hill, but worse yet was his miss of a two-and-one-half-footer after he had chipped on by a brilliant shot. His fourth in the thirteenth was a rimmed putt, and he had to take a five, but on the fourteenth he showed what he could do and what he ought to do. He was on the green on three, overran the hole on his first putt by ten feet and, then, without any aim at all, sank this for the five. The next three holes were negotiated according to the book, and he started for the last. He knew what he was up against, for any number of couriers from Barnes's camp had whispered that a par 4 on the home hole would win the title.

Hagen reached the green on his second and used his first putt in getting to three feet from the hole. He turned around to smile at some friends while Louis Tellier, his partner, was putting down, and then gave his attention to his own little tap. Possibly he was overconfident. Perhaps he wasn't, for the eighteenth green at Greenwich is none too smooth and velvety, and an ant hill might have had something to do with the miss. At any rate, he took a casual aim and hit the ball. It started for the cup, but changed its mind, went off on a starboard tack and stayed out about three inches from the hole. He put this one down, turned around and found Barnes waiting to shake hands and chuckle over the prospects of a play-off. Why the handshake, Jim? It worried Hagen's friends.

Their afternoon cards follow:

Out—										
Barnes	5	3	4	6	3	4	4	4	4	—37
Hagen	4	3	5	6	3	4	4	4	4	—37
In—										
Barnes	5	3	4	4	5	3	4	4	5	—37—74
Hagen	4	3	4	4	5	3	4	4	5	—36—73

Edgar, the Canadian open champion, beat Macfarlane out for third place, which carried a purse of $100. His eagle on thirteenth hole in the morning, when he deliberately hooked his second shot around a clump of trees to the green and when he followed this up with an eight-foot putt, was one of the most delicately achieved feats of the whole tourney. Despite a run of 2, 3, 3, 3, on the start of the second half, he needed 73 because of a 7 and a 5 which followed, although par would have given him a course record of 68. His total for the 72 holes was 296 and Macfarlane's 297. Fifth honors were tied between Tom McNamara, of Siwanoy and Charles H. Hoffner of Philadelphia, with 300. Jack Forrester of Meadow Brook won seventh money with 301, but the eighth and last purse was split among three stars, Wilfrid Reid of Wilmington, Del., Emmet French of Youngstown, Ohio, and Joe Sylvester of St. Albans, Long Island, with 302. Jess Sweetser continued to lead the amateurs to the end and finished in a tie with John Golden of Tuxedo at 304.

The scores follow:

	1st	2d	4th	
	36	36	36	Tot.
Walter Hagen, New York	148	69	75	292
Jim Barnes, Sunset Hill, St. L.	143	78	71	292
J.D. Edgar, Druid Hills, Atlanta	147	72	76	296
H. Macfarlane, Ft. Wash.	144	75	78	297
T. McNamara, Siwanoy	148	77	75	300
C. H. Hoffner, Philmont	149	76	75	300
J. Forrester, Meadow Brook	148	77	76	301
W. Reid, Wilmington, Del.	147	77	78	302
E. French, Youngstown, Ohio	146	77	79	302
J. Sylvester, St. Albans	151	76	75	302
*Jess Sweetser, Siwanoy	153	76	77	304
John Golden, Tuxedo	151	76	77	304
Jock Dowling, Scarsdale	154	76	75	305
J. Farrell, Quaker Ridge	151	74	80	305
G. McLean, Great Neck	156	76	78	306
W. Leach, Marshantville	154	76	77	307
Eugene Barasen, Fort Wayne,	154	82	71	307
E. McNamara, Cherry Valley	153	74	80	307
Carl Anderson, Laurence P'k	155	76	77	308
Alex Smith, Shenesconset	152	79	77	308
Pat O'Hara, Shackamaxon	153	76	77	306
Tom Kerrigan, Siwanoy	157	77	74	308
Louis Tellier, Brae Burn	153	81	76	309
*H. J. Topping, Greenwich	157	72	81	310
A. Clust, Westgate	157	78	75	310
Willie Kerr, Shawnee, Pa.	159	74	78	310
Tom Harmon, Jr., Hudson River	159	76	72	310
Jim Donaldson, Norwood	150	82	78	311
Frank Hunt, Mamaroneck	156	79	76	311
Art E. Reid, Ardsley	154	79	78	311
Chris. Shea, Trenton	157	74	81	312
Willie Maguire, Houston	153	77	82	312
Chas. Clarke, Engineers	156	80	78	314
Alex. Gerard, Baltusrol	155	80	79	314
Chas. P. Betscher, Marianna, O. C.	159	78	78	315
Geo. Sparling, Brooklawn	158	78	78	314
Geo. Thompson, Mt. Vernon	156	77	82	315
Willis Braid, Upper Montclair	157	79	80	316
Fred Canause, Oak Ridge	160	81	76	317
Fred Molgaw, Mamaroneck	160	78	79	317
Joe Michels, Meadow Brook	159	79	79	317
A. Sanderson, Sleepy Hollow	160	83	75	318
Alex Campbell, Rockport	154	85	77	316
Dan Mackie, Century	160	80	78	318
W. D. Forrester, Lothian Barns, Scotland	159	80	79	318
Hugh Glasby, Trenton	157	77	85	319
George Smith, unattached	156	81	82	320
Gordon Smith, Burningdale	160	81	80	321
Nick de Mase, Huntington	160	83	78	321
E. R. McCarthy, Jacksonville,	157	85	81	323
Arthur Boote, West End	161	82	81	324
Frank Deering, Scarsdale	162	81	80	323
Willie Gourley, Suburban	163	81	83	327
J. Dante, Rockaway River	162	80	85	327
E. D. Newbiam, Pine Orchard	162	84	81	328
John Druker, North Shore	162	80	83	325
R. L. Fiskenstedt, Oh. C. C.	161	82	82	325
J. C. Dalgleish, Westfield	164	86	87	327
George Jacobus, Ridgewood	159	83	81	323
Withdrew.				
Jack Burgess, Asheville; Bayard Boote, West End; Frank Belwood, Garden City; C. George Kerrigan, Northampton; Ernest Anderson, Laurence Park; James C. Farrell, Quaker Ridge; Bruce Fowle, Wee Burn.				
*Amateur.				

Apples Fell for Barnes As Well as for Newton

Jim Barnes was ready to fight on the fifteenth tee of his morning round yesterday at Greenwich, thought better of it, and then laughed as heartily as any member of the gallery following him. Jim had teed his ball, had addressed it, gauged his shot, and was drawing back his club when an apple materialized out of nowhere. It hit the ball squarely, knocking it off the tee. Barnes turned quickly, expecting to see a mischievous small boy, but understood when spectators pointed to an apple tree which overhangs the teeing ground. He was trying to figure out last night what would have happened if he had landed on the ball and apple at the moment one was striking the other.

VARDON-RAY TEAM WINS AT WAVERLY

Ouimet and Guilford Bow Before Superior Play of British Golfers.

Special to The New York Times.

WAVERLY, Mass., July 30.—More people than ever witnessed a golf match in Massachusetts and possibly in the East, saw Harry Vardon and Edward Ray, England's premier golfers, vanquish Francis Ouimet and Jesse P. Guilford of Woodland by 4 and 2 at the Belmont Spring Country Club today.

In more ways than one it was the most remarkable thirty-six holes match ever played in this section. At the conclusion of the first eighteen holes the Britishers led by 3 up. Their advantage was the same when twenty-seven holes had been played in the afternoon. With six holes to play their lead had been cut to two holes. But in the pinches they rallied and at the thirty-fourth hole they settled matters when Ouimet overdrove and Guilford was short on the tee shots.

Francis Ouimet's exhibition was far from his best. He seemed to lack the punch and precision which has distinguished his play in other matches. From time to time he showed remarkable woods off the tee only to develop a tendency to inaccuracy in this same department of the game. Ray, it might be said, never seemed better.

In the afternoon Ouimet came to the fore at the nineteenth hole when he scored a par 3 by holing an eight-foot putt. He also was in evidence at the sixth hole when he holed a twelve-foot putt for a birdie three for eight holes. In the morning the gallery was very much excited, with Ouimet and Guilford in the lead by two up, and though the match was squared at the tenth and the professionals took the lead for the first time at the eleventh, Ouimet and Guilford were only one down with two to play, and lost to the last two holes in fours. Vardon getting the seventeenth and Ray the eighteenth.

Ouimet started their final eighteen holes with a perfect drive and iron to the green, holed his eight-footer for a 3, the others taking a 4 each. Then Ouimet was the only player failing to reach the green from the tee and the hole was a half in 5. Ouimet's twelve-foot putt at the sixth for a 3 left him and his partner 2 down. The eighth went to the professionals, but Ouimet accounted for the ninth with a 4, Guilford being short on his second. At the eleventh Ouimet holed a fifteen-foot putt to halve the hole with Ray. Ouimet took the next hole with a 4, leaving Vardon and Ray 1 up.

All players got good drives going to the fourteenth. On their seconds Vardon and Ouimet reached the green, Guilford was over in the rough, while Ray was short. Ray pitched up to within five feet of the cup on his third and scored a 4.

The British golfers continued to lead to the end. Both pairs got a best ball of 73 for their afternoon round.

The scores:

MORNING ROUND.

Best ball—Out—										
Ray-Vardon	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	4	—36
Ouimet-Guilford	4	3	4	5	3	4	4	4	4	—35
In—										
Ray-Vardon	3	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—34—71
Ouimet-Guilford	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	5	—36—74
Out—										
Ray	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—37
Guilford	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—37
Ouimet	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—37
Vardon	5	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—38
In—										
Ray	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—34—71
Guilford	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—34—71
Ouimet	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—34—71
Vardon	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—34—72

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Vardon-Ray best ball—										
Out	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—37
In	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—34—73
Ouimet and Guilford—										
Out	4	4	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—38
In	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—34—73
Individual scores—										
Ouimet	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—37
	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—34—74
Ray	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—37
	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—34—75
Vardon	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—37
	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	—34—71
Guilford	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	5	—37
	4	3	5	5	4	3	4	4	5	—42—82

MARSTON TO MEET WALKER.

Golfers Play Deciding Match for Isham Cup at Ekwanok Today.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., July 30.—The final match for the Isham Cup, the chief trophy of the annual midsummer golf tournament at Ekwanok Country Club, tomorrow will be contested by Maxwell R. Marston of Philadelphia and Arthur L. Walker, Jr., who was the 1919 intercollegiate title holder. As each is playing strong golf and they have old battles to play over the gallery is looking for the best match of recent years at Ekwanok.

Walker's golf this afternoon was of the unbeatable type. He took but thirty-five strokes for the first nine holes, and his opponent, W. W. Patten of Schenectady, being frequently in traps, was five down at the turn. Patten came back very strongly on the homeward journey and did not make a slip until the fifteenth hole. He annexed the eleventh and thirteenth, when Walker required an extra shot because of slightly inaccurate tee shots. At the fifteenth Patten missed his drive and lost hole and match.

The summaries:

First Thirty-two—Third Round, Match Play—A. L. Walker, Ekwanok, beat Robert Lay, Ekwanok, 2 and 1; W. W. Patten, Mohawk, beat Daniel Fairchild, Wannamoisett, 5 and 3; Meredith Jack, Merion, beat H. A. Gammons, Wannamoisett, 1 up (20 holes); M. R. Marston, Merion, beat H. M. Heyburn, Louisville, 4 and 3.

Semi-Final Round—Walker beat Patten, 4 and 3; Marston beat Jack, 4 and 2.

Losing Sixteen—F. P. Jennings, Jr., Garden City, beat H. D. Smith, Glen Ridge, 2 up; A. G. McIlvaine, Albany, beat J. C. Parrish, Jr., National, 4 and 3; H. K. K. Keys, Greenwich, beat Frederick Shaw, Havana, 4 and 3; F. G. Bowers, Merion, won from W. E. Trussell, Garden City, by default.

Semi-Final Round — Jennings beat McIlvaine, 1 up; Keys beat Paul, 2 and 1.

Third Sixteen—Semi-Final Round—C. A. Hilvert, Metacomet, beat R. M. Bullen, Englewood, 1 up (19 holes); H. Y. Barrow, Baltusrol, beat W. O. MacDonald, Woodway, 2 and 1.

Losing Eight of Third Sixteen—Semi-Final —C. L. Emmons, Baltusrol, beat Ray Thompson, Engineers, 3 and 1; S. J. Bose, New Bedford, beat Sayer McLeod, Jr., Greenwich, 5 and 3.

Fourth Sixteen—C. P. Taft, Pine Orchard, beat C. J. Dexter, Marion, 4 and 3; E. R. Stillman, Island, beat H. S. Pearson, New Haven, 2 and 1.

Fifth Sixteen—J. Hodgson, Montclair, beat C. P. Erdman, Princeton, 4 and 3; R. Beemeister, Island, beat C. M. Clark, Philadelphia C. C., 3 and 2.

Sixth Sixteen—T. H. Collins, Worcester, beat H. H. Greggor, Montclair, 1 up; F. S. McLaughlin, Ekwanok, beat S. A. Souder, Merion, 4 and 3.

ENGLISHMEN AT SCARSDALE

Vardon and Ray Play Dowling and McNamara There Today.

After a five-day tour of Connecticut and Massachusetts, Harry Vardon and Ted Ray, British professional golfers, will return to the metropolitan district early this morning, and at 10 o'clock will tee up on the course of the Scarsdale Golf and Country Club at Mariedale for a thirty-six hole exhibition match. Their opponents, both morning and afternoon, will be Jack Dowling, the Scarsdale professional, and Tom McNamara of Siwanoy. McNamara has already opposed them, having paired with Tom Kerrigan in the Britishers' first match in this country at Siwanoy two weeks ago, the Americans losing, 2 and 1.

Today's exhibition will be a benefit, an admission will be charged, the proceeds to go to the White Plains Hospital fund. Tomorrow Vardon and Ray will play what is regarded as the most important match so far on their tour. It will be against Hagen and Barnes on the links of the Hollywood Golf Club at Deal, N. J. This also will be a benefit affair, the proceeds over and above the $1,000 purses to go to the benevolent fund of the Professional Golfers' Association.

CALIFORNIANS STAR IN DOUBLES MATCH

Griffin, Davis and Roberts Make First Eastern Appearance at Bay Ridge.

The tennis players who are fighting for the privilege of representing New York in the national doubles tournament this season kept out of action at the Crescent Athletic Club yesterday, and the gallery was treated to a pair of exhibition matches quite up to the standard of play that has existed at Bay Ridge all week. The occasion was made notable by the simultaneous appearance of the three California stars on Eastern turf for the first time this year, Willis E. Davis and Clarence Griffin meeting Roland Roberts and Frederick B. Alexander, and coming out ahead in three sets scored 6—4, 3—6, 6—3. In a women's doubles encounter, Miss Marion Zinderstein and Miss Leslie Bancroft, of Boston, defeated Miss Edith Sigourney and Miss Eleanor Tennant in straight sets, 6—5, 12—10.

To-day's programme is more elaborate. At 3 P. M. the final round of the New York sectional doubles will be played, with Lyle E. Mahan and Alfred H. Man, Jr., facing Harold Throckmorton and Charles M. Bull, Jr. At 4:30 there will be a singles exhibition by Miss Zinderstein and Miss Tennant, recent rivals for both the national clay court and the Metropolitan titles. This will be followed by a doubles match in which Roland Roberts and Clarence Griffin, the intercity champions in last week's tournament at Cleveland, will play Beals Wright and Watson M. Washburn.

Time permits, some mixed doubles will be staged to close the day.

The interest of the crowd centred yesterday in the play of the three men from the coast. It was the first experience on turf for Griffin in three years, and neither Davis nor Griffin had tried the grass surface since last Summer. All three adapted themselves to existing conditions with surprising success. Griffin was as steady and resourceful as ever in the past, while both Roberts and Davis scored consistently on service, neither of them losing a delivery throughout the match.

Roberts Justifies His Position.

There had been some criticism of the inclusion of Roberts in last year's "first ten," as he did not compete in the national championship, and made his record entirely on the Pacific Coast. But on his showing yesterday he has a perfect right to dispute a place in the top rank with any of the Eastern stars, and he asserted his class in no uncertain terms at Chicago not long ago, when he defeated Vincent Richards for the national clay court title.

It could be seen at a glance that Roberts is a far steadier tennis player than he was on his last Eastern visit, which also began on the turf of the Crescent Athletic Club. At that time he had a wealth of speed, but was hopelessly wild and comparatively easy prey for any one who could keep returning the ball. Yesterday he hit hard, but with a gratifying absence of errors, and it was not hard to believe that he had given William M. Johnston the battle of his life for the Coast championship last year. His chief asset is still his service, which is typical of the California brand. He supports it with aggressive volleying and an exceedingly dependable overhead department. His ground strokes have also improved, and altogether, so far as can be judged by a single match, Roland Roberts has turned into a really formidable tennis player.

Davis's Forceful Game.

Willis Davis is still the possessor of one of the overwhelming services of the American courts, and he also can volley and hit overhead. Whether his ground strokes have kept pace with the rest of his game remains to be seen, but yesterday he looked better than at any time last season, except, perhaps, on the redletter day of his calendar, when he defeated Norman Brookes at Southampton. He did most of the spectacular work for his side yesterday, leaving it to Griffin to hold up the continuity of the rallies where tactical correctness was required. The accuracy of his partner in picking his openings often gave Davis the opportunity to bring off sensational shots, and he rarely missed the chance to score a clean kill. He is still inclined to be awkward on his feet, but the physical power is there for tremendous achievement, and it may well be that the young giant from the West will find his best form this season.

Griffin, however, is still the doubles player of the West par excellence. He knows the game as none of the youngsters do, and even when he lacks the forcing shot to score a point outright he manages somehow to keep the opposition on the defensive. Like chubby "Peck" has lost weight, or at least retundity, and his novel figure, indicating the pink of condition and a stockily compressed power, gets around the court with a new activity. He has not added to the speed of his strokes in any appreciable degree, but he plays with more confidence than last year, when military service had distinctly taken the edge off his game.

Alexander in Form.

In the midst of the energetic Californians the veteran Alexander loomed up as a veritable Nestor of the courts, and he proved himself physically able to stand the pace with the best of them, while his headwork was always significant. The match itself was practically a toss-up all the way, with the first two sets divided by almost parallel scores, and the rubber coming to a decision by a single break through service. All the players were loudly applauded when they left the grandstand court.

The women's doubles served to exhibit the strength of Miss Leslie Bancroft in direct comparison with three far more famous players. It may be that she was the only one of the quartet that considered the match anything more than a practice gallop. In any case, she was all over the court, and her aggressive volleys drove up more a joy to the eye. On ground strokes also she was more impressive than any of the others, and her left-handedness often helped her to get to a ball which would have been an impossibility for a right-hander. Miss Zinderstein supported her hard-working partner whenever the need arose, but was generally content to make the fairly obvious shots that came her way, and wait for errors from the opposition. These were comparatively rare, as both Miss Tennant and Miss Sigourney were in good form. With no one worrying very much over the exact progress of the points, the resulting rallies were rather more brilliant than in ordinary match play among women, and the gallery was thoroughly appreciative of the spectacle. Miss Zinderstein and Miss Bancroft had enough extra punch for the crucial moments to pull out both sets after the games had gone to deuce, the second session piling up the unusually high score of 12—10.

FENNO WINS AT TENNIS.

Defeats J. G. Ewing for New Hampshire State Championship.

Special to The New York Times.

CRAWFORD NOTCH, N. H., July 30.—Finals in the New Hampshire State championship at Crawford Notch today resulted in a victory for J. Brooks Fenno, Jr., of Cambridge, who defeated James G. Ewing of Yonkers in straight sets. Ewing was off his game and played wild throughout the match. He was unable to meet his opponent's steadiness at any point.

Fenno paired with W. W. Ingraham of Providence in the men's doubles, wrested the championship match from Ewing and P. C. Hart of Montreal.

The summaries:

Men's Singles—J. Brooks Fenno, Jr., Cambridge, defeated J. G. Ewing, Yonkers, 6—2, 6—2, 6—4.

Men's Doubles—Fenno and W. W. Ingraham, Jr., defeated Ewing and P. C. Hart, Montreal, 6—4, 2—6, 7—5.

Consolation—Semi-Finals—M. Duane, Philadelphia, defeated P. C. Hart, 7—5, 4—6, 6—4; L. Le Roy Frost, Jr., New York, defeated H. N. Otis, Providence, 8—6, 6—3, 6—4.

Finals—M. Duane defeated L. Frost, Jr., 6—3, 7—5.

Explains Holland's Default In Final Davis Cup Round

An explanation is given, in a letter from Samuel Hardy to Julian S. Myrick, President of the National Tennis Association, of the default of Holland in the final round of the Davis Cup series. The Americans were asked to play on clay, as there are no turf courts in Holland, and in the negotiations which followed it was found that it would be impossible to make the trip across the channel and still keep the sailing date necessary for a timely return to the United States. Holland then agreed to default if America defeated England, and to discuss the subject further in case of the opposite result. The victory of Johnston and Tilden at Wimbledon therefore automatically settled the question.

HALL AND BEEKMAN TAKE TENNIS FINAL

Beat Washburn and Mathey in Doubles Tourney at Westchester Country Club.

Having been eliminated unexpectedly from the New York sectional tennis doubles by a supposedly weaker team, Walter Merrill Hall and Leonard Beekman yesterday sought solace in the winning of the invitation team event at the Country Club of Westchester, defeating Watson M. Washburn and Dean Mathey in the postponed final round by scores of 6—4, 10—8, 6—4. It was a hard fight all the way, with one or two rallies making all the difference in each set.

The second session was the real thriller of the match. Here Washburn and Mathey made their most determined bid for victory, overcoming a lead of 5—3 and making the score 6—5 in their favor before they could be stopped. They continued to take the odd game right up to 9—8, and caught up ones more at 10—all before dropping the set by a 12—10 count. At 7—4, with Washburn and Mathey ahead, the point score went to deuce no less than six times before Hall and Beekman pulled out the game which saved the set.

In both of the other sets a single break in service sufficed to bring a decision. Hall and Beekman played far better together than in their defeat at Bay Ridge, and seemed to attain and keep a high standard of form simultaneously, which had not been the case when they succumbed to Throckmorton and Bull. Their overhead hitting was remarkable for its steadiness and the definite results obtained with the sacrifice of pitch effort, and on low volleys they also made every shot count for at least an improvement in position when the points were badly needed. Washburn and Mathey both played good, sound tennis and lacked only the decisive punch to put over a victory.

OSTENDORF AND KEEN WIN.

New York Players Advance in Hoosick Falls Tennis Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

HOOSICK FALLS, N. Y., July 30.—A feature of the second day of the Hoosac Valley championship tennis tournament at the Hoosick Falls Country Club was the splendid playing of the New York entries, notably Thomas B. Keen of the University Heights Club, A. J. Ostendorf, E. A. Desnoes and A. Bruneau.

In the third round Keen defeated F. O. Desnoes, also of New York, in a spectacular three-set match, by scores of 4—6, 6—2, 6—2. Ostendorf easily defeated J. C. Richter in the second round in straight sets, 6—2, 6—3, and in the third round he took the measure of Stanton Welsh of Binghamton, 6—4, 6—4. F. O. Desnoes defeated Daniel Chase, 6—2, 6—3.

Carlton Y. Smith of Atlanta defeated H. E. Hine in a brilliant match, 6—1, 6—1, in the second round, and in the third captured another well played match from G. S. Bryan of Bridgeport, 6—0, 6—2.

In the first round of the men's doubles, A. J. Ostendorf, paired with R. L. James of Saratoga, captured a fast match from M. Read, Albany, and D. S. Lawyer by scores of 6—4, 6—2. Paul Gibbons and H. E. Hine of Philadelphia defeated E. O. Desnoes of New York and A. Bruneau of Brooklyn, 6—2, 5—7, 6—4, in one of the best doubles matches of the day.

Other results of the play were as follows:

First Round—Fred Gibbons, Philadelphia, defeated Wallace Puffer, Troy, 6—3, 6—1; John Mott, defeated W. H. Curtiss, 6—3, 13—11, 6—3; Stanton Welsh, Binghamton, defeated B. Homer Hall, Hoosick Falls, 6—2, 6—2; Howard White, Hoosick Falls, defeated Rev. E. E. Piko, Hoosick Falls, 0—6, 7—5, 6—2.

Second Round—John Deveraux, Utica, defeated Dr. F. H. Travers, Albany, 6—4, 6—3; Dr. Flowers, Albany, defeated Edward Washler, Troy, 6—3, 6—4; M. Read, Albany, defeated Fred Cushman, 6—0, 6—2; Stanton Welsh, Binghamton, defeated E. B. Chase, Springfield, 6—2, 5—7, 7—5; R. B. Smith, Springfield, defeated John Mott, 6—0, 6—1; W. F. Cary defeated Howard White, Hoosick Falls, 6—4, 2—6, 6—4; E. R. Snow, Springfield, defeated M. Read, Albany, 6—0, 6—2.

Third Round—John Deveraux defeated Dr. Flowers, 6—0, 6—0; R. L. James defeated G. H. Cook, 6—3, 6—2; Carlton Y. Smith defeated G. S. Bryan, 6—0, 6—2.

Doubles, First Round—M. E. Brooks and H. S. Hemenway won by default; E. B. Chase, Springfield, and R. B. Snow won by default; Dr.

MINGO IS RAMMED AND SUNK IN RACE

Class U Sloop's Occupants Are Promptly Rescued—Rowdy Leads Forty-Footers.

CLOSE FINISHES PREVAIL

Long Program of Larchmont Club Provides Excellent Sport—Carry On Wins in Victory Class.

Yacht racing on Long Island Sound yesterday, in the continuation of the Larchmont Yacht Club's annual race week, afforded contestants and onlookers excitement aplenty, for during the day one craft found an at least temporary watery grave and several others failed to finish their courses. The Mingo, a class U sloop, formerly known as the Sonder class, and facetiously as the "dachshund of the deep division," was the craft to pay her respects to Davy Jones. The Mingo belongs to H. T. Hornidge, and at the Scotch Caps buoy on the second round was rammed by the Handicap class sloop Kim, belonging to M. B. Hatfield, but sailed by George A. Granbery. Those aboard the Mingo were picked up by John Hammer in a launch from which he was taking pictures of the yachts as they rounded the mark. None was the worse for the accident, details of which were not reported to the Regatta Committee, as the rescued men were more than anxious to get ashore.

There was a brisk breeze from south by east which held true throughout most of the day and enabled the excellent showing of craft ranging from the N. Y. Y. C. forties down to the diminutive cats to cover their respective courses in good time and end the days' sport afloat earlier than usual. Several minor accidents were recorded, but none of them was of any consequence, and another blue-letter day may be chalked up to the lucky Larchmont organization.

The Regatta Committee, composed of Howell Perrin, Chairman; S. G. Bettington, Harold L. Flint, William Harvey Smith, Jr., and Hamilton B. Downe, conducted the affair without a hitch, even when the yachts started to finish in flocks or fleets and the courses selected gave the majority of the craft a broad reach on the first leg, a beat to windward on the second and then another reach over the third leg of most of the selected triangles.

Rowdy Defeats the Mistral.

Eight of the forty-footers started and finished in their twenty-mile spin, the winner being Holland S. Duell's Rowdy, which crossed the finish line 14 seconds before the Mistral, belonging to Philip Mallory. The start in this class was spirited. The good old N. Y. Y. C. Thirties, still trim and speedy despite their years, had another good brush and D. R. Richardson's Mispah was the first to finish with Ogden M. Reid's Lena a good second.

As regards the number of starters, the new Victory class led with sixteen, while the old and ever growing Star class had just one less, and the competition in both was the keenest possible. The Carry On, belonging to Appleton K. Larkins was the victor in the Victory class, defeating H. L. Curry's Ace by a good margin. F. W. Teeves's Milky Way was the first of the Stars to cross the finish line and then came Gordon L. Curry's Aquila, W. Insley's Taurus and R. L. Linkfield's Mala, merely seconds apart. Thereafter most of the others were quite closely bunched.

Paul L. Hammond's Spinster of the Class S sloops was a winner, and, as these little marine speedsters and the Victory class craft sailed over the same course of eleven miles, and they are both new classes, there was considerable interest in how they would compare with regard to the time required to cover the course. The Victory sloops started fifteen minutes earlier than the Class S sloops, but, as conditions were quite steady all day, that difference did not materially interfere with the comparisons.

The Spinster's time was 2:13:26, while the Carry On covered the course in 2:10:01, and the others of both classes were very nearly on a par.

Victory for the Flight.

W. H. Hoffman's Flight was the winner in the first division of the handicap class on both actual and corrected times, while the Robin Hood III. and the new ketch Squall, belonging respectively to G. E. Gartland and B. Jacob, were the winners in the third and fourth divisions of the Handicap class. Four schoonerettes started in that interesting class of diminutive two-stickers, and L. Hawthorne's Algol was the winner from the Moira, owned by Clarkson Cowl, while J. W. Alker's Allure was third.

C. Sherman Hoyt, American representative in the Seawanhaka Cup fleet during the America's Cup races, had as his guests aboard the Mary Rose, belonging to Junius S. Morgan, Charles E. Nicholson, designer of the challenger and his son, John Nicholson, while Mrs. Nicholson, Miss Nicholson and Mrs. Wife, designer of the 23-metre Shamrock as well as previous cup challengers, were aboard the Seawanhaka, Corinthian Yacht Club's motor launch.

Although the Mary Rose was second at the end of the first round and fourth at the finish, in a keen class of sixteen starters in the Victory class, Mr. Nicholson was greatly pleased with the day's sport and delighted with the beauty of the Sound shore at Larchmont. He said it was a great relief to get some small boat sailing after having spent so much time down at Sandy Hook with the big fellows. Mr. Nicholson and his family will leave New York today for a speedy trip to Canada, particularly to see Niagara Falls and on Wednesday next they sail for England.

The summary:

NEW YORK Y. C. 40-FOOTERS.

Start 2:15—Course 20 Miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish Time.	Elapsed Time.
Rowdy, H. S. Duell	4:50:30	2:44:30
Mistral, P. R. Mallory	5:50:04	2:45:04
Mosanon, F. D. M. Strachan	5:09:17	2:45:17
Shewara, H. Wesson	5:01:12	2:46:12
Slipe, T. S. Hayes	5:01:48	2:46:42
Pinguino, F. H. Raymond	5:02:35	2:47:35
Cockatoo, H. Chubb	5:08:24	2:48:24
Katherine, L. F. Percival	5:04:32	2:49:32

NEW YORK Y. C. 30-FOOTERS.

Start 2:25—Course 16½ Miles.

Misgah, D. R. Richardson	5:00:19	2:44:19
Lena, O. Reid	5:00:52	2:44:52
Adios, F. R. Richards	5:13:02	2:48:02
Banzai, E. Landauer	5:13:42	2:48:42

HANDICAP CLASS—FIRST DIVISION.

Start 2:30—Course 16½ Miles.

Flight, W. H. Hoffman	5:05:58	2:35:22
Amoret, T. S. Clark	5:06:31	2:36:21
Red Wing, Hill & Grace	5:18:54	2:48:54
Singara, C. W. Altwater	5:22:02	2:52:02

Corrected time on Flight, 2:30:42; Amoret, 2:36:30; Red Wing, 2:37:41; Singara, 2:44:47.

STAMFORD ONE DESIGN.

Start 2:00—Course 8½ Miles.

Calixta, A. C. Pomeroy	5:20:13	3:20:13
Fawn, A. W. Bell	5:35:50	3:35:50

SLOOPS—CLASS S.

Start 2:00—Course 11 Miles.

Spinster, P. L. Hammond	5:15:26	2:13:26
Pan, R. B. Jennings	5:16:56	2:16:56
Filles-O, Ralph Ellis	5:17:51	2:17:51
Testicot, H. Whiton	Withdrew	

HARLEM CATS.

Start 2:30—Course 8½ Miles.

Harlem Cat, G. Le Cave	5:38:16	2:18:16
Spry Cat, F. W. Fairfax	5:38:44	2:18:44

SEAWANHAKA FISH CLASS.

Start 2:00. Course 11 miles.

Tuna, R. Bowers	5:46:52	2:41:38
Fly, W. J. Rohn	5:47:08	2:42:06
Skate, H. L. Smith	5:30:55	2:45:35
Bowfin, F. Remington	5:32:16	2:47:16
Skimmer, J. Roosevelt	5:32:14	2:46:14
Shark, J. F. Birmingham	5:54:05	2:40:05
Pompano, C. G. West	5:54:20	2:40:20

STAR CLASS.

Start 2:00. Course 11 miles.

Milky Way, T. W. Teeves	5:25:49	2:28:49
Aquila, G. L. Curry	5:25:10	2:30:10
Taurus, W. Insley	5:25:33	2:30:33
Mala, R. L. Linkfield	5:25:45	2:30:45
Nerted, W. C. Crosby	5:26:56	2:33:56
Ace, F. C. Cole	5:27:30	2:34:30
Vera, R. D'Oench	5:30:33	2:34:33
Snapper, A. Iselin II	5:31:35	2:35:51
Northern Star, A. Kissam, Jr.	5:31:51	2:36:51
Sea Bird, J. Ryder	5:32:50	2:40:50
Sky-Dipper, F. E. Robinson	5:34:00	2:39:00
Mark II, W. C. Crosby	Withdrew	

Hagen and Barnes Face Battles on Many Links

After today's playoff at Greenwich for the metropolitan open golf title and tomorrow's exhibition match at Hollywood against Vardon and Ray, Walter Hagen will shoot Westward en route for Toledo to defend his national open golf championship. He will play in the Western open on Wednesday and Thursday at Olympia Field, Chicago, and in an exhibition at the Detroit Golf Club on Saturday, Aug. 7, when he will pair with Mike Brady against Vardon and Ray. On the following day he will go to Toledo for practice rounds over the championship course at Inverness. Barnes's program is similar, for he must defend his Western open title, but Long Jim will return to Chicago after the national in order to defend his title in the professional championship at Flossmoor, Aug. 16-21. Although Barnes has not qualified, a new ruling allows the defending champion to enter each year without this preliminary. Hagen will not play in the P. G. A. fixture, not being a member of the association.

North Star, P. G. Handy....Withdrew
Dione, G. A. Duerr.....Withdrew
Neptune, C. F. Bearing.....Withdrew

SPECIAL CLASS.

Start 2:30. Course 16½ miles.

Pingvin, O. Kiaer.....Withdrew

LONG ISLAND SOUND SCHOONERS.

Start, 2:35. Course, 11 Miles.

Algol, L. Hawthorn	4:33:46	1:58:46
Moira, C. Cowl	4:33:53	1:59:53
Allure, J. W. Alker	4:35:46	2:00:46
Alicia, W. L. Baldwin	Withdrew	

SLOOPS—CLASS U.

Start, 2:40. Course, 11 Miles.

Feather, A. L. Clark	4:36:35	1:56:15
Tern, W. T. Hornidge	4:39:22	1:59:22
Mingo, H. T. Hornidge	Sunk	

ORIENTAL ONE-DESIGN.

Start, 2:25. Course, 5½ Miles.

Salty, Haggerty Bros.	4:45:45	1:20:45
Alice, A. E. Griffen	4:47:55	1:22:55

LARCHMONT INTERCLUB CLASS.

Start, 2:40. Course, 11 Miles.

Whiff, H. Parker	4:49:21	2:00:21
Sirocco, W. Fraser	4:51:04	2:11:04

HANDICAP CLASS—THIRD DIVISION.

Start, 2:40. Course, 11 Miles.

Robin Hood III., C. S. Garnl'd	4:34:25	1:54:25
Kim, M. B. Hatfield	4:37:00	1:57:00
Quakeress III., C. L. Weyand	4:42:58	2:02:58
Arethusa, W. A. Walters	4:44:10	2:04:10

Corrected time on Robin Hood III., 1:54:25; Kim, 1:56:37; Quakeress III., 1:57:15; Arethusa, 1:57:58.

GLEN COVE JEWEL.

Start, 2:50. Course, 11 Miles.

Opal, C. H. Appleby	5:00:50	2:10:50
Amethyst, J. I. Remmy	5:10:24	2:20:24
Jade, G. Willard	5:12:51	2:22:51
Aqua Marine, N. Albertson	5:19:53	2:29:53

HANDICAP CLASS.

Fourth Division.

Start 3:00. Course 11 miles.

Squall, B. Jacob	5:17:19	2:17:19
Mercury, E. W. Fisher	5:18:25	2:18:25

Corrected time on Squall, 2:17:19; Mercury, 2:18:25.

VICTORY CLASS.

Start 2:45. Course 11 miles.

Carry On, Appleton & Durkin	4:55:01	2:10:01
Ace, H. L. Curry	4:58:41	2:13:41
Solzanta-Quinse, W. Stewart	4:58:50	2:13:50
Mary Rose, J. S. Morgan	4:58:59	2:13:59
Navigator, F. T. Davison	4:59:06	2:14:06
Black Jacket, J. S. Morgan	4:59:46	2:14:46
Spad, H. I. Fratt	5:00:34	2:15:34
Alerte, R. W. Martin	5:01:36	2:16:36
Otranto, R. B. Mayer	5:02:02	2:17:02
Cantigny, Dr. L. L. Atkinson, Jr.	5:03:07	2:18:07
Buddy, G. Alker	5:04:17	2:19:17
Gopher, F. W. Hine	5:04:25	2:19:25
A.-E. F., E. G. Potter	5:05:06	2:20:06
Bois de Belleau, P. R. Mayer	5:05:18	2:20:18
Blue Jacket, J. B. Ford	5:06:38	2:21:38
Blue Devil, H. F. Whitney	5:06:52	2:21:52

NEW YORK CANOE CLUB KNOCKABOUTS

Start, 3:15. Course, 5½ miles.

An-X, R. Fitzgibbons	5:23:09	2:08:09
X-tra, S. B. Church	5:30:19	2:15:19

START OCEAN RACE TODAY.

Harlem Y. C. Yachting Test Over Long Course to Begin.

The Harlem Yacht Club's ocean race for the Brooklyn Yacht Club Challenge Cup will start this morning from off Belden Point, City Island. The course is from the starting line to and around the Vineyard Sound lightship; thence to the finish line off the Brooklyn Yacht Club in Gravesend Bay, passing south of Block Island and Long Island, a total distance of 285 nautical miles.

John Alden of the Corinthian Yacht Club of Boston has challenged with the Centa, about 32 feet long on deck, while the Harlem Yacht Club has the old Ediana, now named the Butterfly, and owned by Stuyvesant Wainwright, to defend the cup. Mr. Wainwright will have Walter Sullivan as skipper of the Butterfly. Mr. Sullivan has been in every contest for the trophy.

At the Harlem Yacht Club last night, the skippers of the two small craft were questioned by their club mates as to whether or not they would care to undertake the long offshore race in such small craft after having seen the America's Cup yachts make in for the sheltered waters behind Sandy Hook last Saturday morning. Mr. Alden and Mr. Sullivan are not worried about heavy weather.

Makes Eastern League Record.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 30.—Danny Silva, playing second base for the Springfield Ponies this afternoon in the second game of a double header, established a new Eastern League record for an infielder, other than a first baseman, when he accepted seventeen chances without an error. He had ten assists and seven put-outs to his credit.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Wilder, Col. W. T., retired, after more than 30 years service.

Switzer, Col. J. S., to 17th, Camp Meade.

Dougherty, Lt.-Col. A. J., and Cooper, Lt.-Col. H. L., to Washington.

Leisenring, Lt.-Col. F. S., to Panama, as Asst. to Dept. Com.

Ives, Maj. J. M., Reserves Corps, to this city.

Smith, Capt. E. W., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Harris, Capt. C. W., retired as Major.

Sutowics, Capt. F. M., hon. discharged.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Pearce, Col. E. D'A., to Camp Lewis.

Stockton, Major E. A., Jr., to Boston.

Townes, Capt. J. E., Jr., retired as Major.

Quartermaster Corps.

Hart, Col. W. H., to New York as Depot Qm., relieving Brig.Gen. J. M. Carson, who will proceed to Washington.

Haworth, Major L. B., to O'Reilly Gen. Hosp., Otsen, N. C., sick.

Nelson, Major S. L., hon. discharged.

Bauerlesen, Capt. R. J., to San Antonio.

Field Artillery.

Doerr, Major W. A., hon. discharged.

Maul, Capt. J. G., retired as Major.

Vincent, 1st Lt. T. K., assigned to 1st Prov. Philippine Regt. of F.A. and will proceed to Camp Stotzenberg, Philippines.

Air Service.

Tinsley, 1st Lt. G. C., to Washington, detailed as working member of Joint Army and Navy Board on Aeronautics, vice Capt. A. R. Christie, Inf., relieved.

Ordnance Department.

Fletcher, Maj. A. T., Bixby, Capt. C. A., hon. discharged.

Miscellaneous.

Hocker, Capt. C. H., to Camp Funston.

Captains of Philippine Scouts, Parrott, H. B., Carter, W. G., Pavey-Brown, J., Pyle, F. L., Wright, G. H., Spurgeon, F. J., Bilney, M., Barker, E. M. and Conrow, A. J. to be Majors.

Chaney, Capt. J. L., Inf., Shallenberger, Capt. M. C., Inf., McCabe, Capt. E. H. W. Inf., Colvin, Capt. W. M., C. C. A., and VanSaltza, Capt. T. F., Jr., Cav., to be Majors.

Hauskett, 1st Lt. W. T., Jr., 10th Cav., to Ft. Riley Cav. School, as student officer.

Leaves.

Lewis, Col. E. W., 1 mo.

Porter, Lt.-Col. R. H., C., 1 mo. ext.

Luberoff, Major G. Q. M. C., 1 mo.

Luberoff, Maj. G. Q. M. C., 1 mo.

Purdie, Capt. M. S., C. A. C., 1 mo. 24 days.

Ballard, 1st Lt. J. B., Inf., 1 mo.

Morgan, 1st Lt. J. F., San. Corps, 1 mo.

HORSE SHOW BLUES FOR F. B. JOURDAN

He Takes Three Firsts at Annual Exhibition of Monmouth County Association.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 30.—A six-hour show, three spills, fourteen individual winners, with Franklin B. Jourdan of Rosiyn, L. I., taking first honors with three blues, and James Hauck of Newark, second with two, were some of the features of the second day's exhibition of the Monmouth County Horse Show Association at Hollywood Park today. The exhibition opened at 1 o'clock, and it was well after 7 before William Dupont's Hexagon was declared the winner in the last jumping class.

The attendance, too, was far ahead of yesterday's, the grand stand being filled. Joe Carroll, riding Brown Billy in the pony race, was in front in the final heat in making the turn and the horse, after making a double circle of the track, jumped the fence and dispersed the crowd before being caught. The boy was not injured.

Nickel Top threw his rider at the turt jump in one of the jumping classes, while Miss Nowburgh, riding Beacon Light, Ben Ali Haggin's entry in the Corinthian Class, was unseated and pretty well shaken up.

The Summaries:

Single Harness Horses—Won by Waddington Rector, ch. g., Franklin B. Jourdan; Montpelier Pearl, ch. m., Franklin B. Jourdan, second; Bonnie Lass, ch. m., Emil Seelig, third; Aflame, ch. m., A. W. Atkinson, fourth.

Harness Pairs—Won by Waddington Rector, ch. g. and Montpelier Pearl, ch. m., Franklin B. Jourdan; Floradora, ch. m., and Cinderella, ch. m., Emil Seelig, second.

Pony Tandems—Won by Fire Lad, b. s., and The Quaker Girl, b. m., Fernbrook Farm; Llewelyn King, ch. s., and Llewellyn Emperor, ch. s., Master Luther Tucker, second.

Harness Ponies—Won by Young Arnold, ch. s., Miss Josephine Hauck; Patsy, blk. g., Miss Marcia Tucker, second.

Saddle Horses—Won by Lightnin', b. g., J. A. Ramsdell; The Little Girl, b. m., Miss Anna C. Ellis, second; Lassie, ch. m., F. H. Montulet & Son, third; Midget, b. g., Samuel Keller Jacobs, fourth.

Saddle Horses—Won by Triggers, br. g., J. Macy Willets; Gotham Lad, b. s., Sandor Brook Farm, second; Eclipse, ch. m., F. H. Montulet & Son, third; Midget, b. g., Samuel Keller Jacobs, fourth.

Model Saddle Horses—Won by Checkmate, b. g., Frederick D. Mackay; Bohemian Girl, ch. m., Mrs. L. S. Wood, second; Santa Barbara, ch. m., Samuel Keller Jacobs, third; Midget, b. g., Samuel Keller Jacobs, fourth.

Saddle Horses—Won by The Minute, b. m., Miss Clemence Crafts; Powelton, ch. g., Miss Louise d'A. Carpenter, second; Kopsako, ch. g., J. A. R. Ramsdell, third; Lady Lavender, r. m., George H. Snyder, fourth.

Pairs Saddle Horses—Won by Allah, ch. g., Clark S. Peck and Devaney Deever, ch. g., Edward Ehlers; Cocky Lass, ch. m., the Misses Diana and Viola Wortheim, and Eclipse, ch. m., Montulet & Son, second; unnamed, owned by Charles E. Butler, third.

Saddle Ponies—Won by Earl of Shrewsbury, b. s., Jesse W. Powers; Firelight Bounce, ch. g., Miss Corinne Poth, second; Never Bounce, b. g., Miss Corinne Poth, third; The Quaker Girl, b. m., Fernbrook Farm, fourth.

Hunters and Jumpers—Won by Witchcraft, ch. m., Foxcatcher Farms; Silver Tip, b. g., Foxcatcher Farms, second; Sandy, b. g., Michael J. Devaney, third; Toronto, b. g., James H. Hauck, fourth.

Hunters—Won by Hexagon, b. g., Foxcatcher Farms; Sir Richard, blk. g., Rufus C. Finch, second; Silver Tip, b. g., Foxcatcher Farms, third; Sober Boy, ch. g., Fred Houseman, fourth.

Corinthian Class—Won by Sir Richard, blk. g., Rufus C. Finch; Nickel Tip, b. g., Foxcatcher Farms, second; Witchcraft, ch. g., Foxcatcher Farms, third; Toronto, b. g., James S. Hauck, fourth.

Hunters and Jumpers—Won by Security, blk. g., Miss Ruth Erlanger; Ray of Lite, ch. g., Michael J. Devaney, second; Ginger, ch. g., Captain A. H. Wilson, third; Canada, b. m., Miss E. G. Hauck, fourth.

Polo Mounts—Won by Happy Days, b. m., C. S. Lee; Sister, b. m., Col. Howard S. Borden, second; Black Lou, blk. m., Frederick Gilman, third; Snip, blk. g., J. Ford Johnson, Jr., fourth.

Pole Mounts—Won by Happy Jack, big. g., Peter Hauck, Jr.; Jimmie, ch. g., Col. Howard S. Borden, second; Heartsprings, ch. g., Joseph E. Meyer, third; Fancy, ch. g., Peter Hauck, Jr., fourth.

Polo Mounts—Won by Lady K, b. m., Mrs. L. J. White; Gold Dust, ch. g., Frederick Gilman, second; Tommy Atkins, br. g., Col. Howard S. Borden, third; Emmie, ch. g., Jason Waters, fourth.

Polo Mounts—Won by Fancy, ch. g., Peter Hauck, Jr.; Happy Jack, blk. g., Peter Hauck, Jr., second; Brandy, ch. g., J. Berens Waters, third; Rajah, gr. g., Col. Howard S. Borden, fourth.

Polo Teams—Won by Lady K, b. m., Button, br. g., Happy Jack, blk. g. and Fancy, ch. g., Rumson team; Happy Days, Hornpipe, War Sprite and Shenanandah, Eatontown Polo Team, second; Animation, ch. g., Golda Varda, ch. m., Rickets, blk. g. and Prince of Ireland, b. g., Whippany River Club, third; unnamed, owned by Rumson Fly Catchers, fourth.

Running Race—Won by Constance, b. m., Squadron C Farm. Curiosity, g. m., Squadron C Farm, finished first but was disqualified.

The Civil Service.

United States.

The Commission announces for Aug. 17 an examination for radiator repair man, aged 20 to 60, in the Aviation Repair Depot, Dallas, Texas, at $160 per month. After six months of satisfactory service applicants may be allowed the temporary increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, 40; training and experience, 60. The duties will consist of the repair of all radiators used on airplanes. Applicants must have had at least three years' experience in the manufacture or repair of radiators used on automobiles or airplanes. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service. To be entitled to retirement with an annuity employes in this position must reach their sixty-fifth birthday and have served fifteen years.

Estates Appraised.

BONAVENTURE, EDMOND F. (Sept. 10, 1918). Gross estate, $156,504; net estate, $148,824, all in personal property, represented in great part by his art collection. The legatees are Augusta C. Leroy, no relation, 123 Edgecombe Avenue, $1,000; Genevieve M. Bonaventure, widow, annuity of $2,000. The residuary estate is divided equally among the five children—Genevieve Ware of 786 Madison Avenue, Henriette Flostroy of 174 West Eighty-first Street and George A. Bonaventure, Yvonne Bonaventure and Simonne Bonaventure, all residing with their mother in West 106th St.

DEUTSCH, ALEXANDER (Aug. 25, 1918). Gross estate, $333,348; net estate, $236,450, of which $166,260 is represented in equities in real estate at 317 West Eighty-sixth Street and at 11-13 West Thirty-second Street. The personal property consists of $32,900 in Liberty bonds of various issues and the balance in bonds of the Third Avenue Railway, Interborough Rapid Transit Company, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway and the Southern Pacific. The legatees are Ernestine Schottick, a sister, living at the Holland House, annuity of $2,000, and the residuary estate to the daughters, Gladys Fanny Deutsch and Ethel Dorothy Deutsch of 205 West 105th St.

SIMONS, SANFORD (Oct. 7, 1919). Gross estate, $250,000; net estate, $264,220. The decedent had an equity in five pieces of property in Brooklyn and the balance consisted of $186,924.49 interest in Sanford Simons & Co. and twenty-eight small holdings of bonds ranging from $100 to $1,000 each. The legatees are Angelina Coppelman, a sister, of 1,019 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, $2,000; Frederic Simons, a brother, 119 West Ninth Street, $1; Lilly Coppelman, a niece, of 1,019 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, $500; Emanuel Simons, a brother, of 61 Bridge Street, Brooklyn, $1,000, and the widow, Leonore Simons of 350 West Eighty-eighth Street, the residuary estate.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR THE PURCHASE OF scrap steel.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Assistant Purchasing Agent, The Panama Canal, 24 State Street, New York City, until 2 o'clock P. M., Aug. 5, 1920, at which time they will be opened in public for purchasing the above mentioned material. Blanks and information relating to this sale (New York Circular No. 138) may be obtained from the above mentioned office. R. E. Rutherford, Assistant Purchasing Agent.

U. S. PUBLIC AUCTION SALE—Salvage Division, N. Y. Q. M. D., 461 Eighth Av., New York, will sell at a continuous public auction commencing 10:00 A. M. August 2d, 1920, at Ford Building, 540 Jackson Avenue, Long Island City, an assortment of second hand tentage, awnings and canvas goods. Particulars on application to Officer in Charge.

Proposals for Miscellaneous Hardware. Depot Quartermaster, 461 8th Ave., N. Y. City. Sealed proposals will be received until 10 A. M. August 25, 1920, and then opened, for furnishing Miscellaneous Hardware. Circular (50-2180. For information address above.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Pressure is moderately low from the lake region eastward, and there were showers over this area. There were also local thunder showers in Florida and Texas, but no other precipitation except a few widely scattered showers in the West.

Moderately high temperatures prevail over the central and northern districts east of the Rocky Mountains, except in the upper lake region and the Near Northwest, where they are somewhat below the seasonal average. In the Far Northwest and West temperatures were also high.

There will be thunder showers Saturday in the lake region, extending Saturday night and Sunday into the Middle Atlantic States and New England.

There will also be local thunder showers Saturday and Sunday in the Florida Peninsula and on Sunday in the East Gulf States, while in the South Atlantic States, except Florida, Tennessee and the Lower Ohio Valley, the weather will be fair Saturday and Sunday.

It will be somewhat cooler Saturday in the south upper lake region, but elsewhere east of the Mississippi River temperatures will not change materially.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Western New York—Local thunder showers Saturday in west and Saturday or Saturday night in east portion; Sunday partly cloudy, probably showers in extreme east portion.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy Saturday, showers at night or Sunday.

Southern New England—Partly cloudy Saturday; Sunday local showers.

New Jersey—Partly cloudy Saturday, showers at night or Sunday; little change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	64	85	4 P. M.	80	76
6 A. M.	62	83	7 P. M.	76	77
9 A. M.	67	68	9 P. M.	70	72
12 M.	77	71	11 P. M.	73	70

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 70; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 64; at 8 P. M. it was 77. Maximum temperature, 80 degrees at 2:45 P. M.; minimum, 62 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 52 per cent. at 8 A. M., 67 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.06 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.93 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Boro.
12:20—165 W. 18 St.; General Thread Co.	Not given
1:00—320 Delancey St.; Louis Hamano	Not given
5:00—126 E. 126 St.; Capitol Mills	Not given
10:45—12 Prospect Pl.	Not given
P. M.	
12:10—Pier 37 North River (conv)	Slight
2:35—172 Brook Av.; March Kessler	Slight
4:30—Mott Av. and 160th (auto); Henry Palmer	Slight
5:00—379 Broadway; Sealy Hosiery Co.	Slight
5:30—440 E. 109th St. (auto); M. Schmall	Slight
6:45—269 W. 118th St.; Earle & Carbon	Slight
9:10—312 E. 81 St.; Ed Smith	Slight
9:15—112 Forsythe St.; David Newberen	Slight
9:50—7 Canneo; Jos. Kaunkoff	Slight
10:00—Canal and Centre Sts.; B. R. T. subway station	Slight
10:55—35th St. and B'way; Studebaker Automobile Co.	Slight

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following navy orders today:

Hart, Capt. T. C., to command submarine Div. 3 and the Beaver.

Causey, Comdr. L. D., to duty as member U. S. Naval Mission to Peru.

Ades, Lt. Comdr. G. M., to the Nevada.

Bennett, Lt. Comdr. A. C., to the S. 16.

Magruder, Lt. Comdr. J. H., Jr., to ordnance, Washington.

Gardner, Lt. E. G., to Washington.

Holmes, Lt. J. M., to the New Jersey.

Sperie, Ens. W., to the Tatnall.

Wierzbickie, Lt. S., to hospital, Fort Lyon, Col.

Afternoon Sail Today, July 31

#Comfortable Str. HOMER RAMSDELL leaves Franklin St., N. Y., P. M., W. 129 St., 1:45 P. M., for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston. Music. Restaurant. The palatial Str. BENJ. B. ODELL leaves Newburgh, 6 P. M.; West Point, 7 P. M. for Highland Falls, New York.

*Also Str. POUGHKEEPSIE leaves Franklin St., 2:30; W. 129 St., 3:15 P. M., for Highland Falls, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston.

*Both steamers offer an ideal afternoon on the Hudson and connect with steamer to New York same day.

Special rate $1.10 Round Trip, including war tax. Good only on this date.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

SPANISH ROYAL MAIL LINE

COMPANIA TRASATLANTICA

FREIGHT and PASSENGER SERVICE.

N. Y. to CADIZ and BARCELONA

R.M.S.P. de SATRUSTEGUI about AUG. 14

To VIGO, CADIZ and BARCELONA

R. M. S. ISLA DE PANAY about AUG. 6

To HAVANA, CUBA.

R. M. S. CATALUNA.....about AUG. 7

For Further Particulars Apply to

LUIS LLANSO, Agent

Pier 8, E. R. Telephone Bowling Green 5156

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique

Express Postal Service.

NEW YORK—HAVRE

LEOPOLDINA	Aug. 5,		
LA SAVOIE	Aug. 5,	Sept. 2,	Oct. 1
NIAGARA	Aug. 17,		
LA LORRAINE	Aug. 26,	Sept. 17,	Oct. 15
ROCHAMBEAU	Aug. 21,	Sept. 23,	Oct. 23
LAFAYETTE	Aug. 27,	Sept. 24,	Oct. 28
FRANCE	Sept. 1,	Oct. —,	Nov. —
LA TOURAINE	Sept. 14,	Oct. 12,	Nov. 20

NEW YORK—BORDEAUX

CAROLINE.....Aug. 19

COMPANY'S OFFICE, 19 STATE ST., N. Y.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM

via Plymouth & Boulogne-sur-Mer

NOORDAM	Aug. 4 Sept. 8
NEW AMSTERDAM	Aug. 10 Sept. 14
RYNDAM	Aug. 18 Sept. 22
ROTTERDAM	Aug. 28 Oct. 2

General Passenger Office: 24 State St. N. Y.

PACIFIC LINE

to

SOUTH AMERICA

Sanderson & Son, Gen. Agts., 32 B'way, N. Y.

SWITZERLAND

MAKE IT YOUR HEADQUARTERS WHILE IN EUROPE

SWISS FEDERAL RAILROADS.

241 Fifth Avenue, New York.

AGWI LINES

Steamship service—Florida, the Carolinas, Cuba, Texas, Porto Rico, Santo Domingo.

California Mexico. Apply 429/9th Av.

NIAGARA TO THE SEA.

For Illustrated guide, address John F. Pierce, Dept. 102, Canada Steamship Lines Ltd., Montreal, Canada.

New Jersey Central SUNDAY OUTINGS

LAKE HOPATCONG, $1.62

EVERY SUNDAY

Leave W. 23d St., 8:20; Liberty St., 8:40 A. M.; Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8:50 A. M.; Broad St., Newark, 8:45 A. M.

MAUCH CHUNK, $2.16

EVERY SUNDAY

Leave W. 23d St., 8:20; Liberty St., 8:30 A. M.; Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8:40 A. M.; Broad St., Newark, 8:45 A. M.

ATLANTIC CITY, $3.24

SUNDAY, Aug. 8-22, Sept. 12-26.

Leave W. 23d St., 7:47; Liberty St., 8:00 A. M.; Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 8:13 A. M.; Broad St., Newark, 8:06 A. M.

Wednesday Excursions, Aug. 11-25.

Fares incl. tax. Above is Daylight Time.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Rises	Sets
High water	8:48	9:02	9:23	9:39	11:02	11:06	A. M.	P. M.
Low water	3:02	3:56	3:31	4:32	5:24	6:27	5:51	6:13

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Hatteras	Cardiff	July 15
Mascotton	Mayagues	July 24
Lancaga	Kingston	July 24
Alanona	Lisbon	July 10
City of Alamedo	Bogota	July 15
Carton Moon	Dunkirk	July 19
Rosyth Castle	Buenos Aires	July 3
Belita	Antilla	July 24
City of Columbus	Gibraltar	July 10
Sheridan	Trieste	July 9
Fausa	Clenfuegas	July 21
Cabo Creux	Seville	July 10
Anniston	Bilbao	July 16
Agwilsle	Rotterdam	July 17

DUE TODAY.

Alcia	Antwerp	July 6
City of Lincoln

FIND $100,000 CACHE OF NEW AUTO TIRES

Police Seize 2,000, Believed to Have Been Stolen, Stored In Rear of Garage.

THIEVES WORK NEW SCHEME

Mortgage Purloined Cars to Make Innocent Purchaser Believe Title Is Perfect.

Police Lieutenant John McMahon of the East Sixty-seventh Street station received a confidential message yesterday saying that an investigation would reveal a lot of automobile accessories, believed to have been stolen, in a building at 426 East Sixty-fourth Street.

Visiting that address with Detectives Reilly, Smith and Kilroy, Lieutenant McMahon was informed by Michael Passaro, who keeps a garage there, that three men had taken a lease on the rear of the building on Wednesday and proceeded to stock it with automobile tires. Entering the rear, the detectives found more than 2,000 new tires of various makes and sizes, valued at more than $100,000. They waited for some time for the arrival of one or more of the men who had leased the property, but they did not appear. The tires were then carried to Police Headquarters in three motor trucks.

There has been no report to the police of any wholesale tire thefts, and the detectives at once notified the railroads and express companies to check up shipments of tires, for the purpose of discovering whether they had been stolen from freight cars on express depots. The detectives received a description from Pecoraro of the three men who had leased the property.

Fake Mortgages Hide Thefts.

An alleged scheme of plastering fraudulent chattel mortgages on stolen cars and selling them at auction in order to make the transactions appear above suspicion and to deceive honest purchasers into the belief that they have perfect title to their cars was described by Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling yesterday after the arraignment of John J. Roberts of 142 West Forty-ninth Street and Isaac Bernstein of 1,015 Tiffany Street, the Bronx, on charges of grand larceny and receiving stolen goods.

The men are charged with the theft of a $6,850 car from the Cadillac Company's Sixty-second Street station and with having sold it to Harry Herdon of 65 Knox Avenue for $3,250. The chattel mortgage, purporting to have been executed by William J. Elliott and Louis Morsel, is, was dated in December, 1919, but not filed until April 3 of this year. Two days later, it is said, it was sent to a newspaper to print the usual auctioneer's notice of a chattel mortgage sale. Roberts is alleged to have purchased the car at this sale, and to have resold it to Herdon.

Brady Jury Disagrees.

The jury trying John J. Brady, a lawyer and son of the late Supreme Court Justice Brady, on the charge of grand larceny in connection with an automobile theft, was discharged yesterday by Judge McIntyre in General Sessions upon its failure to agree, after deliberating all night. The jurymen were said to have been evenly divided. Many character witnesses appeared in behalf of the defendant. It was announced at the District Attorney's office that a second trial will be held.

Assistant District Attorney Dooling, who has been investigating automobile thefts, said that a "great many automobiles stolen in this city had been passed to Washington, D. C." Mr. Dooling returned recently from a trip there to investigate the machinery for marketing stolen cars.

"From information obtained from confessions of automobile thieves and from other sources," he said, "Washington seems to be the leading mart for stolen cars. Nearly everybody there seems to ride. I understand that the borders of Maryland and other States are constantly watched in the hope of recapturing stolen cars if the Washington residents who possess them imprudently drive into the wrong jurisdiction."

Grand Jury Praises Owens.

The July Federal Grand Jury yesterday returned a special presentment to Judge Holmes in which it said: "We have been impressed with the energy and tact shown by Police Captain Martin S. Owens in organizing a campaign against automobile thieves and in obtaining evidence of the combination in this city to steal automobiles and to dispose of the same, We feel that it is only proper and right that we should especially commend the man for his efforts in protecting the public against the depredations of the automobile thieves."

Captain Owens is of the Automobile Squad of Police Headquarters, a branch of the Police Department that is recognized throughout the world for its efficiency. He was the first member of the department to volunteer for foreign service during the war. He went to France and drove an ambulance. After the United States entered the war he took a course in an officers' training school, from which he was graduated as a second lieutenant. For valor under fire he was made a first lieutenant and later was promoted to a captaincy. He was decorated with the Legion of Honor for bravery.

Indictments already have been found against five men as a result of the detective work of Owens and his fellow members of the Automobile Squad. Assistant United States Attorney Louis D. Scheperle, who is in charge of the prosecutions, has said that more indictments are expected and that the work of breaking the "great automobile thieves' ring in the metropolis" has only begun.

AUTO BANDITS BUSY, SILK STOCKS STOLEN

Holdup Men Get $3,499 Payroll Fund from Coal Dealer's Office.

Automobile bandits continued their successful marauding in and about the city yesterday, and at the same time silk and fur robberies, apparently conducted by experts who took only choice stock, became known, despite the police censorship of such affairs.

William Farrell & Son, coal dealers, were the victims of a costly daylight holdup when three men got out of an automobile at 124th Street and the Hudson River and entered the office of the company's yard there. Michael Haermann and John J. Roach, employes, and John Hurley, a coal inspector, looked up to find themselves confronted by three pistols.

The men seemed to know that George G. Wentworth, superintendent of the yard, had drawn the money for today's payroll from a bank a few hours before and had secreted it in the office, for two of them ransacked the furniture, while the third reinforced a stern warning that death would meet any outcry by shifting the pointing muzzle of his pistol from one to the other.

The robbers found the cash, $3,499, in a desk drawer. One of them transferred it to his pocket, then the three walked out, sprinted to their car, in which a fourth man waited, and fled through 125th Street to Broadway, turning north. They escaped, pursued by employes shouting "Robbers."

Aaron Goldman, 45 years old, a retired garment man of 314 Hewes Street, Brooklyn, drew $1,600 from east side banks yesterday in preparation for a trip to Europe. Three men stepped out of a subway at 74 Seventh Street, Manhattan, struck him over the head and ran with all his money, including $900 belonging to the Kovno Relief Society of which he was Treasurer.

Two of the men escaped, but Harry Karp of 214 East Houston Street was arrested on a charge of having been the one who struck Goldman.

Furs valued at about $25,000 were stolen a week ago from Hattler Brothers & Co., at 158 West Twenty-seventh Street, according to the firm. The police at the West Twentieth Street Station, where the Hattlers say they reported the case, denied knowing anything about the robbery, though Hattler said detectives had been to his establishment, where he found burglar tools.

Wagner, Gingold & Gertbaer, a fur manufacturing company on the same floor, was visited the same night by the robbers. According to the proprietor a lavalliere worth $1,200 was taken. Detectives also denied knowing anything about this case.

Several thousands dollars' worth of silks and silk dresses were stolen from the factory of J. Oposnauer at 29 West Thirty-fifth Street a few days ago. Officers of the firm said the thieves entered by a window in the rear and that the robbery must have been done by some one well acquainted with silk and dress values, judging from the discrimination used in picking out the choicest goods. The robbery was reported at once to the West Thirtieth Street Police Station. Reports place the value of the stolen stock in the neighborhood of $25,000, but neither the police nor the firm would tell the amount of the loss.

Accuses Chauffeur of Robbery.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., July 30.—Francis Utter of Madison, N. J., has reported to the police here that he was beaten and robbed last night by a taxi driver, his assailant obtaining $218. According to Utter's story he hired a man in Newburg to drive him to Port Jervis. At a lonely place a few miles from here the driver asked Utter to crank his car. As Utter bent over he says a man who accompanied the driver struck him over the head. He was rendered unconscious and lay on the roadside until morning.

TROLLEY FARES RAISED BY CONNECTICUT BOARD

Utilities Commission Allows 7 Cent Rate But Advocates 5 Cent Zone.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, July 30.—Trolley fares were again increased from 6 to 7 cents in Connecticut under a decision given tonight by the State Public Utilities Commission.

The decision says that, inasmuch as the company appears to be confronted with a critical financial condition which demands prompt action, it is deemed advisable to issue a temporary order whereby the rates established March 30, 1920, are suspended on Aug. 7, 1920.

The commission admits it is not satisfied that the temporary order is the proper remedy, and suggests a return to the former flat-rate zones of several years ago, when the fare unit was 5 cents.

The temporary order, to be effective throughout Connecticut on Aug. 8, authorizes the company to charge 7 cents for the first zone and 6 cents for additional zones, the zones to be three miles radiating from the traffic centres of cities and about two miles long in rural districts. The company wished to cut the rural zones to about 1.8 miles. Free transfers must be given at all transfer points and commutation rates are retained against the protests of the company, in all cities and towns of 25,000 population and on all lines running out for five miles or more. The rate is to be 2½ cents a mile as compared with 1½ cent rate now in force.

POSTAL CLERKS ACCUSED.

Ten Chicago Union Officials Are Charged with Unfair Publicity.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 30. — Acting upon instructions from Washington, Post Office Inspectors served notice today upon ten Post Office clerks, all officials or former officers of Chicago Post Office Clerks' Union No. 1, to show cause within five days why they should not be removed from the service.

The charges are that the union officials solicited money to replenish the treasury, and to carry on a publicity campaign to bring about an increase in salaries, and influence Congressional action. It is further charged that the union heads published advertisements in Chicago and Washington papers which were "of a misleading character, detrimental derogatory to the postal service, and reflecting unjustly upon the service and its officials."

The ten men say they believe they have incurred the enmity of Postmaster General Burleson because of their efforts at the San Francisco Convention to obtain a promise that Burleson would not be reappointed, and to have a plank inserted in the Democratic platform that would assure postal employes increased wages and better working conditions.

200-MILE PLANE NAMED.

Real Champagne Used at Ceremony Over New Type of Flyer.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., July 30.—Using a bottle said to have contained real champagne, Mrs. S. E. J. Cox, wife of the Vice President of the Aero Club of Texas, named today a new type of Curtiss monoplane, one of the three official American entrants in the Gordon Bennett Cup races to be held in Paris from Sept. 27 to Oct. 2. The naming of the Texas Wild Cat, as it was named, took place at Hazlehurst Field in the presence of leading aircraft designers and manufacturers.

No trial flight was made yesterday, as one of the radiators had not been placed on the machine. Curtiss company officials said the contract called for a plane having a speed greater than 200 miles an hour. The temporary test wings on the plane have a wing spread of thirty-two feet, but the permanent wings will be only twenty feet over all. The length of the monoplane is twenty feet. It is equipped with a 400 horsepower engine. The landing speed is estimated at ninety miles an hour.

Roland Rohlfs, who held the world altitude record until beaten by Major Schroeder, and Clarence Coombs, winner of the race around the Statue of Liberty and other aerial contests, will pilot the Texas Wild Cat in the Bennett races.

WARRANTS FOR 20 COAL MEN

Profits Up to $5 Per Ton Sold Alleged in Tennessee.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., July 30.—Warrants for twenty coal operators and dealers, charging profiteering in sales of coal, were placed in the hands of J. Parks Worley, United States Marshal, today. Officials here declined to make public the names of the defendants until after the warrants were served.

Attorney General Kennerly has been investigating the books of various coal corporations, obtaining information as to costs and profits, under instructions from the Department of Justice.

It is said that profits of $3 to $5 per ton are alleged in the warrant.

Portugal to Decorate Gen. Weyler.

MADRID, July 29.—Captain Gen. Weyler recently, gives the hereditary title of Duke of Rubi will be decorated tomorrow by the Portuguese Government with the Grand Cross of the Order of Saint Benedict of Avis. The decoration will be presented by the Portuguese Minister.

FAVOR OPEN SHOP; URGE STRIKE BAN

1,600 Members of Chamber of Commerce of United States Give Referendum Vote.

12 PRINCIPALS IN INDUSTRY

Overwhelming Response on All but "Outside Interests"—Separate Vote on Public Utilities.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Overwhelming approval of a platform setting up twelve principles of industrial relations has been shown by the membership of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States in a referendum vote, the result of which was announced today.

The vote taken was on the report of a special committee of the Chamber's Board of Directors. This report went deeply into the subject of the employment relation. It recommended, among other things, recognition of the right of open shop operation and the right of employers and employes to deal directly with each other without participation by outside interests.

At the same time the chamber's membership in another referendum vote has approved a report of its Committee on Public Utilities, recommending that strikes by public utility employes should be explicitly prohibited and that tribunals should be created by law to adjudicate, in decisions binding on both parties, the differences between public utilities corporations and their employes.

The vote on the two referendums was the largest ever recorded by the Chamber on any subject.

The committee that prepared the industrial relations platform was named by the chamber's Board of Directors at the close of the President's first Industrial conference, in October, 1919. It was charged with considering the principles presented by the employers' group in the conference. Its members included William Butterworth, President Deere & Co., Moline, Ill.; Frederick J. Koster, former President San Francisco Chamber of Commerce; Max W. Babb, Vice President of the Allis-Chalmers Company, Milwaukee; W. L. Clause, Chairman of the Board, Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company; M. J. Saunders, shipping expert of New Orleans, and Henry M. Victor, banker and cotton manufacturer, of Charlotte, N. C.

Industrial Relations Plan Adopted.

The twelve principles of industrial relations advanced by the committee, and the vote on each, were as follows:

1. Every person possesses the right to engage in any lawful business or occupation and to enter, individually or collectively, into any lawful contract of employment, either as employer or employe. These rights are subject to limitation only through a valid exercise of public authority. Vote—In favor, 1,675; opposed, 2.

2. The right of open-shop operation—that is, the right of employer and employe to enter into and determine the conditions of employment relations with each other—is an essential part of the individual right of contract possessed by each of the parties. Vote—In favor, 1,665; opposed, 4.

3. All men possess the equal right to associate voluntarily for the accomplishment of lawful purposes by lawful means. The association of men, whether of employers, employes or others, for collective action in dealing confers no authority over, and must not deny any right of, those who do not desire to act or deal with them. Vote—In favor, 1,677; opposed, 4.

4. The public welfare, the protection of the individual, and sound employment relations require that associations or combinations of employers or employes, or both, must equally be subject to the authority of the State and legally responsible to others for their conduct and that of their agents. Vote—In favor, 1,671; opposed, 4.

5. To develop, with due regard for the health, safety and well-being of the individual, the required output of industry is the common social obligation of all engaged therein. The restriction of productive effort or of output by either employer or employe or the purpose of creating an artificial scarcity of the product or of labor is an injury to society. Vote—In favor, 1,675; opposed, 3.

6. The wage of labor must come out of the product of industry and must be earned and measured by its contribution thereto. In order that the worker, in his own and general interest, may develop his full productive capacity, and may thereby earn at least a wage sufficient to sustain him upon a proper standard of living, it is the duty of management to co-operate with him to secure continuous employment suited to his abilities, to furnish incentive and opportunity for improvement, to provide proper safeguards for his health and safety and to encourage him in all practicable and reasonable ways to increase the value of his productive effort. Vote—In favor, 1,679; opposed, 2.

7. The number of hours in the work day or week in which the maximum output, consistent with the health and well-being of the individual, can be maintained in any given industry should be ascertained by careful study and never should be exceeded, except in case of emergency, and one day of rest in seven, or its equivalent, should be provided. The reduction in working hours below such economic limit, in order to secure greater leisure for the individual, should be made only with full understanding and acceptance of the fact that it involves a commensurate loss in the earning power of the workers, a limitation and a shortage of the output of the industry and an increase in the cost of the product, with all the necessary effect of these things upon the interests of the community and the nation. Vote—In favor, 1,677; opposed, 3.

8. Adequate means satisfactory both to the employer and his employes, and voluntarily agreed to by them, should be provided for the discussion and adjustment of employment relations and the just and prompt settlement of all disputes that arise in the course of industrial operation. Vote—In favor, 1,668; opposed, 8.

9. When, in the establishment or adjustment of employment relations, the employer and his employes do not deal individually, but by mutual consent such dealing is conducted by either party through representatives, it is proper for the other party to ask that these representatives shall not be chosen or controlled by, or in such dealing in any degree represent, any outside group or interest in the questions at issue. Vote—In favor, 1,568; opposed, 54.

10. The greatest measure of reward and well-being for both employer and employe and the full social value of their service must be sought in the successful conduct and full development of the particular industrial establishment in which they are associated. Intelligent and practical co-operation based upon a mutual recognition of this community of interest constitutes the true basis of sound industrial relations. Vote—In favor, 1,668; opposed, 5.

11. The State is sovereign and cannot tolerate a divided allegiance on the part of its servants. While the right of Government employes, national, State or municipal, to be heard and to secure consideration and just treatment, must be amply safeguarded, the community welfare demands that no combination to prevent or impair the operation of Government or of any Government function shall be permitted. Vote—In favor, 1,663; opposed, 4.

12. In public service activities the public interest and well-being must be the paramount and controlling consideration. The power of regulation and protection exercised by the State over the corporation should properly extend to the employes in so far as may be necessary to assure the adequate, continuous and unimpaired operation of public utility service. Vote—In favor, 1,649; opposed, 18.

Public Utilities Strikes Barred.

The referendum on public utilities employment carried the recommendations of the Chamber's Committee of Public Utilities. These were two in number, and were as follows, with the vote on each:

"The committee recommends that strikes by employes of all public service corporations performing public service essential to the lives, health, security, comfort and well being of the people should by law be explicitly prohibited. Vote—For, 1,594; against, 97.

"The committee recommends that suitable tribunals should be created by law to adjudicate differences between the employes of public service corporations and their employers and that the decisions of such tribunals should be final and binding upon both parties. Vote—For, 1,671; against, 100."

The following were members of the Chamber's Committe on Public Utilities: Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Irving National Bank, New York; Henry G. Bradlee, President of Stone & Webster, Boston; Arthur W. Brady, President Union Traction Company, Anderson, Ind.; F. B. DeBerard, Director of Research, New York Merchants' Association; Albert W. Harris, President Harris Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago; Charles R. Harrison, Director Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce; John W. Lieb, Vice President New York Edison Company; H. L. McCune, lawyer, of Kansas City; Paul N. Myers, President St. Paul Association of Public and Business Affairs, and John W. Van Allen, lawyer, of Buffalo.

TRANSIT EMPLOYES OFFER MILLION AID

Philadelphia Company Head Is Unwilling to Accept Men's Savings Fund.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Employes of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company offered their savings of $1,000,000 to Thomas F. Mitten, head of the company, to aid him in his fight for a basic five-cent fare, but Mr. Mitten refused the tender. The offer was made a week ago, when the employes took the unprecedented step of passing up their back pay until Mr. Mitten should see clear to make payment.

Mr. Mitten was much affected by the offer of the men's savings, but he told them the money was their own, and he did not consider it a company fund.

The savings were offered without interest, according to Dr. A. Mitten, son of the company's President, and Secretary of its co-operative welfare association.

The 250 delegates who were called in by Mr. Mitten when "the cards were laid on the table" and the precarious financial condition of the company was explained, insisted that the savings of the 11,000 employes they represented be used. But Mr. Mitten said he felt the men had done enough in foregoing their back pay.

Co-operation between the transit company and the city is to continue. President Mitten and other officials of the company will hold frequent meetings with Director Twining of the City Transit and his engineers, and from now on there will be no concealment, and both sides will work in the open.

It was announced that the first of the conferences probably would be held tomorrow in Director Twining's office. The conference at City Hall on Wednesday, when the Mayor, Mr. Mitten, Director Twining and other transit experts were present, was fruitless, one of these present said, because of the attitude of Mr. Mitten, who gave no expression of sentiment that might be construed as hopeful for the early operation of the Frankford "L."

The financial status of the company was such, Mr. Mitten said, that no plans embracing the expenditure of much money could be considered at present.

"There will be nothing done on the 'L' proposition unless the meeting between Director Twining and Ralph T. Senter, chief of rolling stock and buildings for the company, scheduled for next week, results in ironing out the difficulties," an official said.

The city's position is that it will not purchase cars needed and operate the road until the company definitely declines to do so on a fair basis.

ASSAILS DRUG REGULATIONS

Grand Jury Urges Methods Like Those in Liquor Control.

In connection with indictments charging Boris Aronowitch and Harry Aronwitch with conspiracy in violating the Harrison Drug act the Federal Grand Jury for the Morning Term yesterday returned a presentment assailing present methods of narcotic drug control and making the following suggestions:

"We recommend that the same regulations be adopted which now control the sale of liquors, that is that the party to whom a license is issued shall be required to give a bond and then sell only on certificates issued after due investigation by the Collector of Internal Revenue or upon physicians' prescriptions."

The presentment stated that "evidence before us in the case of Boris Aronowitch and Harry Aronowitch brought out the fact that a license to buy and sell narcotics was obtained by a man giving a fictitious name and address and filing a fictitious certificate in the the County Clerk's Office to do business under the name of the Fullman Chemical Company, which was not a corporation.

"We find that by this means they bought and sold opium and that one purchase was more than 900 pounds and that this opium was delivered to persons who had no right to purchase it.

"We are informed that the sale of opium and other narcotics is made under regulations prescribed by the Collector of Internal Revenue under the Federal Statutes, which have the force and effect of law. Without wishing to criticise the present Collector of Internal Revenue, who may have accepted these regulations from a series of predecessors, we feel that to permit the present regulations to continue in force would be an injustice to those unfortunates whom the law is designed to protect."

The indictment charges that the Aronowitches went to the Anchor Warehouse on July 7 last and met a man named John Solomon, "whose first name was fictitious, for the purpose of procuring drugs," that on the same day they obtained forms issued by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue bearing the name of "Harry Childs," and that on July 17 they got 903¼ pounds of gum opium.

Louis Greenberg also was indicted under the Harrison act yesterday. He was charged with taking twenty cans of opium concealed in newspapers to 146 Bleecker Street.

BERGDOLL DRIVER GIVES UP.

Chauffeur of Fugitive Draft Dodger Surrenders to Philadelphia Police.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—A development today in the various Bergdoll cases was the surrender of Harry G. Schuh, said to have been chauffeur for the draft dodger.

On June 29, Schuh, with others, was indicted by a special Federal grand jury, charged with conspiracy to harbor and conceal Bergdoll and in aiding his escape. Bail was then fixed at $10,000, although Schuh was still at large.

Mrs. Emma C. Bergdoll accompanied Schuh to the Federal Building today and furnished bail.

To Start New Paper at Norfolk.

RICHMOND, Va., July 30.—Announcement was made here today that Charles B. Cooke, former President and owner of the Richmond Evening Journal, and associates are to establish a new newspaper at Norfolk, Va. The mechanical equipment of the Richmond Virginian, which suspended publication several weeks ago, has been acquired for use in the plant of the new Norfolk paper.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday . . . 8 per cent. for the best names.
Thursday . . . 8 per cent. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Gray Goods Show Little Change.

Little change was shown in the local market for gray goods yesterday. Additional spot business was done in 38½-inch 64-60 printcloths at 16¾ cents, and the same construction sold at half a cent less for delivery in September and October. Seventeen cents was paid by buyers for spot lots of 39-inch 68-72s. Sheetings sales were limited and were confined almost entirely to spot shipments. Among the goods sold for that delivery were 48-suare, 4-yards at 17 cents and 5.50s at 13¼ cents.

***

Handbag Demand Growing Steadily.

The demand for women's novelty handbags has been growing steadily in this market in the last few days, and manufacturers of these goods are predicting for August a repetition of the active business which was done during that month last year. One of the features of the present demand, it was said yesterday, is the increased interest that buyers are taking in the revival of alligator effects. Some very attractive bags of this kind have been brought out to retail from $5 up. In the more staple lines there is a nice call reported for canteens and vanity cases in various shades of leather.

***

Still Weathering the Storm.

It is a source of surprise to many credit men in the wholesale dry goods field that many concerns have been "shaky" for so long but have still to "die." Allowing for the general disposition on the part of creditors to help out, the prolonged struggles of the financially embarrassed, it is pointed out, are hard to explain. About the only explanation offered is that the profits made while merchandise was easy to sell are now being used by these merchants to get over the rough spots. In many cases, however, the profits were immediately turned back into merchandise, and in such instances the mystery of continued operation is even deeper.

***

Where the Jobber Was Helpful.

Those who have studied developments in the garment trade believe that a readjustment will be effected in the women's wear lines sooner than in other kinds of merchandise carried by retail stores. Strangely enough, the jobber was given credit by one large buyer for the improvement in the women's ready-to-wear trade. "As much as the jobber of dress goods has been criticised in the past," he said, "the garment industry owes him something now for being able to make a quick adjustment. The mills retained their high prices to the last moment, but the jobber sold off his goods for what he could get. This enabled garment makers to scale down their prices. If there were more jobbers in the men's wear fabric market I think the manufacturers in that line would be closer to a solution of their problems."

***

Clothing Plants Ready to Close.

In accordance with their plans to make goods only on order, it is understood that the local clothing manufacturers have reached a point in their Fall production where factories will be closed down generally in about two weeks' time. Many of the cutting rooms for one, it is said, have already been laid off because work has been completed on all the orders so far received for the season. The statement of Howard E. Fiss, special assistant to the Attorney General, criticising price guarantees, was quite generally regarded in the local market yesterday as another blow at the industry, which is beginning to have fears of being able to weather the present storm.

***

Silverware Prices Come Down.

In order to pass on to the public the benefits of the decline in silver bullion, leading silversmiths here have marked down prices on the lines that are to be offered to the retail trade for the Fall season. While definite information regarding the extent of the reductions has not been given out for publication, it is said that they are not as large as might have been the case if labor and other production costs had not advanced so sharply or if prices on the finished wares had been increased in keeping with the peak of the rise in the metal. In the aggregate, however, the reductions that have been made will save the public a considerable amount of money later in the year.

***

New Bleached Goods Prices Due?

Reports in the local dry goods trade yesterday had it that a revision of mill prices on leading lines of bleached cottons is not far off, in spite of the statement previously made that quotations on these goods would not be revised until early Fall. It was said, in fact, that some of the new prices might be given out early next week. Concerning the apparent change of tactics on the part of sellers, it was asserted that their hand had been forced by the marked slump in gray goods prices which has developed in the last couple of months and the unwillingness of the jobbing trade to place new business until quotations on the finished goods were revised on the basis of present costs of the cloths in the gray.

***

Hard Coal Receipts Lower.

Because of various setbacks local coal dealers, collectively, have received less anthracite this month than in June, and the shrinkage in receipts is still more pronounced when compared with those of a year ago. Seward's Journal will say today that some of the retailers have fared much better than others, and that, as a result, they have been able to take fairly good care of their trade. The bituminous market is becoming more erratic. In some cases prices are off a little from those which previously prevailed. Certain grades are higher than ever, while others show little change either way. A succession of priority orders is "standing the trade on its head."

***

The Cart Before the Horse.

Some of the large retail stores, contrary to their usual custom, have decided not to hold August fur sales this year. This decision was made because of the expectation of lower prices later on. Raw furs have declined around 25 per cent. from the "peak" prices early in the year, and the stores which will have no sales believe further reductions possible. The whole question of August sales, it is said, has been more thoroughly discussed this year than ever before, and the idea is growing that holding them is something like putting the cart before the horse. The merchandising principle at issue is whether or not it is well to hold a reduction sale before the regular offerings are made.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Meetings of the notions, toilet goods and leather goods buyers of the Dry Goods Union will be held at 432 Fourth Avenue on Tuesday and Wednesday next.

F. C. Hofmayer, formerly with William Taylor & Sons, Cleveland, is now buying cotton goods for the John Shillito Company of that city.

BUSINESS RECORDS

Failures of the Week.

Bradstreets reports 153 failures in the United States for the week, against 144 for the previous week, and 85, 150, 100 and 273 for the corresponding weeks, 1919 to 1916. The New England States had 18, Middle 49, Southern 20, Western 38, Far Western 21 and Northwestern 7. Canada had 24, against 13 for the previous week. In the United States about 73 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had less than $5,000 capital and 13.7 per cent. had from $5,000 to $50,000.

In Town.

SAULLE LONGHI—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Saulle Longhi, merchant tailoring, at 144 Bay Ave., by these creditors: Mark Gersten, $371 and International Woolen Co., Inc., $515, Judge Knox has appointed George W. Clune referee in $2,000 bond. Mr. Longhi stated that, on July 28, a Marshal levied on all of the assets except fixtures under execution and removed them to Chelsea Storage Warehouse Co., 426 West 26th St., where, he said, they are stored. The property is advertised to be sold under the said execution on Aug. 2.

SINGER NOVELTY COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry Singer, trading as Singer Novelty Company, beaded novelties and trimmings, at 126 East Twenty-eighth Street, by these creditors: Ira A. Schiller, $500; Harold Williams, $750, and Nat Lewis, $1,000. It is stated that the liabilities are about $10,000 and the assets about $3,000. It is also alleged that an assignment was made to Ira A. Schiller and filed in the County of Bronx.

DAVID HARRIS—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against David Harris, retail grocer, at 1,227 First Avenue, by these creditors: Maxwell Bros., Inc., $150; M. Moskowitz, $160, and Epstein & Son, $235. It is alleged that Harris made an assignment on July 18 to William Vossler.

P. RUHLMAN & CO.—George M. Rafter, a member of the firm of Ruhlman & Co., wholesale fruit and produce commission merchants, at 301 Washington Street, has filed the firm's schedules in bankruptcy. He stated that he does not know the amount of the firm's liabilities, but mentions a half interest in Bauer Fruit Company of Los Angeles, Cal., value unknown. A number of law claims against the firm are said to have been incurred by Frank J. Ruhlman.

GARFUNKEL & CAMMARATA, jewelry, at 836 Canal Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $20,428 and assets of $12,056, consisting of stock, $1,501; machinery, fixtures, &c., $4,500; accounts due, $3,300; cash, $106, and burglary insurance, $5,000. Among the creditors are Kastenhuber & Lehrfeld, $1,018; R. A. Breidenbach, $4,743; H. Nordlinger's Sons, $3,423, and the Lasaner Company, $3,729.

G. & F. RESTAURANT COMPANY, INC., at 116 Fulton Street, has made an assignment to Lawrence H. Sanders. The assignment deed was signed by Louis Fogel, as President, and Walter A. Werner, as Treasurer. Two petitions in bankruptcy were filed against the company on June 26 and July 1, which were dismissed by Judge Knox on July 21.

BROSTERMAN & WISOTSKY, Alexander Brosterman and Morris Wisotsky, trading as Brosterman & Wisotsky, dealers in furs at 200 West Twenty-fourth Street, have made an assignment to Samuel Kastner and William Frank, as trustees, giving preferences of $11,125.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Adams, Peter S. & Tom—W. S. Kitchell Co., Inc. $232.24
Adams, Pete & Gus Economy—J. A. McKinley 279.85
Anatomy Trading Co., Inc.—Boston Specialty Corp. 176.41
Adler, Saul W.—Bramhall-Dean Co. . . . 820.85
Bathrick, Harry H.—Loose Wiles Biscuit Co. 134.18
Bonhart, Peter—Trans. Atlantic Import Co. 184.70
Broesch, Herman—S. S. Kice 121.30
Bradley, James, Frank Bradley and William—Fifth Natl Bank of N. Y. 74,309.61
Closarelli, Enrico and Natl Surety Co. People, &c. 500.00
Cohen, Timothy—F. M. Tober 5,043.25
Crawford Electrical Construction Co.—Bette & Betts Corp. 102.80
Comerford, Thomas—W. Will et al. 266.10
Fox Fur Co., Inc.—G. J. Fuerth et al. 3,104.63
Fant, Louis C. and John Ratto—Osborne Co. 120.30
Garcia, Manuel R.—M. R. Frank 219.30
Gratto, Theodore and Joseph Fassuto—People, &c. 100.00
Gevers Construction Co., Inc., and Leo J. McGovern—J. Axelrad. 927.87
Gilbody, Ray and Samuel Rabinowitz—Sales Extension Corp. 932.04
Hall, Stephen M.—E. H. Tiffany, costs. 112.50
Hungerford, Osgood R.—M. L. Osborne 16,982.08
Kessler, Walter—D. Sass 229.70
Kuntz, Louis F.—George H. Tyrell Co., Inc. 4,256.99
La Dore Voiles Presentations, Inc.—Kehlemann Co. 361.78
Linser, Ignatz—H. Brickman 572.62
Muehlenthal, Philip (P. & G. Machine Shop)—Kent Mfg. Co. 907.65
Minos, Jacob and Natl Surety Co.—People, &c. 1,000.00
Martini, Bertha and Sam Sampera—People, &c. 200.00
Mason, Joseph E.—L. Jamain 244.90
Midland Accessory & Supply Co., Inc.—Fisk Rubber Co. of N. Y. 2,017.87
N. Y. & North Shore Traction Co.—W. Hillebrand Co. 2,364.60
Pinkert, Peter—Vollrath Co. 137.02
Quon, Emmer—G. H. Ashworth 801.33
Sweeney, Margaret E.—D. Frank 66.92
Schuman, Mitchell S.—J. A. Mack 156.75
Silverman, Max—L. Gibbs et al. 165.19
Story, Ernest D. and Chas. S. Fowler—Corn Exchange Bank 1,237.19
Shaw, Alfred—Musical America Co. . . . 179.60
Siegel, David—A. Hauptman, Inc. . . . 228.70
Thompson, Edw. B.—O. W. Hamilton et al costs 105.57
Uniform Renting Corp.—People, &c. . . . 100.00
Wood, Marion—A. Wise 646.24

Bender, Oscar—M. L. McCarron et al. $201.22
Same—Same 201.22
McChanic, Morris S.—M. Wolf 40.20
Van Order, George O.—C. E. Doty 120.06

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Frank J. Parks Lumber Co.—Woodland Lumber Co., May 26, 1915 . . . . . $452.82
Semprini, Junto—E. Petrucci, Nov. 3, 1913 . . . . . 261.67
William P. Collins Co., Inc., and William P. Collins—F. L. Froment et al. June 18, 1914 . . . . . 477.77
Mandeville, Ida—C. Butler, Aug. 28, 1908 . . . . . 333.00
Gavin, William E.—268 and 280 West 92d Street Corp., Oct. 28, 1919 . . . . . 111.70
Meruk, Robert L.—B. Wolfson, April 28, 1920 . . . . . 302.91
Friedhoff, Maria E. and Anna M. Wuehrmann—M. Brill et al., Jan 29, 1919 (reversed) 8,719.30
Imperial Investing Corp.—L. Tanenbaum et al., June 20, 1920. . . . . 342.12
Devoe, Charles—Walsh & Wertheim, June 17, 1913 . . . . . 344.47
Same—N. L. Carpenter et al. Dec. 9, 1914 . . . . . 2,008.52
Kealon, William C.—F. Krug, June 20, 1919 . . . . . 1,109.70
Kirwin, John, Louis and Carrie Roemer —Hannis Distilling Co., Dec. 14, 1914. 111.91
Kirwin, John and Louis Roemer—Same, Feb. 25, 1915 . . . . . 616.84
Joline, Adrian H. and Douglas Robinson—M. Bordenheimer, Mar. 22, 1911. . 442.15
Szabo, John and Andrew—M. Szabo, Dec. 11, 1918 . . . . . 2,927.06
Goldmeyer, Thiel & Arnold, Inc.—H. Lederman, July 27, 1920 . . . . . 2,858.19

In Bronx County.

Diesoway, Frank B. and Ella B. Mellet—P. Schwelckert, Mar. 14, 1917. . $182.45
Diesoway, Frank B.—F. Frasse, Mar. 21, 1918 . . . . . 139.72

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Unwarranted or exaggerated claims rejected.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

DISCOUNT your accounts receivable; advance money on merchandise, notes and trade acceptances purchased. Room 401, 5 Beekman St.

CAPITAL WANTED.

YOUNG, progressive ladies' leather novelty house seeking for thorough business man; must have selling ability; wonderful opportunity. D 441 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

LARGE machine shop in Brooklyn desires production work which would utilize its up-to-date equipment; consisting of automatic and hand screw machines, cylindrical grinders, milling and gear hobbing machines, drill and punch presses, lathe; this is an excellent opportunity for a big company to have additional manufacturing resources. X 2439 Times Annex.

LARGE machine shop in Brooklyn desires production work which would utilize its up-to-date equipment consisting of automatic and hand screw machines, cylindrical grinders, milling and gear hobbing machines, drill, and punch presses, lathe; this is an excellent opportunity for the company to have additional manufacturing sources. X 2439 Times Annex.

FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE, expert experience, just returned from two years' stay in Continental Europe, representing important manufacturing concern, desires to return to the continent as representative; speak French fluently. X 2221 Times Annex.

I CAN SELL YOUR GOODS THROUGH SALESMEN. 20 years' experience handling agents, canvassers, salesmen; good ideas and selling plans; very best references; interview at your convenience; worth while. P 506 Times.

AMERICAN, long residence France, with acquaintance in Belgium and Italy, desires to make connection with American corporation requiring resident representative in France. L 284 Times.

SHOP for rent, furnished, 67th St., at Park Av.; suitable for wearing apparel, dressm

More Sugar

Share in the profits which reflect the world's insistent demand for increased sugar production.

We offer

UTAH-IDAHO SUGAR COMPANY

First Mortgage Serial 7% Gold Bonds

Rapidly increasing its facilities this Company now produces about 10% of the beet sugar in this country.

Price to yield about

7¾%

Ask for circular TU describing this and other desirable investments.

A.H. Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

COUPONS

Payable at Our Office August 1, 1920

Crew Levick Company 1st S. F. 6's, 1931

Empire Refining Company 1st Mtg. & Coll. Tr. 6's, 1927

Webb City & Carterville Gas Co. General 6's, 1940

Spokane Gas & Fuel Co. 1st & Refund 5's, 1944

Lorain County Electric Co. 1st Mortgage 5's, 1941

Gas & Electric Securities Co. Coll. Trust 6% Ser. Notes, 1920-25

Henry L. Doherty & Company
60 Wall Street New York

Phone Rector 5000

Josephthal & Co.

120 Broadway, New York

Members New York Stock Exchange

Foreign Government Bonds

Private Wires to Principal Cities

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

16, 18, 20 and 22 WILLIAM STREET, New York City.

Coupons and Dividends due in August are payable at this office on and after August 1st, 1920, as follows:

Birmingham Water Works Company
Citizens Gas Company of Kankakee
Clinton Water Works Company
Commonwealth Water & Light Co., of N. J. (1st & Refunding Mtge.)
Commonwealth Water & Light Co., of N. J. (1st Mortgage.)
Commonwealth Water & Light Co., of N. J. (3 Year Collateral Gold Notes.)
Cornell Steamboat Company
Franklin, County of, Tenn.
Gloversville & Broadalbin Railroad Company
Lackawanna Iron & Steel Company, 5%
Lakewood & Coast Water & Electric Co.
Monongahela Valley Water Company
Montgomery Street Railway Company
Port of Havana Docks Company
St. Louis Merchants Bridge Company
Seymour Water Company

DIVIDENDS
August 1st, 1920.
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

$150,000 Cleveland Heights, Ohio, School District 6% Bonds

Due serially, Oct. 1, 1930 to 1952.

Coupon bonds. Denomination $1000. Principal & Interest payable at N. Y.

PRICE TO YIELD 5.75%

FIELD, RICHARDS & CO.
52 BROADWAY
Cleveland New York Cincinnati

Bankers Trust Co.
Guaranty Trust Co.
Hanover Fire Insurance

McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway Phone 2284 Rector

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Selling Pressure Converges on a Selected List of Industrial Stocks—Wheat Drops.

Selective selling was much in evidence in stock market dealings yesterday. The bears picked out rubber, leather, automobile, steel and so-called food shares for attack early in the day, and a steady pressure was maintained to the close. Among issues of these groups declines of 1½ to more than 3 points were recorded. Weakness at the centres of pressure naturally had an unsettling influence elsewhere within the industrial list, but most stocks were too inactive to move far. The rails were unsteady without disclosing any marked degree of heaviness. It was the sort of a market in which partisans of the lower side of quotations found such easy picking in a relatively small number of issues that they paid little attention to the others. The day's turnover was too small to show that liquidation of long stocks was brought out by the fall of a dozen industrial shares. Call money lent at 8 per cent. throughout the borrowing period, the loans to hold over until Monday.

The persistent decline of what are known as the "inventory" stocks and a few of the general industrial list indicated that thoughts of business reaction were pressing further into the trading foreground. Because of the flood of rumors dealing with cancellations, the slackening of factory operations and the laying off of hands, some of which meet with quick denial, it is difficult to picture exactly what is going on at the leading industrial centres. Furthermore, the situation is obscured by incomplete data on the effect of railroad congestion, although it is certain that some lines, especially steel, would be much more active if shipments of raw material and finished goods could be expedited. The Federal Reserve Board's survey for July, however, emphasize the receding tendency of general business which trade reviews have recounted from week to week, and the stock market is evidently discounting the readjustment which Reserve Board correspondents referred to in considerable detail. The movement toward lower prices, with a consequent uncertainty among wholesale dealers and contractors, has been made manifest this week in many directions. In textile and allied lines it is noted by Dun's agents that "predictions of shortage of supplies to follow have thus far failed to awaken buyers' interest." A price of $2.23 for December wheat yesterday, below the recent Government guaranteed price, showed a drop of 53 cents a bushel since futures trading was renewed on July 15, and cotton has been steadily losing ground. The prospect of a wheat yield of nearer 850,000,000 bushels than the 800,000,0000 bushels predicted by Government observers a month ago is, of course, an influence behind the wheat market, and a similar factor is being felt in corn, oats and other grains and cotton, but the whole situation at the moment seems to fit in with expectations that lower prices are coming all along the line.

At the day's minimum quotation of 3.70¾ for sight sterling, the reaction from Thursday's closing price was nearly 3 cents, and the final recovery left a less of 2¼ cents. Continental rates in the main followed London quotations down, and a reason could be found in export figures of wheat and corn. Bradstreet's reports show that in the four weeks ended Thursday, covering nearly all of July, the outflow of wheat and flour was equal to 40,478,392 bushels, a total fully 60 per cent. larger than in the same period last year. Should the movement continue, with the concurrent exportation of corn, it is conceivable that this grain situation will be in a better state of liquidation before the new crops press along than had been expected. This would be of considerable significance to bank credit.

Foreign Exchanges.

LONDON, July 30.—Bar silver, 56¼d per ounce. Bar gold, 110s. 6d. Money, 5½ per cent. Discount rates—Short bills, 6@6¼ per cent; three month bills, 6 11-16 @6¾. Gold preiums at Lisbon, 140.00.

PARIS, July 30.—Prices were steady on the Bourse today: Three per cent. rentes, 58 francs 30 centimes; exchange on London, 48 francs 63 centimes; five per cent. loan, 88 francs 70 centimes. The dollar was quoted at 13 francs 7½ centimes.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.
YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	83.72	83.17	83.31	—.41
25 industrials	107.59	106.44	106.68	—1.37
50 stocks	95.67	94.80	94.93	—.71

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
July 30	95.67	94.80	94.93	—.71
July 29	96.38	95.11	95.33	+1.28
July 28	95.05	93.98	94.05	—.55
July 27	93.83	93.27	93.27	—.69
July 26	94.09	93.42	93.96	—.07
July 24	94.09	93.42	93.96	—.07
July 23	91.88	91.46	91.61	—.38

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

July	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920	96.06	July 1	78.27	July 27	93.60
†1919	93.06	July 17	80.73	Jan. 21	80.73
1918	85.38	June 17	66.16	July 19	71.97
1917	82.45	July 5	79.46	July 19	80.30
1916	97.04	July 3	82.37	July 14	84.89

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920	96.06	Apr. 3	70.46	Feb. 10	70.60
†1919	93.06	July 17	80.73	Jan. 21	80.73
Full Years.					
1919	80.50	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	69.89
1918	70.16	Nov. 11	64.12	Jan. 16	65.36
1917	90.46	Jan. 3	77.07	Dec. 19	86.62
1916	101.51	Nov. 29	80.34	Apr. 22	89.32

BONDS.
YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change—		
40 issues	Day. 96.70	Month. +.19	Year. +.31
		+.31	—0.96

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
July 29	96.80	+.05	96.70	+.19
July 28	96.56	+.03	96.51	+.14
July 27	96.58	—.07	96.51	—.28
July 26	96.65	—.13	96.57	—.22
July 24	96.78	+.08	96.70	—.03
July 23	96.70	+.04	96.62	+.06
July 22	96.70	—.07	96.56	+.07

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920	72.51	Jan. 3	65.57	May 21	69.79
†1919	79.05	June 2	76.00	Mar. 21	76.75
Full Years.					
1919	79.01	Jan. 7	71.09	Dec. 3	72.96
1918	82.38	Nov. 12	76.35	Sep. 27	78.73
1917	90.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.30

*To date †To corresponding date last year

BOTTLE CO. NETS $2,505,117.

Owens Corporation and Subsidiaries Report for Six Months.

The Owens Bottle Company and subsidiary companies report net profits for the six months ended June 30 of $2,505,117 after charges and Federal taxes. After allowing for preferred dividends this is the equivalent of $4.06 a share on the common stock, which has a par value of $25.

The income account for the six months shows manufacturing profits and royalties of $2,305,527 and other income of $228,714, for a total income of $2,534,241. Operating expenses amounted to $546,205, leaving net earnings of the Owens Bottle Company of $1,960,036. To this was added $1,201,881 as the earnings of subsidiary companies, making the total net earnings $3,191,036, less Federal taxes of $686,800, thus providing net profits of $2,505,117.

Pacific Development Profits.

The third annual report of the Pacific Development Corporation for last year shows net profits of $1,331,452, as compared with $1,606,960 in the preceding year. This was equal to $7.81 a share on the $6,421,815 paid in capital stock, or, on a percentage basis, 20.74 per cent. on average capital, as compared with 32.45 per cent. on average capital in 1918.

NEW YORK CENTRAL EARNINGS INCREASE

Net Corporate Income for 1919 $2,000,000 More Than in the Previous Year.

EQUALS 7.97 ON ITS STOCK

Government Lost $6,773,762 Through Operation of the Property—Equipment Purchases.

The pamphlet report of the New York Central Railroad Company for last year, which has just been made public, shows net corporate income, after deductions of interest, taxes and other charges, of $19,917,251. This is equivalent to 7.97 per cent. earned on the $249,507,835 capital stock outstanding, and compared with 7.13 per cent. earned on the stock in the preceding year. Alfred H. Smith, President of the company, in his remarks to stockholders stated that the funded debt was decreased from $685,-285,201 at the close of 1919 to $671,654,763 at the end of last year, and that the net increase in property investment accounts during the year was $23,453,639. Outstanding items in the income account, compared with the figures of the preceding year, follow:

	1919	1918
Total compensation accrued	$37,659,558	$54,324,508
Other income	12,619,360	12,949,978
Net corporate income	19,917,251	17,947,123
Surplus	7,433,063	5,521,945

The report of the operation of the New York Central (excluding the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad) by the Railroad Administration for last year showed that while railway operating revenues increased $14,388,374 to $263,630,331 this was offset largely by an increase in railway operating expenses of $14,327,-069 to $234,964,912. The Federal report, which was contained in the company's pamphlet to provide a basis for comparison for preceding years, shows a gross income in 1919 of $56,893,100, a decrease from the preceding year of $1,-984,088; and net income of $31,016,844. The Government had to pay the road $37,600,888 for the lease of the properties and therefore lost $6,673,782 through operating them last year.

Purchases of Equipment.

President Smith in his remarks said in part:

"Of the 4,500 freight cars and 120 locomotives allotted by the Director General of Railroads to this company there were delivered in 1919 1,944 freight cars and six locomotives; these, together with the equipment delivered in 1918, completed the entire allotment. The ten locomotives allotted to this company as lessee of the Boston & Albany Railroad were also delivered in 1919. Arrangements have been made by which the Director General is to take at par the 6 per cent. equipment trust notes of the company, maturing in equal annual installments over a period of fifteen years, in payment for approximately 75 per cent. of the cost of this equipment and by which the remainder is to be paid to him by deducting that amount from the equipment depreciation and retirement credits arising in the company's favor under its standard contract with him.

"While throughout the country there is a general shortage of equipment your officers feel that with its allied companies, the Michigan Central, the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis, the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie and Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Youghiogheny, your company has reasonably fulfilled its obligations to the public.

1,785 More Stockholders.

"During the years 1914-1919, inclusive, there were purchased by the five companies mentioned 995 new locomotives, 473 new passenger train cars and 54,408 new freight train cars, at an aggregate cost of $128,717,920. Today this equipment would cost approximately $243,-498,650, or $114,780,730 more than was paid for it. There has also been closed by your company a contract known as the New York Central Railroad Equipment Trust of 1920, covering 194 locomotives, 205 passenger train cars and 9,944 freight train cars at a total cost of $48,318,085, delivery of which is expected in the Fall of 1920. A portion of this equipment may be allocated to other system lines upon equitable terms as the need develops.

"Since the date of the annual meeting on Jan. 22, 1919, the number of stockholders has increased 1,782, the total number at the end of the year being 30,445, of whom 30,180 were in the United States and 265 abroad. The par value held by those in the United States was $247,825,355 and by those abroad $1,772,000, the average holdings being 82 and 67 shares, respectively. In 1915 the numbers reported were 22,270 in the United States and 2,772 abroad, the general average holding being, approximately, 100 shares, while at the end of 1919 it was 82 shares."

National Bank of Cuba Deposits.

As an evidence of the prosperity of Cuba, J. T. Monahan, Vice President of the National Bank of Cuba in New York, the local associate bank of the National Bank of Cuba, announced yesterday that in the first six months of the year the National Bank of Cuba, which is the depositary and fiscal agent of the Cuban Government, had increased its deposits by $90,000,000. Deposits, according to the general balance sheet of June 30, were $506,504,645, compared with $145,597,274 at the end of 1918. The National Bank of Cuba now has 128 branch agencies.

United Light Breaks Record.

The United Light and Railways Company reports the largest earnings in the company's history for the twelve months ended with June 30 last. Gross earnings for this company and its subsidiaries amounted to $10,000,208, compared with $9,816,279 in the preceding year, while net earnings in the year just ended totaled $3,296,558, against $3,-924,674 in 1919. Surplus earnings were $699,350, compared with $554,597 the year before.

AMERICA'S BALANCE WITH EUROPE FALLS

Declines More Than $500,000,000 in Fiscal Year from Previous Year's Totals.

LESS WITH SOUTH AMERICA

Exports to Argentina Are Greater Than to Any Other Country to the South.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—America's trade balance with Europe for the fiscal year just ended fell off more than $500,000,000 compared with 1918, according to a report issued today by the Department of Commerce, while trade with South America for the same period produced an unfavorable balance of nearly $400,000,000.

Exports to Europe amounted to $4,864,155,166, compared with $4,445,453,896 in 1919, and imports totaled $1,179,460,609, against $372,051,319 for the previous year.

Imports from South America aggregated $569,944,300, compared with $568,374,004 in 1919, while exports totaled $490,944,179, compared with $400,896,901 in 1919.

Imports from Asia during 1920 amounted to $1,388,009,105 and exports to $706,126,658.

Exports to Great Britain for the fiscal year totaled $2,251,324,423 and imports $924,020,493; exports to France $716,814,-620 and imports $172,622,935; exports to Italy $236,665,785 and imports $92,490,-177; exports to Belgium $317,012,668 and imports $29,748,468; exports to Germany $202,176,578 and imports $45,063,975, and exports to Japan $453,147,063 and imports $137,228,867.

Exports to Argentina for the year amounted to $187,148,548, exceeding those to any other South American country, while imports from that republic totaled $237,783,114. Exports to Brazil were $116,020,317 and imports $285,217,794.

Loew to Offer New Stock.

An offer will soon be made to stockholders of Loew's, Incorporated, to subscribe at a price around $32.25 a share to 288,000 additional shares of stock on the basis of one share of the new stock for each three shares now held. The new stock has been underwritten by a syndicate headed by Van Emburgh & Atterbury and Montgomery & Co. Through this financing the company will receive about $8,800,000, which it is planned to expend in building new theatres.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

August Dividends Increase.

Payments of dividends and interest in August will amount to $178,858,777, compared with $165,372,442 a year ago, according to a compilation prepared by The Journal of Commerce. Commenting on the increase The Journal says: "Stockholders will receive in the way of dividends the sum of $81,858,777, an increase of $6,748,226. This is due in a measure to the fact that a number of companies which did not figure in the returns a year ago will make disbursements. However, numerous companies will make heavier disbursements than in the corresponding period a year ago. The compilation is based on dividends to be paid by 305 industrial and miscellaneous companies, twenty-one steam railroads and twenty traction companies. Interest payments in the month will amount to $93,300,000, as compared with $87,900,000 in August, 1919.

Guessing on the Rate Decision.

All kinds of rumors have been circulating through the financial district regarding the date upon which the Interstate Commerce Commission will announce the new passenger and freight rate schedules. In some quarters it was insisted that the decision will be announced either today or on Sunday, while in more conservative circles the end of next week or Aug. 13 are both considered as early dates. At the same time in some of the brokerage offices with Washington wires the guess of correspondents in that city was for an early announcement. A great deal of interest is being paid to the scope of the announcement. Some suggest that the increases will be large and will be adequate to cover the additional wages recently awarded as well as to provide a 6% or 6 per cent. return on the aggregate value of the railroads, as provided in the Transportation act. It is admitted that the law allows the commission a great deal of latitude in fixing new rates and that it rests with the commission as to just what the aggregate value of the railroads is. At the same time conservative railroad managers point to the acts of the commission since the new law went into effect as indicative of what may be expected on the new rate schedules. So far the commission's rulings have been construed as broad and constructive.

Corn Products Under Pressure.

It looked very much yesterday as if the professionals were directing steady selling against Corn Products, as the stock eased off more than 2 points on heavier trading than for some time. This was borne out near the close, when there was a fractional recovery from the low resulting apparently from short covering. The recent half yearly report of the company showed an excellent earnings statement, and all official news issued recently points to increased production and has been considered as bullish. However, the professionals seem to be having things pretty much their own way, and this movement in Corn Products was simply another indication of the character of the market.

Is Exchange Membership Expensive?

In some quarters it has been suggested recently that the price paid during the last six months for seats on the New York Stock Exchange was all out of line with the amount of business being transacted recently in the average commission house. Inquiries yesterday failed to develop an instance where a broker thought that the price of Exchange memberships was too high, and it was asserted that fewer seats are being offered for sale than is usual. Most brokers feel that from $90,000 to $100,-000 is not too much to pay for membership and are convinced that within a year or two the business done on the Exchange will merit even higher prices for seats.

Lower Prices for New Ships.

It was reported in the financial district yesterday that American shipbuilders may soon have to accept lower prices for the tonnage which they plan to construct. This, it was said, would be due to the almost total lack of domestic business, as well as to the fact that British builders will probably inaugurate lower prices per ton than those now ruling over there. It was also asserted that the United States Shipping Board is expected to announce soon a new schedule of prices on the vessels it controls, and while there is some uncertainty as to what this schedule will show, it is hoped that it will be in keeping with the construction costs in a majority of the American yards.

Rubber and Leather Also Raided.

Two other issues which were raided by the bears yesterday were United States Rubber and Central Leather. The former was hammered down more than three points, despite the fact that earnings reports have been excellent. The stock has received the attention of the professionals ever since the company announced new financing a week ago. In the case of the latter the company's report for the June quarter which showed a large deficit from operations was used again as an argument for lower prices for the stock. Centering of operations yesterday among a comparatively few issues made it plain that the public is not interested to any great extent.

Money.

Call money finished the week—the call market closes on Friday—at 8 per cent., which was the ruling rate throughout the week. On Monday the high was 10 per cent. and on Tuesday loans were made at 9 per cent., while on Wednesday and Thursday a low of 7 per cent. was recorded, but on each of those days loans also were made at 8 per cent. and yesterday that was the only figure quoted. That is likely to continue as the ruling rate for some time. For the stock market demand is comparatively light, and the banks are inclined to keep a good amount of liquid funds on hand, and between the two rates are apt to be kept stable. It is improbable that any recession much below 7 per cent. will be seen, for that would bring out the fear of "easier withdrawals," which probably are more imaginary than real, but, nevertheless, a supposed menace.

The Anglo-French Loan.

In banking circles they still are talking about the Anglo-French loan, which matures on Oct. 15, and yesterday a prominent banker expressed the opinion that France would refund a considerable portion of her so-called share. "She ought to, anyway," he said. "It would be unmoral for us to insist upon payment at this time, considering that we loaned the money when francs were five to the dollar, while now they are thirteen to the dollar. If we have the sentimental regard for France which we pretend to have this is a good time to demonstrate it. Besides, we are well supplied with money—don't need what France would have to pay, while France is rather hard pressed at the moment. To all of which might be added," he continued, "the fact that we could arrange a refunding program without embarrassing ourselves."

Our Foreign Trade.

The June export and import figures, by grand divisions, show some interesting developments. Exports to Europe, for instance, amounted to $267,135,000 for the month, while in June of last year they were $644,903,000, and in 1918 they were $296,743,000. Our imports from Europe, however, totaled in value for June, this year, $118,500,000, while in the corresponding month of 1919 they were worth only $55,385,000, and in June of 1918 they were down to $30,481,000. That we are doing a much greater business with our neighbors on this continent was shown in the statement of exports to and imports from adjacent countries in North America. Both exports and imports expanded tremendously, the former from $19,570,000 in June, 1918, to $118,968,000 in June of this year, while our imports from other North American countries expanded from $27,940,000 a year ago to $215,009,000 in the month just passed.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, JULY 30, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.		1920.	1919	1918
Day's sales	381,503	975,677	136,675	Year to date	135,143,105½	174,729,720	$1,898,770

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
33	34¼	500	Adams Express	33½	34¼	33½	34¼	+1¾
63	64	100	Advance Rumely pf	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾	+2¼
47	48½	1,600	Ajax Rubber	52	52	48	48	—3¼
1⅛	1¼	500	Alaska Gold Mines	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	...
1¾	2	200	Alaska Juneau	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	...
33¾	34	500	Allis-Chal. Mfg. x d	33¾	33¾	33	33	—½
73	75	100	Do pf	75	75	75	75	—1
80½	81¼	500	Am. Ag. Chemical	81¼	81¾	80½	81¼	+¼
90½	91	1,200	Am. Beech Mag	92¾	93	90½	90½	—1
37¾	38	500	American Can	38	38	38	38	—½
133	134	600	Am. Car & Fdy	135	135	133¼	133¼	—1¾
10⅜	10⅝	1,000	Am. Drug Synd	10¾	11	10½	10½	+⅛
14½	15	1,100	Am. Hide & Leath	15	15	14¾	14¾	—¼
77¼	78	2,300	Do pf	80	80	77¾	77¾	—3½
41¼	41½	200	American Ice	41¾	41¾	41¼	41¼	—½
77¾	78	1,700	Am. International	79	79	77¾	77¾	—1½
73¾	74	300	Amer. Linseed	73¾	73¾	73	73	—½
92½	93	2,700	Amer. Locomotive	93¾	94½	92½	92½	—1
13¾	14	1,300	Am. Safety Razor	13¾	14	13¾	13¾	—¼
20½	21	1,500	Am. Ship & Com	21¾	21¾	20½	20½	—¾
56¼	56¾	1,500	Am. Smelt & Ref	57	57	56¼	56¼	—¾
88	88½	100	Do pf	85½	88½	85½	85½	—1½
35⅝	36⅞	300	Am. Steel Found	36¾	36¾	35¾	35¾	—¾
119	119½	600	Am. Sugar Ref	119	119	119	119	—½
106	106½	200	Do pf	106½	106½	106	106	—1
83¼	84½	1,300	Am. Sumatra Tob	84½	85	82½	82¾	—1¼
95	95½	500	Am. Tel. & Tel	95¾	95½	95¼	95¼	+¼
198	201	700	Amer. Tobacco	209½	201¾	199½	119½	+1
197	200	500	Do, Class B	200	200	197¼	199¾	+1½
81¼	82	1,600	American Woolen	82	83¾	81	81¾	—1½
45	45⅞	500	Am. Writ. P. pf	49½	49¾	45¾	46¾	+¾
53¾	53⅞	2,000	Anaconda Copper	53⅝	53⅝	53¼	53¼	—¼
2¼	2⅞	400	Assets Realization	2⅞	3	2⅞	2⅞	—⅛
30½	32	400	Asso. Dry Goods	32	32	31	31	—2½
78½	79½	100	A. T. & S. F. x d	79	79	79	79	—½
6½	7½	100	Atl., Birm. & At	6½	6½	6½	6½	+½
84½	86	100	Atlantic Coast Line	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	—¾
150	151	600	A., G. & W. I	153	153	150½	151	—2
104	104¾	100	Atl. Refining pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	+½
22	22	200	Austin, Nichols	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	—¼
110½	110⅝	20,600	Baldwin Loco	112	112⅝	110½	110½	—1¾
31½	32	1,800	Baltimore & Ohio	32½	32¾	31¾	31¾	—¾
43	43¼	600	Balt. & Ohio pf	43½	43¾	43	43¼	—¼
137¾	138	500	Barrett Co	138	138	137¾	137½	+¼
19⅝	19⅞	300	Bethlehem Motors	19	19¾	19	19	—⅛
84¼	84½	2,500	Beth. Steel Class B	85¼	85¾	83¾	84¾	—¼
8	8¼	100	Booth Fisheries	8	8	8	8	+⅛
10	10¼	800	Brooklyn R. T	10⅜	10¼	10¼	10¼	...
102¾	107	200	Burns Brothers	102	103	103	103	—½
7½	7⅝	300	Butte Copper & Z	8	8	7¾	7¾	—⅛
19¾	20¼	400	Butte & Superior	20	20¾	20	20	—¼
14¼	14½	1,300	Caddo Cen. C. & R	14¾	14¾	14¼	14¼	—⅛
67½	68	1,800	Cal. Packing	68	68	67¾	67¾	—¼
28	29½	100	Cal. Petroleum	28	28	28	28	—¾
120	121	2,500	Canadian Pacific	121½	122¾	119¾	120	—2¼
10	11	100	Case (J. I.) Plow	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	—¼
53½	54	3,300	Cen. Leather Co	57¾	57¾	53	54	—3¼
41½	43	200	Cerro de Pasco Cop	42	42	42	42	—¾
87½	89	900	Chandler Motor	89¼	89¼	87¾	87¾	—1¾
54⅝	55¼	900	Ches. & Ohio	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	+¼
84	85½	400	Chi. Great Western	84	84	84	84	+¼
21¼	22½	100	Chi. Gt. West. pf	22	22	22	22	...
33¾	34	1,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P	34	34	33¾	33¾	—⅛
48½	49	2,300	C., M. & St. P. pf	50¼	50¾	47¾	48½	—1½
68¾	69	200	Chi. & Northwest	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	—¼
80	90	300	Chi. Pneu. Tool	82½	82½	81½	81½	—1
34¾	35	8,400	Chi., R. I. & Pac	35	35	34¾	34¾	—¼
72	74	400	C., R. I. & P. pf	72	72	72	72	—1
62	64	900	C., St. P., M. & O.	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	—¾
80	84	900	C., St. P., M. & O. pf	80	80	80	80	...
14½	14½	300	Chile Copper	14½	14½	14½	14½	—¼
53	55	200	C., G. C. & St. L	54	54	54	54	+¼
35¾	36¼	600	Coca-Cola	36	36	36	36	+¼
46	49	100	Col. South. 1st pf	47	47	47	47	+1
20½	23¾	4,000	Columbia Graph	25¾	26	25½	26⅛	+¾
81	83	300	Colum. Graph. pf	81¾	81¾	81¾	81¾	+¼
62	63	200	Consolidated Cigar	62	63	62	63	+¼
76	78	100	Consolidated Gas	76	76¾	75¾	76	—¼
11¼	11½	300	Con. Interst. Cal.	11¼	11¾	11	11	—¼
31	31	200	Consol. Textile	31	31	30¼	30¾	+¼
81	83	200	Continental Can	81	81	81	81	—1
11¼	11¾	1,000	Continental Candy	11¼	11¾	11¼	11¾	+¼
92½	93	10,900	Corn Products Ref	92¾	92¾	92¼	92½	—¼
102¼	104½	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	102¼	103½	102¼	102½	+½
32	35	500	Cosden & Co	35¾	35¾	32	32	—3
148	149	9,400	Crucible Steel	150¾	152½	148	149¾	—¾
43½	45	2,500	Cuba Cane Sugar	45¾	46	43½	45	+¼
73¾	74	1,000	Cuba Cane S. pf	76¾	77	73¾	73¾	—1¼
43¾	45¾	1,000	Cuban-Am. Sugar	45¾	46	45	45	—¾
89	90	500	Delaware & Hudson	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾	...
202	209	100	Del., Lack. & West	204	204	204	204	+4
5	6	1,800	Den. & Rio Grande	6	6¼	5¾	5¾	—¼
10	11	800	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	10	11	10	10	—¼
90	92	200	Detroit United Ry	90	90	90	90	...
10	10½	300	Dome Mines	10¾	10¾	10	10	—¼
72	73	100	Emerson Brant. pf	73½	73½	73½	73½	—½
78	78	700	Endicott-Johnson	77¾	78¾	77¾	78¾	+¾
12	12

PREDICTS BUDGET OF $312,000,000

City Assessments to be Swelled by $2,000,000,000 Says Real Estate Magazine.

TAX RATE WILL BE 3%

Only Chance for Reduction, Writer Thinks, Is by Changing Government Methods.

New York City's budget next year will amount to at least $312,000,000 and the tax rate will be approximately 3 per cent., according to Edward P. Doyle of the Real Estate Board writing in the August issue of the Real Estate Magazine of New York, issued today by the Real Estate Board.

The present tax rate varies from $2.48 to $2.53 in the various boroughs and the present budget is $274,000,000. Mr. Doyle's estimate increases the budget by $38,000,000.

Here is Mr. Doyle's explanation of his forecast:

"The present city budget amounted to nearly $274,000,000. Of this amount between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000 was for special purposes part of which was for special necessities charged partly on property owners, partly on the boroughs, and partly on the City of New York.

"The basis for estimating next year's budget as far as last year's is concerned, would therefore be at least $270,000,000. An insufficient amount was placed in last year's budget for deficiencies in the collection of taxes. This should be increased next year at least $4,000,000.

"There will be an increase in teachers' salaries of about $15,000,000. The agreed increased pay of City employees, and the increase because of the increases in the prevailing rate of wages paid mechanics, will necessitate a further increase of $15,000,000. About $5,000,000 of assessment revenue bonds more than last year will have to be provided for. The interest and amortization charges on the City debt will be increased at least $7,000,000 on account of the increase in the debt made necessary by the building of new school houses, the dock improvements, and the additional bonds issued for rapid transit and water purposes. There must also be a large increase in the cost of maintenance of City institutions, and in the purchase of material for city purposes. The additional cost of maintenance and the purchase of materials will be $5,000,000.

"The total of these items will make a $46,000,000 addition to the budget.

"The net increase of city receipts from the income tax, corporation tax, and bank tax, will be about $7,000,000. But this will be offset by the increased cost of State Government.

"As a result, in my opinion, the budget next year will amount to at least $312,000,000.

"The city contemplates providing for this by increasing the assessed valuations of real estate. They expect to add $2,000,000,000 to the assessment rolls.

"In my opinion this cannot fairly be done. There has been very little new building and there has been a serious decrease in value of unimproved land owing to the difficulty of building.

"In my opinion the city cannot successfully maintain increases aggregating more than $500,000,000. This would permit of a total assessed valuation approximating $9,000,000,000, from which the city would be obliged to obtain a tax levy of approximately $260,000,000, probably more.

"The tax rate will certainly approximate 3 per cent.

"The only chance for a reduction in the city budget would be through an entire change in the method of transacting city business. There are too many conflicting bureaus and departments."

SINCLAIR OIL DIRECTORS.

Board Increased and Two New Committees Created.

The Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation yesterday announced an increase in its Board of Directors to twenty-three members, the creation of an Executive Committee of ten members and the designation of a Finance Committee of eight, the latter to include several men who are not directors of the company.

Among the new directors are: John A. Spoor of Chicago, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Chicago Junction Railways and Union Stock Yards Company, and Elisha Walker of Blair & Co., New York. Both of these men will serve on the Executive Committee and Mr. Walker will serve on the Finance Committee.

Edward R. Tinker, Vice President of the Chase National Bank, and Theodore Schultz of 14 Wall Street, New York are the only two members of the Finance Committee, aside from the company general counsel and general auditor, who are not also directors.

The new Board of Directors consists of the following: C. A. Braley of Kansas City, Edward H. Clark of San Francisco and New York, William E. Corey, Chairman of the Midvale Steel Company; C. E. Crawley of Tusla, Joseph M Cudahy of Chicago, J. Fletcher Farrell, Treasurer; Samuel L. Fuller of Kissel-Kinnicutt & Co., D. L. Hoober and W. H. Isom, Vice Presidents; Daniel C. Jackling, Managing Director of the Utah Copper Company; E. R. Kemp of Tulsa, William P. Phillips of J. and W. Seligman & Co., Mark L. Requa, formerly General Director Oil Division, U. S. Fuel Administration; E. W. Sinclair, President Exchange National Bank, Tulsa; H. F. Sinclair, President; John A. Spoor, Frank Steinhart, President Havana Electric Railroad, Light and Power Company; Colonel William Boyce Thompson, Elisha Walker, A. E. Watts, Vice President; Harry Payne Whitney of New York, Albert H. Wiggin, Chairman Chase National Bank, New York; Thornton Wilson of R. T. Wilson & Co., New York.

The Executive Committee is composed of Messrs. Corey, Farrell, Fuller, Sinclair, Spoor, Thompson, Walker, Whitney, Wiggin and Watts.

The Finance Committee is composed of Messrs. Farrell, Phillips, Shultz, Sinclair, Tinker, Walker, G. T. Stanford and F. W. Thirtle.

GENERAL CHEMICAL GAINS.

Earnings Last Year Equivalent to $13.40 a Share.

The six months' report of the General Chemical for the period ended June 30, 1920, shows a surplus after charges and Federal taxes amounting to $3,146,472, which was equal after preferred dividends to $13.40 a share earned on $19,-822,900 common stock outstanding. In the year before $8.01 was earned on $16,319,200 common stock then outstanding.

Total profits for the half year increased to $4,436,472, as compared with $2,700,432 in the preceding year and $5,502,486 in 1918. After the payment of preferred and common dividends there was a balance of $1,929,631 turned over to profit and loss surplus. In the first half of 1918 the balance was only $683,-416.

150% DIVIDEND DECLARED.

Financial District Not Surprised by Cramp Ship Company's Action.

Declaration of a 150 per cent. stock dividend by the William Cramp & Sons Ship and Engine Building Company yesterday, payable Sept. 10, to stockholders of record Aug. 19, was not also either a surprise to the financial district. The majority of the stock of the company is owned by the American Ship and Commerce Corporation.

The International Harvester Company declared a stock dividend of 12½ per cent. on the common stock, payable on or before Sept. 15 to stock of record Aug. 20.

To Develop Nova Scotia Coal Mines.

MONTREAL, July 30.—To relieve the coal shortage in Eastern Canada, the Dominion Steel Corporation will spend $3,000,000 in developing its Nova Scotia coal properties, it was announced here today.

HYLAN OFFERS SALARY PLAN

Employes Getting Under $1,500 Would Get 22 Per Cent. or More.

Mayor Hylan made a new proposal to the Board of Estimate yesterday for salary increases to city employes to take the place of the flat 20 per cent. plan which the Mayor vetoed. The plan was received by the members of the board without comment and referred to the Committee of the Whole. Controller Craig was not present when the matter was brought up, but later gave no indication that he would oppose it.

The Mayor's new plan is to allow all employes receiving $1,500 a year or less an increase of 22 per cent., or even more, if there is a sufficient sum available. Employes receiving $1,501 up to $2,499 would receive an increase of 20 per cent., and all employes receiving more than $2,500 and up to $7,200 would get a flat sum increase with the amount not specified. No increase would be allowed at this time to those receiving over $7,500 a year. In his communication to the board the Mayor said:

"Upon reflection I am convinced that a more equitable distribution of the proposed salary increases than was made in the schedule adopted by the Board of Estimate on the ninth day of July, 1920, can be made." After the communication had been read, the Mayor said he would like to have it referred to the Committee of the Whole, and this was done. The committee meets next Thursday.

The Controller said he did not object to the matter being referred, but wanted to point out to the board that 218 employes received salaries of $5,000 or more who came under the 20 per cent. increase. This increase in their salaries, he explained, would amount to $15,850 a year and that 181 employes receiving salaries between $4,000 and $5,000 would receive $155,200 additional under the 20 per cent. raise.

The drivers and sweepers of the Street Cleaning Department, including 4,300 men out of the 5,440 in the uniformed force, went on record yesterday as opposing the flat increase of 20 per cent. in salaries. The men, through their union, urgently requested the board to apportion the salary increases in such a way that "the rank and file of the Department of Street Cleaning who lack the barest necessities of life be granted increases commensaurate with their needs."

The board referred to the Committee on Franchise an application of the Coursse Transportation Company to operate a bus line on the Bronx concourse from 138th to 194th Street and return, with a fare of five cents and a three cent transfer to all lines of the Third Avenue Railway Company intersecting the route. The application names seven intersecting lines of the Third Avenue Company on which the transfers would be granted. The application of the Seagate Bus Line, Inc., to operate a line on Coney Island was also referred to the same committee.

STANDARD PARTS ISSUE.

Refinancing Plan Calls for Issue of $8,000,000 Gold Notes.

Plans for the refinancing of the Standard Parts Company of Cleveland have been announced by Otis & Co., which will head a banking syndicate to handle the operation. In this syndicate, in addition to Otis & Co., will be Borton & Borton, the First National Bank, the Guardian Savings and Trust Company, the Citizens Savings and Trust Company, the Union Commerce National Bank and the Cleveland Trust Company, all of Cleveland, and the Chase National Bank of New York.

By the terms of the new financing plan the Standard Parts Company will issue and sell $8,000,000 five-year 8 per cent. first mortgage collateral trust gold notes and 80,000 shares of common stock. The proceeds will be used to retire $6,000,000 7 per cent. notes maturing Sept. 5 of this year. The number of common and preferred shares of the company remain unchanged, while the outstanding common stock will be exchanged, share for share, for new common, and new preferred also will be issued which will differ from the old only in the modification to defer redemption requirements during the life of the new notes.

White Oil Earnings.

The net earnings of the White Oil Corporation for the quarter ended June 30, before deductions, were $1,417,000, according to a statement issued yesterday by P. J. White, President of the corporation. Crude oil production net to the company after all deductions for royalties, other interests, &c., in the month of May was at an average daily rate of 5,508 barrels; in June it was at the daily rate of 5,502 barrels, and in the first fifteen days of July it averaged 6,459 barrels. Total net production from May 1 to July 15 was 432,717 barrels.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Arg'tine (unlisted)	.5	Sep., 1943	68½	69
Belgium (Rest'n)	....	1934	77½	78½
†Belg'm in of '20	.5		81½	84
Belgium, 1-year	.6	Jan., 1921	98¼	98½
British Victory	.4	1920	285	300
†Brit. Nat. W. L.	.5	1922	350	360
Brit. Nat. W. L.	.5	1927	382	392
Canada	.5½	Dec., 1922	85½	87½
Canada	.5½	Nov., 1923	85½	87½
Canada	.5	Dec., 1925	81½	83½
†French Victory	.5	1931	68	70
*French loan, '17	....	1943	54½	57
†French loan, '18	.4	1943	54½	56½
French loan, '20	.5	1945	57	59
Italy Treas. 3-yr	.5	1923	51	54
Italy Treas. 5-yr	....	1925	51	54
Russia	.5½	Dec., 1921	26	30
Russia, ruble bds	.5½	Feb., 1928	30	35
Sweden	.6	June, 1939	83½	84½
Switzerland	.5½	Aug., 1920	84	85

*Par £100. †1,000 francs.

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights. Expire.	Friday. Bid.	Ask.	Thursday. Bid.
Am. Colonial Bank, P. R.	Aug. 31	85	45	35
Ark. Nat. Gas	July 31	....	½	....
Bliss (E. W.)	Sept. 1	40	60	50
Bliss pfd. rights	Sept. 1	1	2½	½
Elec. Storage Bat.	Aug. 16	3	3½	3
Kresge	Aug. 5	....	¾	....
Nat. City Bank	Oct. 1	91	93	91
Nat. Park Bank	July 29	170	190	170
N. J. Zinc	Nov. 15	12	12½	12½
Steel Transport	Aug. 14	19	19½	18½
Wrigley	Sept. 1	4	4¼	4

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Per-iod	Pay-able.	Hldrs. of Record.
A. O. Smith pf.	$1.75	Q	Aug. 16	Aug. 5
By Products C'ke.	$1.50	Q	Aug. 28	Aug. 5
Cl. & P. reg. gtd.	1¾	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 10
Cl. & P. sp. gtd.	1	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 10
C. P. B. com. & pf.	1¾	Q	Sept. 15	Aug. 7
Cramp & Sons	$1.50	Stk.	Sept. 10	Aug. 10
Det. United	$2	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 16
Gen'l Chemical	2	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 20
Gen'l Develop.	50c.	Q	Aug. 20	Aug. 5
Int. Harvester	12½	Stk.	Sept. 15	Aug. 20
Semet-Solvay	$2	Q	Aug. 20	Aug. 5
Stand. San. Mfg.	1¾	Q	Aug. 10	Aug. 5
Stand. San. Mfg.	$5	Ex.	Aug. 10	Aug. 5
Stan. Sn. Mfg. pf.	1¾	Q	Aug. 10	Aug. 5
W. Ind. Sug. Fin.	1¾	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 15
W. I. S. F. pf.	2	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 15

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Ariz. Ext.	1¼	2⅛	Mex. Metals	50	70
Ariz. Silver	.15	.18	Midwest Mons.	....	50
Black Hawk	.55	.60	Mojave Tung.	....	10
Boston-Mon.	.64	.65	Monarch	....	10
Calaveras	.1	.1⅛	Nat. L. & Z.	3	5
Chief Con.	3½	3¾	New Baltic	2	4
Crown Res.	.10	.20	Nev. Dougl.	12	16
Crystal, new	.28	.28	Nixon	....	.16
Denbigh	.15	.18	Ranger Pete	.15	.20
Eagle B. B.	2½	2⅝	Rainier	1⅛	1⅛
Fortuna	.6	.7	Seven Metals	12	14
Gadsden	.80	.70	S. W. Miami, full paid	.4	.5
Homa	.6	.7	Silver Reef	.4	.5
Iron Blosa	.20	.30	Texas	.5	.7
Jerome Ver.	.25	.27	U. V. Ext.	.30	.31
Iron Cap	.8	.9	Yukon	1¾	1½
La Rose	.20	.40			
Majestic	.15	.20			

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	7.25	7.50	7.25	7.50
Quicksilver	$88.00	....	$88.00	....
Aluminium	32.00	*33.00	*32.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2X standard	50.00	....	50.00	....

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 19c. 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	92	5	0	91	7	6
Copper, futures	94	10	0	93	7	0
Tin, spot	286	5	0	285	0	0
Tin, futures	273	10	0	270	0	0
Spelter, spot	41	15	0	41	0	0
Spelter, futures	42	15	0	42	15	0
Lead, spot	37	0	0	36	7	6
Lead, futures	37	10	0	36	0	0

SAYS $2,500,000,000 CREDIT IS AVAILABLE

Controller of Currency Asserts Federal Reserve Could Advance That Amount if Needed.

HITS AT HIGH RATES HERE

New York Banks, Which Charge Up to 15 Per Cent., Get Reserve Money at 6 Per Cent., He Declares.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—With the Federal Reserve System in a position to lend $2,500,000,000 there is absolutely no justification for the unrest which prevails in some business and financial quarters, John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, declared today.

Mr. Williams said that the Reserve Banks now have an unused lending power of $750,000,000 which can, only in an emergency, be stretched to $2,500,000,000. This unemployed lending power equals, he asserted, the aggregate amount of all the emergency currency put forward at the outbreak of the war.

Interest rates in New York ranging to 10, 12 and 15 per cent., are without justification, Mr. Williams declared. He said that New York City was the only great community "of consequence" in the whole world, where such rates were allowed. He deplored that this high rate of interest in New York was having a bad effect upon the rest of the country, adding that the very banks which charged their customers as high as 15 per cent. could themselves obtain money from Federal Reserve banks at 6 per cent.

In a statement Mr. Williams said:

"Official reports to this office from all national banks on the call of June 10 show that in about two-thirds of the reserve and central cities of the country there has been a distinct tendency toward liquidation and reduction in bank loans, the cities showing loan increases being confined almost exclusively to the eastern and Cleveland districts.

"The reduction in loans has naturally been accompanied by a decline in deposits, but the aggregate of bank resources at this time is still at high level and the national banks of the country are in a particularly strong and well fortified position.

"Aside from the disturbed and alarming state of affairs in parts of the Old World, for which, I am convinced, this country's refusal to ratify the Peace Treaty is largely responsible, there is absolutely no justification for the spirit of pessimism and uneasiness prevalent in business and financial circles in many sections of the United States today.

"The action of the Federal Reserve banks in restricting extensions of credit for unessentials and luxuries and in encouraging increased production of commodities most needed, has been distinctly beneficial and has, it is believed, been a material influence in reducing the high cost of living far and wide. Although the application of the brakes seems to have had a jarring effect upon nervous systems and has occasioned unfounded fears of a money panic and commercial crisis, there are in our country abundant reasons for confidence and encouragement as to the future.

"Those inclined to pessimistic views as to our financial situation probably do not know, or do not appreciate the immensely significant fact that our Federal Reserve banks have, at this time, an unused lending power of $750,000,000, and that if occasion required the board could, by waiving reserve requirements on deposits and notes only 10 per cent., increase the unused lending power to two and a half billion dollars, which is twenty-five times as much as all the national banks of the country (which constitute a large majority of the membership of the reserve system) were ever borrowing at any one time on bills payable and rediscounts prior to 1913, the maximum of such borrowings at any time up to 1913, having been only $100,000,000.

"In the face of such figures and facts as these the fear expressed in some sections that there might not be money enough available to move the crops seems manifestly absurd. It will be recalled that in 1913, before the establishment of the Federal Reserve system, the stringency and uneasiness which prevailed at crop moving time was instantly relieved by the announcement of Secretary McAdoo that the Government was prepared to deposit $50,000,000 of cash in the banks in the South and West to help move the crops. The Federal Reserve banks can, at this time, as I have shown above, based upon their present gold reserve, supply fifteen times as much as the $50,000,000 which was so effective in 1913, wholly without waiving or reducing their reserve requirements.

"I will also add that there is not, and has not been, in my judgment, the least justification for the excessive and burdensome interest rates, running up to 10, 12 and 15 per cent. and higher, which have been exacted by some of the banks in New York City. New York is the only city of consequence in the world where such interest rates exist and are tolerated.

"These excessive interest rates and the publicity given them have increased the uneasiness in financial circles and have been a contributing cause rather than a consequence of the upsetting of security values and of the excessive and unjust rates which corporations and others have been required to pay for money in recent months. The banks which have charged their customers these excessive rates—at times as high as 15 per cent. or more—have themselves at the same time been liberally accommodated with millions of dollars by the Federal Reserve banks at average rates of considerably less than 6 per cent."

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

Buyers are inclined to hold off from new commitments and while they are doing some inquiring, the volume of actual orders being placed is relatively light, according to the weekly reviews of trade put out by the trade news agencies. Discussing the general situation, Bradstreet's says, in part:

"Aside from a slightly better tone of reports from final distributors, trade reports are not greatly changed, and Fall trade in apparel lines still lacks definite form. On balance, reports as to transportation point to improvement as the result of past strenuous work, but the iron and steel and fuel trades are still centres of complaints. Crop reports could hardly be better, not so much because of any record yields indicated, but because of the generally cheerful tone of almost all the reports.

"Special mention needs to be made of the very generally lower trend of commodity prices this week. Special weakness is shown in the steels, site to report a movement; flour is off, hog products are lower, as butter, sugar, coffee, meat producing animals and cotton and cotton goods. Bradstreet's Food Index of wholesale food prices is down sharply, while of seventy-six commodities of all kinds, only ten are higher, twenty-nine lower and thirty-seven are unchanged."

Dun's Review says:

"Anticipating a continuance of the price yielding, and recognizing the significance of the changed purchasing disposition among consumers, many merchants are disinclined to commit themselves extensively for the future, and predictions of shortage of supplies to follow have thus far failed to awaken buyers' interest. The latter are beginning to appear in the leading markets in large numbers, but the previous rush to secure goods at almost any cost has been replaced by a policy of operating as closely as possible to actual requirements, and at the best terms obtainable. Not a few sellers, meanwhile, are making increased efforts to turn their stocks faster, and at concessions, despite the contention, so freely expressed in the past, that price declines were not to be expected. For the eleventh consecutive week, Dun's list of wholesale quotations this week discloses more recessions than advances."

Goodrich Balance Sheet Issued.

The balance sheet of the B. F. Goodrich Company as of July 28, 1920, which has just been issued, shows an increase in current assets to $104,470,421, as compared with $87,139,439 at the close of last year. Current liabilities were shown as $31,902,556, leaving working capital of $72,567,865, as compared with $55,993,631 at the close of 1919.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Revenue receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$26,941,886	$26,941,386
Internal revenue:		
Income and profits tax	49,386,240	49,386,240
Miscellaneous	97,655,848	97,655,848
Miscel. revenue	23,833,906	23,833,906
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	426,425	426,425
Total	$198,244,006	$198,244,008
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	64,487,449	64,487,449
Expenditures	262,731,457	262,731,457

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-French 5s	96	96¼
Argentine 5s	60½	60¾
Belgium 7½s	98	98½
Belgium 6s, 1921	98	98½
Belgium 6s, 1925	91½	92½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	97¼	97¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	97¼	97¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	88¾	89
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	90¾	91
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	86½	86¾
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	85¼	....
Chinese Government 5s	44	44½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	88½	89½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	81½	82½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	71	73
Dominican Republic 5s	87¾	88½
City of Bordeaux 6s	84	84¾
City of Copenhagen 5½s	74	74½
City of Lyons 6s	84	84¾
City of Marseilles 6s	84	84¾
City of Paris 6s	93	93¾
Japanese 4½s	72½	73
Japanese 4½s, second series	71¾	71¾
Japanese 4s	54½	54¾
City of Tokio 5s	51¼	53½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	96	96¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	90¾	90¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	84	84¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1947	83½	84½
United States of Mexico 5s	25½	26
United States of Mexico 4s	25	25½
Italy 6½s	97½	98
Switzerland 8s	102½	103½

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930-1936	101¼	....
2s, c, 1930-1936	101½	....
4s, r, 1925-1935	105¾	....
4s, c, 1925-1935	105¾	....
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100½	101½
Pan 2s, c, 1936	100¼	101½
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100¼	101½

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alb & Sus.	120	140
A A Cables	102	105
Am Sug 1st pf	98½	103
Am Ag Ch pf	84½	86
Am B N	40	45
Do pf	41	43
Am E Sug	84	85
Do pf	81	85
Am E S&F	57	59½
Do pf	87½	89
Am Gr pf	88	91
Am Car & Fdy pf	107	110
Am Col Oil	40½	41
Do pf	79½	....
Am Ex	133	135
Am Ice pf	58	59
Am La pf	....	....
Fire Eng	11½	11¾
Am Lin pf	97	98
Am Lo pf	100	101
Am M & G	30¾	35
Am Shipb	....	125
Am Sm pf	....	....
Am Snuff	100	102
Do pf	77	87
Am Steel Fdy	80	87
Am T Tob pf	90	91
Am Tob pf	98	99
Am Wh pf	87	91
Am Wl pf	92	95
Am Zinc	12¾	13½
Do pf	84½	86
Am Arb	14¾	18½
Do pf	28	45
Asso D G	57	60
1st pf	99	101
Asso Dr Gds 1st pf	57	67
Assoc Oil	85	90
A T & S F	....	....
Atl pf	72¼	73
Atl Ref	1,125	1,175
A, G & W I pf	62	68
Aus Nic pf	90	95
Auto Sales	5¾	8
Do pf	13	20
Bald L pf	96½	97½
B'dall, A	28	30
Do B	25	30
Ber L & I	82	84
Do pf	85	90
Barrett Co	103	109
Batop M	1	1¼
Beech Ck	25	35
Beth Steel	82	84
Do 7% pf	97	98
Do 8% pf	104	106
Bklyn Ed	84	88
B R T, ctf	6½	7
B U Gas	48½	50
Brk Ter	6	6¾
B, R & P	63	....
Do pf	78	81
Brit & Sus	64	65
Do pf	42	45
Burns Bros	....	....
pf	99¼	115
Bush Term	27	30
But'k Co	32½	35
Cal Pet pf	68¼	69¾
Cal & Ar	50	57
Cal & Hec	40	55
Case (J I) pf	94	95
Cent L pf	97	98½
Cen R H of N J	199	200
Chain-teed	40¾	54½
Chi & Alt	7¾	9
Do pf	3	15
C & E Ill	5	7½
Do pf	6	7½
C & N W pf	109	109
Chi. St. P, M & Om.	56	62
Chi Cop	23	32¾
C, C, C & St L pf	81	86
Col Fel 2d	31	35
Col So	22½	24
2d pf	35	40
Col Gt & E	....	....
1 c d	52	53
Comp T R	45	48
Con Cig pf	81	82
Cont Can	67	73
Cruc Carp	54	58
Cru St pf	94	....
C-A Sg pf	100	....
De B M	27	34½
Deere & Co pf	90	99
Del	97	101
D, S S & A	3¾	4
Do pf	7	10
Duc Hos'y	47	48
Do pf	84	....
Elec S B	115	118
Elkh C	19½	22
Do pf	35	36½
Em Bran	20	30
End-J pf	93	96½
E Kodak	535	545
Do pf	103	106
Erie 1st pf	45	55
F M & S	11	12¾
Fisher Body	120	....
Do pf	105	110
Gen Chem.	157½	160
Do pf	94	96
Gen Cig	61	63
Do pf	92	100
Do deb pf 80%	83	....
Gen Mtr pf 7%	87	89
Goodrich pf 8%	89	90
Granby C	36	37
Gray & D	20½	23½
G M & N pf	28	32
Gulf St St 1st pf	....	....
Hendee M	25	30
Homestake	52	85
Hud Gen	82½	....
Int Con	3¼	3¾
Int Agri	18	20
Do pf	80¾	82
Int Mot T	53½	57½
2d pf	95	97
Int N pf	77½	80¾
Int Pa pf	93	105
Do pf sta	73½	74
Int Salt	80	....
Iowa Cent	4	6
Jew T pf	30	36
Jones Br T	20	22½
K C S & M pf	50	....
Kan C Sou pf	44	47
Kayser, (J)	93	100
Do 1st pf	100	116
Kelly S T pf	83	84½
Do 8% pf	94	98
Kelsey Wh	30	35
Do pf	82	89
K & D M	4	4¼
Do pf	20	30
Kress (S H)	80½	110
Lee Gen	36	37
L Ed Wpf	16	18
Lee R & T	23	24
Lig & Mpf	101	102
L-W Bis	45	52
Do 2d pf	105¾	125
Lorill'd Co pf	92	103
Mah Coal	350	600
Mackey Cos	61½	64
Do pf	39	....
Mallinson	18	23
Do pf	66	70
Man B'ch	¼	....
Man Elev	42	44
Man. Sug.	106	108
Do pf	80	90
Marin R	45	58½
Martin-P	24	25
Math Alk	31	33
Max M cl A	11	12¾
Do 1 pf	25½	....
Do 2 pf ct	10½	18
May D Stz	74	79
Do pf	97½	102
Mich Cent	75	85
M, St P & S S M pf	30	35
Do less	50	54
M, K & T pf	6½	8
Mon P pf	95	97
Mont-W	30½	31¾
Nat Acme	28	30
Mull Body	32	36½
Do pf	93	....
Nat Acmd	34	38
Nat Bis	100	106
Do pf	105	107
Nat C & S	8	....
Do pf	92	93
Nat Enam	94	95
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	8½	14
Do 2d pf	4½	5½
N Y C	77	....
N Y, C & St L 1st pf	83	....
Do 1st pf	100	116
Kelly S T pf	83	84½
Do 8% pf	94	98
Kelsey Wh	30	35
Do pf	82	89
K & D M	4	4¼
Do pf	20	30
Kress (S H)	80½	110
Lee Gen	36	37
L Ed Wpf	16	18
Lee R & T	23	24
Lig & Mpf	101	102
L-W Bis	45	52
Do 2d pf	105¾	125
Lorill'd Co pf	92	103
Mah Coal	350	600
Mackey Cos	61½	64
Do pf	39	....
Mallinson	18	23
Do pf	66	70
Man B'ch	¼	....
Man Elev	42	44
Man. Sug.	106	108
Do pf	80	90
Marin R	45	58½
Martin-P	24	25
Math Alk	31	33
Max M cl A	11	12¾
Do 1 pf	25½	....
Do 2 pf ct	10½	18
May D Stz	74	79
Do pf	97½	102
Mich Cent	75	85
M, St P & S S M pf	30	35
Do less	50	54
M, K & T pf	6½	8
Mon P pf	95	97
Mont-W	30½	31¾
Nat Acme	28	30
Mull Body	32	36½
Do pf	93	....
Nat Acmd	34	38
Nat Bis	100	106
Do pf	105	107
Nat C & S	8	....
Do pf	92	93
Nat Enam	94	95
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	8½	14
Do 2d pf	4½	5½
N Y C	77	....
N Y, C & St L 1st pf	83	....
Do 1st pf	100	116
Norf South	17	24
Nort & W pf ex div	64½	67½
North Am	48	53
Nunnally	15	15½
Ohio Body	25	28½
Ohio F S	47¼	48
Ontario M	5¾	6
Otis Elev	112	135
Do pf	....	....
Otis Stl pf	....	101
Pac Coast	28	40
Do 1st pf	60	100
Do 2d pf	45	60
Pac Dev	41	42
Pac G & E	46½	47¾
Pac T & T	39	44
Penney (J C) pf	88	92
Pep & E	10	11
Fero Marq pf	....	....
Pr pf	54	58
Pet Dev	41	44
Pett-Mul	30	39
Phelps Dge	115	120
Phillips Pet	38½	39
P Oil pf	81	82
Pierce Arrow pf	....	....
Pitts St pf	85	90¼
P & W Va pf	73½	78
Pond M	23	29
P S, N J	....	63
Rand M	28	29
R R Sec, I	....	....
C stk	45	52
Ry Stl Spr pf	98½	100½
Remy Types	61	63
Do 1st pf	.

COTTON CONTINUES DOWNWARD TREND

Market, After Quiet Opening, Sells Off 40 to 60 Points for the Active Months.

FEDERAL REPORT MONDAY

Liverpool Prices Are Unsteady Despite an Advance of 11 Points in Spots.

The cotton market yesterday moved along in the same quiet and downward trend it had been displaying for several days past. There was no interruption in the highly favorable weather reports in the list of private crop reports, almost all of which indicate a rather unusual improvement for the month. The Government's report will be out at noon on Monday, and unless it reflects a very pronounced improvement over the official figures of a month ago there is likely to be some recovery in prices, for certainly the market has discounted an improvement of no mean proportions.

The average guess in the trade as to what the Department's report on Monday will show is about 75 per cent., and an indicated crop of upward of 13,000,000 bales. This is 3,000,000 bales more than was indicated by the condition figures of May, and the trade has become pronouncedly bearish on this account. Now, if the Government's figures should be much below 75 per cent., with a corresponding reduction in the indicated crop, there is likely to be a hurried switching of speculative positions, with some trade switching there in, and a sharp change in prices on an upward scale is not impossible.

On the other hand, if the Government's figures come out above 75 per cent., there may be some further fall in quoted values, but it is hardly likely to be very severe, for the market has lost a good deal in the last two or three weeks and must surely have discounted a large part of whatever improvement in the crop there has been.

Liverpool was unsteady yesterday despite an advance of 11 points in spots. Our market, which opened quiet and firm substantially unchanged, sold off steadily after the call, showing losses of 40 to 60 points for the active months from December on and 20 points for October by mid-afternoon. At the close a very small part of the losses had been regained.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Sept.	.....	.....	.....	33.40	33.60
Oct.	32.17	32.30	32.02	32.02@32.07	32.22
Dec.	30.94	31.08	30.88	30.88@30.89	31.00
Jan.	30.20	30.31	29.70	29.75	30.30
March	29.75	29.90	29.35	29.35@29.40	29.90
May	29.39	29.40	29.00	29.00	29.40

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, unchanged, at 40c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 37.50c; New Orleans, 39.75c; Augusta, 39.75c; Memphis, 39.50c; Houston, 39.50c; Little Rock, 39c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	7,382	4,153	17,774
Exports	16,478	10,782	3,154
Exports season	6,851,523	6,309,547	5,497,829
N. Y. stocks	35,623	28,428	81,376
Port stocks	784,706	810,254	1,234,280

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 26.15d for middling. Sales, 4,000 bales, of which American, 3,000. Imports, 5,000 bales, all American. Futures opened quiet, 4 to 8 points up and closed quiet, 16 points down to 8 points up on the day. Prices: August, 23.64d; October, 22.54d; December, 21.06d; March, 20.88d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were quiet.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Weather forecast: Ill.—Fair Sat. and Sun., cooler.

Mo., Neb. and Kan.—Fair Sat. and Sun., not much change in temp.

Wis.—Fair Sat. and Sun., cooler Sat.

Minn.—Fair Sat., cooler near Lake Superior; Sun. probably fair, warmer.

Iowa—Fair Sat. and Sun., not much change in temp., except cooler in n. e. Sat.

N. Dak.—Fair, warmer Sat., probably followed by scattered thunder showers.

S. Dak.—Fair Sat. and Sun., warmer Sat. Mon.—Fair Sat. and Sun., continued warm Sat., probably followed by cooler Sun.

Wyo.—Fair Sat. and probably Sun., cooler Sun.

WHEAT HAS SEVERE BREAK.

Drop of 12 Cents Per Bushel—Moderate Rally at Close.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Acute depression recurred today in the wheat trade, and more than 12c a bushel break in values was witnessed as a result of scarcity of buyers. At midday the December delivery, in which most of the trading centred, had fallen to $2.21, as against $2.33¾ at yesterday's finish. March dropped 13¾ cents to $2.22¾.

Breaks in foreign exchange rates, together with reports that the British Royal Commission had pulled out of the market until next Wednesday or later, were among the bearish factors. Talk of lower food prices by a leading banker here and predictions in other quarters that the movement of the wheat crop would double in volume next week also attracted attention. Talk around the pit dwelt largely on the financial difficulties likely to be encountered by would-be holders of grain.

Uneasiness over financial conditions, together with forecasts that the crop movement would double in volume next week, had a radically bearish effect on values later, but did not appreciably swell the number of actual transactions. The close was unsettled, 10¼c to 10¾c net lower, with December $2.22⅞ to $2.23 and March $2.25¾.

The close was at a moderate rally from the bottom prices of the day. December finishing at $2.22⅝ to $2.23 and March at $2.25¾.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	2.34½	2.21	2.22⅝	2.35¾	.....
March	2.25	2.22¼	2.25¾	2.39⅞	.....

CORN.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.43¾	1.38	1.39¼	1.43¾	.....
Sept.	1.41¾	1.35¾	1.38	1.40¾	1.39¼
Dec.	1.36½	1.32¼	1.33⅝	1.35¾	1.36½

In the local market cash corn was: No. 1 white, 96c@$1; No. 2, 95c@$1; No. 3, 93c@$1; No. 4, 90c@$1; fancy, $1.

RYE.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.99	1.90¾	1.92	1.97¼	.....
Sept.	1.71	1.63	1.63¾	1.71	1.62

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	18.80	18.30	18.30	18.65	.....
Sept.	18.90	18.47	18.70	18.90	33.65
Oct.	19.30	18.80	19.07	19.27	33.55
Ribs—					
July	16.95	15.92	16.95	.....	.....
Sept.	16.45	16.05	16.15	16.42	27.70
Oct.	16.60	16.30	16.37	16.67	.....
Pork—					
July	.....	.....	.....	36.30	.....
Sept.	37.85	36.95	36.95	37.50	50.00

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Aug.	13.10	12.90	12.90	13.00
Sept.	12.70	12.45	12.52	12.55
Oct.	12.52	12.35	12.35	12.38
Nov.	.....	.....	.....	12.43
Dec.	12.49	12.20	12.45	12.39
Jan.	12.62	12.35	12.53	12.49
Feb.	.....	.....	.....	12.45
Mar.	.....	.....	.....	12.50

Total sales, 14,600.

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Sept.	10.15	10.00	10.15	9.50
Dec.	10.48	10.25	10.45	10.32
Jan.	10.60	10.35	10.55	10.50
May	10.70	10.45	10.70	10.50

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH for June—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gross	$1,672,629	$1,042,582	$1,588,119
Def. after tax	325,853	288,473	356,371
Net op. deficit	164,389	207,329	276,532
6 mos. gross	8,773,541	6,480,007	8,035,383
Def. after tax	714,581	1,914,971	90,196
Net op. income	326,359	*858,215	323,607

*Deficit.

CHICAGO & ALTON for June—

Gross	2,364,936	3,188,104	1,928,846
Def. after tax	3,452,284	121,719	*230,139
Net op. income	206,855	16,090	*300,557
6 mos.' gross	13,174,409	12,080,991	10,118,751
Def. after tax	701,942	577,743	566,020
Net op. income	287,671	*42,125	*17,500

*Deficit.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL for June—

Gross	13,840,234	12,983,511	16,776,526
Def. after tax	966,126	954,160	*1,062,628
Net op. income	327,339	528,575	*1,198,551
6 mos.' gross	78,001,089	69,068,459	55,916,757
Def. after tax	138,081	646,280	*1,842,815
Net op. deficit	2,059,141	114,686	1,962,083

*Deficit.

GREAT NORTHERN for June—

Gross	10,473,912	9,021,274	7,737,806
Bal. after tax	912,353	1,036,862	*1,292,401
Net op. income	1,304,057	1,603,353	*1,231,581
6 mos.' gross	54,846,487	47,373,184	39,067,457
Bal. after tax	1,302,576	2,935,807	*1,555,087
Net op. income	2,720,067	2,945,897	*561,033

*Deficit.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE for June—

Gross	10,124,211	9,441,122	7,610,026
Def. after tax	1,485,745	300,580	900,973
Net op. deficit	1,905,290	382,069	778,154
6 mos. gross	58,323,051	50,450,171	42,934,794
Def. after tax	1,366,738	2,726,813	4,387,753
Net op. income	3,415,091	5,385,784	7,279,843

MISSOURI PACIFIC for June—

Gross	9,407,646	7,378,211	6,316,173
Bal. after tax	1,868,735	585,468	*1,780,196
Net op. income	996,832	315,175	*1,963,231
6 mos. gross	52,570,504	42,036,700	40,028,954
Bal. after tax	5,225,128	1,488,446	5,134,349
Net op. income	2,898,591	1,113,021	3,901,304

*Deficit.

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD for June—

Gross	10,485,826	8,984,900	9,164,513
Bal. after tax	973,603	968,967	*1,919,312
Net op. income	307,171	787,819	*1,404,382
6 mos. gross	55,404,939	47,585,175	44,588,001
Def. after tax	323,276	†1,635,632	†2,481,413
Net op. deficit	3,931,902	†187,161	785,644

*Deficit. †Income.

PERE MARQUETTE for June—

Gross	3,365,063	2,846,888	2,952,141
Bal. after tax	974,006	706,950	*166,409
Net op. income	337,770	640,012	*293,441
6 mos. gross	17,296,467	15,635,076	12,193,644
Bal. after tax	1,060,322	3,622,971	1,306,110
Net op. deficit	173,436	†2,206,326	†527,688

*Deficit. †Income.

PHILADELPHIA & READING for June—

Gross	7,093,283	6,089,862	7,098,636
Bal. after tax	1,328,253	2,180,007	*406,299
Net op. income	992,679	1,874,024	*826,677
6 mos.' gross	41,281,912	33,649,904	35,572,545
Bal. after tax	2,967,222	1,312,724	3,963,606
Net op. income	1,678,164	*648,207	1,189,229

*Deficit.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE for June—

Gross	1,909,848	2,077,859	2,679,380
Def. after tax	909,539	*43,519	*181,819
Net op. deficit	1,194,229	*158,021	*194,229
6 mos. gross	12,958,945	13,558,172	13,980,011
Def. after tax	2,852,963	*841,486	*3,195,008
Net op. deficit	1,182,246	*858,354	*3,259,213

*Income.

PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA for June—

Gross	193,474	113,031	162,129
Def. after tax	14,241	72,339	36,370
Net op. deficit	6,659	74,180	40,615
6 mos.' gross	998,912	642,191	956,716
Def. after tax	271,514	433,851	36,172
Net op. deficit	207,943	406,720	51,514

SEABOARD AIR LINE for June—

Gross	3,970,125	3,356,096	3,056,048
Def. after tax	1,342,004	*474,136	485,603
Net op. deficit	1,455,729	*489,261	499,490
Six mos. gross	24,677,065	20,449,364	17,437,962
Def. after tax	1,060,146	*1,127,282	*2,968,276
Net op. deficit	2,259,350	*1,245,346	*1,580,874

Income.

Public Utilities.

BLACKSTONE VALLEY GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
June gross earn.	$271,826	$201,721	$69,606
Net earnings	87,540	58,404	29,136
Surp. aft. chgs	42,953	15,774	27,179
12 mos. gross	3,018,777	2,527,722	491,055
Net earnings	923,873	626,155	297,738
Surp. aft. chgs	625,315	345,212	280,103

COLUMBUS ELECTRIC CO.—

June gr. earn.	130,288	104,852	25,436
Net earnings	55,747	45,387	10,360
Surp. aft. chgs	24,001	15,075	8,926
Net earnings	647,106	558,244	88,862
12 mos. gr. earn.	1,482,470	1,199,899	282,571
Surp. aft. chgs	273,773	194,109	79,664

CONNECTICUT POWER CO.—

June gross earn.	117,546	96,005	21,538
Net earnings	60,684	30,448	16,241
Surp. aft. chgs.	27,066	11,577	15,488
12 mos. gross	1,380,525	1,163,923	216,602
Net earnings	663,805	557,556	106,247
Surp. aft. chgs.	328,597	231,258	97,239

EASTERN TEXAS ELECTRIC CO.—

June gross earn.	134,052	110,620	23,432
Net earnings	134,052	110,620	4,603
Surp. aft. chgs.	34,453	32,847	1,606
12 mos. gross	1,498,941	1,244,435	254,506
Net earnings	44,306	39,958	4,808
Surp. aft. chgs.	419,075	329,090	89,485

EDISON ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING CO. OF BROCKTON—

June gross	111,006	81,003	30,003
Net earnings	39,063	25,804	13,259
Surp. aft. chgs.	19,289	1,887	17,402
12 mos. gross	1,244,581	980,060	264,521
Net earnings	481,708	309,672	172,036
Surp. aft. chgs.	270,069	129,067	140,872

GALVESTON-HOUSTON ELECTRIC CO.—

June gross earn.	325,157	255,778	69,379
Net earnings	99,440	69,721	29,719
Surp. aft. chgs.	64,143	34,072	30,070
12 mos. gross	3,835,525	2,924,014	461,511
Net earnings	1,196,449	902,491	111,990
Surp. aft. chgs.	492,486	423,675	68,821

LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.—

June gross earn.	94,127	72,357	21,770
Net earnings	37,067	21,300	14,767
Surp. aft. chgs.	14,301	10,091	*4,189
12 mos. gross	1,118,207	988,734	129,472
Net earnings	327,982	247,135	80,847
Surp. aft. chgs.	150,057	70,969	79,088

MISSISSIPPI RIVER POWER CO.—

June gross earn.	232,181	192,146	40,035
Net earnings	180,881	180,000	29,871
Surp. aft. chgs.	45,546	45,250	295
12 mos. gr. earn.	2,462,674	2,232,246	260,428
Net earnings	1,240,438	1,742,566	208,968
Surp. aft. chgs.	321,868	560,612	821,256

NORTHERN TEXAS ELECTRIC CO.—

June gross earn.	331,492	282,415	49,077
Net earnings	120,728	106,828	12,192
Surp. aft. chgs.	95,839	83,493	12,373
12 mos. gr. earn.	3,741,003	3,047,307	813,696
Net earnings	1,450,761	1,668,627	301,184
Surp. aft. chgs.	1,161,401	798,121	363,280

TAMPA ELECTRIC CO.—

June gross earn.	109,238	97,928	11,310
Net earnings	37,754	35,411	2,343
Surp. aft. chgs.	35,509	30,742	2,767
12 mos. gr. earn.	1,287,637	1,150,050	288,587
Net earnings	545,328	470,357	74,941
Surp. aft. chgs.	490,872	417,096	73,774

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.

Alpha	.60	Belcher Ext.	.03
Alta	.05	Brougher	.06
Andes	.02	Div. Tonopah	1.15
Best & Belcher	.12	Extension	.19
Challenge	1.20	Florence	.10
Com. Silver	.03	Gold Reef	.03
Concordia	.15	Harmill	.25
Confidence	1.50	Kernick	.03
Con. Virginia	1.25	Knox	.05
Gould & Curry	.05	Myrna	.04
Hale & Norcross	.15	Rescue	.04
Imperial	.70	Victory	.05
Jacket	.40	Zone	.12
Mexican	.10	GOLDFIELD.	
New York	.08	Booth	.03
Ophir	.27	Consolidated	.03
Seg. Belcher	.08	Crackerjack	.06
Scorpion	.04	Development	.02
Sierra Nevada	.11	Jumbo Ext.	.04
Silver Hill	.10	Jumbo Extension	.02
Union	.11	Lone Star	.07
TONOPAH.		Red Hills	.02
Belmont	1.50	Silver Pick	.06
Black Boy	.07	Spearhead	.08
Halifax	.10	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Jim Butler	.12	Arrowhead	.08
MacNamara	.02	Big Four	.02
MacNamara Cres.	.05	Bullwhacker	.45
Midway	.08	Climax	.14
Mispah	.10	Croesus	.30
Monarch	.06	Holly	.09
Montana	.06	Neusel Point	.02
North Star	.04	Packard	.08
Rescue	.14	Prince	1.07½
Tonopah Ext.	1.50	Round Mount	.10
West End	1.15	Rx. Mt Fairview	.12
West Tonopah	.04	Simon	.02
DIVIDE.		Sterling	.04
Alta	.02	White Caps	.09
Belcher	.02		

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—The receipts yesterday were 10,087 packages. The market showed no quotable change, but fewer sales at top figures. Creamery, higher than extras, per pound, 53¼@56½c; extras, 90 score, 55@55½c; firsts, 83 to 89 score, 51½@53c; 80 to 91 score, 53¼@56½c; lower grades, 49@52c; seconds, 83 to 91 score, 52¼@53½c; unsalted higher than extras, 59@59½c extras, 58@59½c; firsts, 55¼@57c; seconds, 50@53½c; State, dairy, tubs, finest, 54@54½c; good to prime, 51@53c; common to fair, 49@50c; ladles, current make, extras, 50 score, 47½@48c; seconds, 43½@44c; lower grades, 42@43c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 44c; No. 2, 43c; lower grades, 38@40c.

EGGS—The receipts yesterday were 17,642 cases. Highest qualities were generally rated steady. Medium grades moved slowly at easier prices in some instances. Good value cheese eggs were in fair demand and firm. Market for white eggs showed considerable accumulation, especially of California stock. A little of the very finest white sold at fairly full prices. Other graded passed for sale at the lower prices, and a good deal of stock has to go into storage for lack of outlet. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 64@67c; extra firsts, 61@63c; firsts, 47@60c; seconds, 44@47c; dirties, No. 1, regular packings, 39@43c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 36@38c; State, Pa., and nearby Western, henery whites, extras, 69@70c; extra firsts, 64@67c; firsts, 60@63c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 60@67c; undergrades, 50@58c; Pacific Coast; white extras, 66@70c; extra firsts, 64@66c; firsts, 60@63c; undergrades, 54@58c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 59@63c; State, Pa., and nearby Western, henery browns, extra, 58@60c; brown and mixed colors, gathered, extra, graded extras, 54@55c; firsts to extra firsts, 49@53c.

WOULD WELCOME US IN OIL AGREEMENT

British Embassy Declares Anglo-French Compact Is Not Aimed at Other Countries.

MADE AT FRENCH REQUEST

Joint Development of Oil Producing Territories Is Favored by the London Government.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Additional information concerning the scope and character of the Anglo-French agreement for co-operation in the development and handling of the oil supply in countries under British and French mandates and elsewhere indicates that no monopoly designed to shut out the United States and other countries is contemplated by the agreement. Inquiry at the British Embassy today concerning the agreement brought a rather direct intimation that there could be little doubt that Great Britain would welcome an agreement with the United States based on principles similar to those embodied in the Anglo-French compact.

In other words the British Government, and presumably the French Government, would take kindly to a suggestion that the United States join with them in joint development of oil properties throughout the world and in joint distribution of the product among British, French and American concerns.

No formal or authoritative statement was obtained at the British Embassy, but it was learned that the officials there understood that the Anglo-French oil agreement is designed only to replace possible competition, perhaps by co-operation and partnership, between the two countries in their search for supplies of oil and not in any way aimed against any other country. Nor, the officials understand, does it diminish the right or opportunity of the nationals of other countries to seek oil concessions. It is also understood that the genesis of the agreement was the fear in France that British oil interests might exercise a dominating control over oil supplies in the future. In consequence of this fear the British Government agreed to co-operate with, rather than compete against, France.

No additional statement on the subject of the agreement was forthcoming from the State Department today. Officials said they had not been able to obtain an answer to the inquiry made by this Government.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security. Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Am. Chicle...6	Oct. 21,'22	90	95¼	7.50
Am. Cot. Oil.5	Sept. 4,'24	80	90	8.35
Am. T. & T...5	Oct. 1,'22	94	94⅝	6.15
Am. T. & T...6	Feb. 1,'24	92	92¼	6.50
Am. Tbacco.8	Dec. 15,'20	99	99½	6.50
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov. 1,'20	99¾	100¼	6.00
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov. 1,'21	99¾	100¼	6.75
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov. 1,'22	99¾	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov. 1,'23	99¾	99¾	7.10
Amoskeag Co...6	July 1,'20	98	98½	7.00
An.-A.O., Ltd.7½	Apr., 1925	94½	96	7.85
Armour & Co.6	1920-1921	99	99	.....
Beth. S. Corp.7	July 15,'23	97¼	98¼	7.80
Beth. S. Corp.7	July 15,'25	96	97¼	7.75
Can. Pac. Ry.6	Mar. 2,'24	95¼	96¼	8.35
Cen. Arg. Ry.6	Feb., 1927	81	83½	9.70
Chi. Pn. Tool.6	Oct., 1920	100	100½	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.6	Oct., 1922	99	100	6.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.6	Jan., 1924	90¼	90¾	8.15
Cudahy Pack.7	July 15,'23	97¼	97¾	7.85
Fed. Sug. Ref.6	Nov., 1924	93	93¾	7.75
The B.F.Goodrich Co...cv.7	Apr., 1925	93½	93⅝	8.55
Gt. Nor. Ry...3	Sep., 1920	99¾	99¾	6.00
Gulf Oil Corp.5	July, 1921	98	98½	6.00
Hocking Val...4½	Dec., 1959	75	77	6.00
Int. R. T...6	Sept., 1921	95	96	7.50
Kan. C. Ter.6	Nov., 1923	90¼	90¾	6.80
Kenne. C. C...7	Feb., 1920	98	98½	8.10
Laclede Gas...7	Jan., 1931	83	85	8.15
Ldg. & Myers.6	1921	97¼	97¾	7.60
Lig. & Myers.6	Dec., 1921	97¼	97¾	7.60
Penna. Co...4½%	Junes15,'21	97	97½	7.90
Phila. Co...6	Feb., 1944	74	75	8.00
Pond Creek Coal.8	Jan., 1923	98	98½	8.10
Portl. Gas & Coke.6	Mar., 1925	85	87	7.85
Pub. Sv. Corp.6	Mar., 1922	98	98½	6.50
R. J. Ryan,T.6	Aug., 1922	95¼	96¼	8.00
Southern Ry...6	Mar., 1922	93¾	93¾	11.35
Swift & Co...6	Mar., 1925	92¼	92¾	7.50
Texas Co...7	Mar., 1921	98	98½	7.65
Utah S. Corp.6	Sept.15,'22	95	96	14.80
Westn.Elec.cv 7	Apr., 1925	97	97¼	7.60

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quotes on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Mat.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Baltimore & Ohio	1920-'27	6½	6.70	7.50
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.75	7.85
Buff., R. & P.	1920-'35	4½	5.60	7.00
Canadian Pacific	1920-'29	6½	6.90	7.00
Chicago & North	1920-'33	6½	7.00	6.60
Chic., R. I. & P.	1920-'29	6	6.50	7.50
C. St. L. & N. O.	1920-'29	6	6.50	7.50
G., C. & S. F.	1920-'33	6	6.50	7.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	7.60	8.75
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	6.75	7.50
Grace Steamship	1920-'34	8	7.90	8.00
Illinois Central	1920-'34	4½, 5	6.50	7.00
Int. Rys.	1920-'29	7	7.50	8.00
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'26	6	7.00	6.50
Michigan Central	1920-'32	5	6.75	6.75
Minn. St. Louis	1920-'37	5	6.50	7.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1920-'32	6	6.50	7.00
N. Y. Central	1920-'35	4½, 5@7	7.50	6.75
Norfolk & West.	1920-'24	6	7.00	6.75
Northern Pacific	1920-'31	6	6.75	6.75
Pa. R. R. Co.	1920-'39	4½, 5@6	6.50	6.50
Pac. Fruit Exp.	1920-'35	7	7.00	8.75
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1920-'23	6	6.50	6.00
Reading Co.	1920-'47	4½	7.40	6.75
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'34	4½, 5@6	6.50	7.00
Sinclair Refining	1920-'31	6	8.00	7.00
Southern Pacific	1920-'29	4½@5	7.00	6.75
Southern Ry.	1920-'26	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Union Pacific	1920-'31	6	6.75	6.50
Virginian Ry.	1920-'39	6	7.50	7.00
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.65	7.50

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 30.—Sixty new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,957,206, were chartered today. They include:

Gulmi Trucking Co., Manhattan, agent and storage, $10,000; E. L. Larkin, Jr., Biggie, L. Gulmi, 390 East 24 St., Brooklyn.

Circumnavigators Trading Corp., Manhattan, import and export trade information, $1,000,000; W. G. Lee, A. Soldner, F. Hermog, 1,482 Broadway.

Ten Mile Oil Co., Olean, petroleum production, $20,000; G. F. and F. L. Sibley, F. L. Kelly, Olean.

Murray Multinery Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; H. and N. and M. Berlin, 257 Saratoga Av., Brooklyn.

Ogdensburg Paper Mills, Manhattan, 2,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 6,000 common no par value; active capital, $280,000; J. A. Outterson, S. M. Williams, F. A. Augsburg, Ogdensburg.

Park Development Corp., Manhattan, agency, $10,000; R. E. Bridgette, T. W. Rourke, G. Link, Jr., 17 Battery Place.

Saturn Motor Co., Buffalo, make autos, $100,000; M. C. Ensminger, M. L. Woodford, E. E. Finck, Buffalo.

Roosevelt Pharmacy, Manhattan, $5,000; R. Tomshinsky, G. Miller, L. Wesenfeld, 57 East 103d St.

French & Handy, Manhattan, crude rubber, $25,000; P. J. Ross, J. Q. Perry, H. W. French, 25 Beaver St.

Bedford Food Corp., Brooklyn, $20,000; L. Gottlieb, J. Gold, J. Schreier, 1,284 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

Tailormade Dress Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. and S. Gothroffer, N. Phillips, 291 B'way.

United Motor Furniture, Rochester, auto business and profit sharing coupons, $50,000; D. H. Kuder, M. C. Merriman, O. F. Alarie, Rochester.

Samuel Morris Mills, Brooklyn, woolen goods, $20,000; C. Diringer, H. W. Leavy, R. H. Blank, 562 5th Av.

Carvalho Bros. of Portugal, Manhattan, housefurnishings, $20,000; A. J. Mora, D. Freiberger, 37 E. D. Carvalho, 868 Marcy Place, Bronx.

Topilitzky & Green, Manhattan, jewelry, $7,000; I. Cohen, M. Green, M. Topilitzky, 160 Bast 4th St.

A. Mottola, Bronx, chemicals and drugs, $5,000; A. and E. Mottola, A. Confora, 29 East 6th St.

C. J. Flim Sales Corp., Manhattan, $60,000; J. Cohn, J. Brandt, T. A. Keppler, 233 Broadway.

R. G. & G. Shoe Co., Manhattan, $9,000; R. S. Rosen, H. Greenstein, I. Gusman, 111 South 3d St., Brooklyn.

No. 6 West Broadway, Manhattan, $5,000; J. M. and E. C. Forbes, W. A. Van Ness, 220 Broadway.

226 Schenectady Avenue, Brooklyn, $12,000; L. Gottlieb, J. Schreier, J. Gold, 1,288 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

Yankee Photo Corp., Manhattan, motion pictures, $50,000; W. Shaw, M. Hatch, T. W. Walsh, 141 West 55th St.

Needham Motor Co., New Rochelle, make motors, autos and airplanes, $10,000; J. A. Farrell, G. L. Sill, B. F. F. Needham, New Rochelle.

American-East Indian Co., Wassaic, Dutchess Co., trading, $50,000; A. Olsen, R. G. Stevens, J. H. Smith, Wassaic.

Hintze & Vale, Manhattan, produce merchants, $30,000; U. Quinones, L. Vale, K. Hintze, 914 Ditmas Av., Brooklyn.

Chambord, Manhattan, importing and exporting of interior furnishings, $80,000; H. A. St. George, R. A. Higginson, E. F. Kinney, 41 Park Row.

Carlton Sales Garage, Buffalo, $10,000; H. H. and G. L. Schumacher, O. L. Levee, Buffalo.

Reynolds Construction Corp., Niagara Falls, $25,000; M. T. Sheppard, J. A. Reynolds, G. W. Knox, Niagara Falls.

Hillside Association, Brooklyn, realty and brokerage, $25,000; V. M. Holmsburg, G. J. Franz, O. K. Bloomquist, 4,121 Seventh Av., Brooklyn.

William-Fulton Street Corp., Manhattan, constructing, $10,000; A. I. Pearlstein, A. and H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.

136 William St. Corp., Manhattan, construction, $10,000; A. and H. Bloch, E. M. Volpy, 99 Nassau St.

Hillcrest Apartment Corp., Brooklyn, $22,500; E. M. Lloyd, F. H. Carew, L. J. Bennett, 429 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

Willis Dickson & Northiger, Manhattan, household equipment, $10,000; W. C. Dickson, H. H. Willis, R. G. Northiger, 2,241 East 12th St., Brooklyn.

H. A. L. Trading Corp., Manhattan, textiles and apparel, $30,000; C

TO APPROACH WILSON ON PRICE BOOSTING

Rail Men Reported Ready to Ask Special Congress Session, Following Wage Award.

WOULD PROTECT THEIR GAIN

Washington Hears Workers Fear Merchants Will Unload Higher Freight Cost on Public.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—It was rumored in Washington today that representatives of the railroad brotherhoods and unions would ask President Wilson to call a special session of Congress to deal with possible and probable profiteering arising out of the wage award by the Railroad Labor Board. Confirmation of the rumor could not be obtained here, but it was said that such a telegram had been, or was to be, sent from Chicago to the White House.

As told here, the railroad workers fear that the merchants and manufacturers will not use only the wage increase but the request of the railroads for an approximate 37 per cent. freight rate increase as arguments for boosting prices 50 to 75 per cent. even above the present costs.

The railway employes have contended all along that prices of commodities are unjustified by conditions and that profiteering is rampant. W. Jett Lauck, the economist, appeared on their behalf before the Railroad Labor Board with a mass of arguments designed to support this assertion.

It is considered certain that the statements made by Mr. Lauck to the Board would be used on the floor of Congress, if the President should call a special session. The railway men would perhaps also use Mr. Lauck's testimony, it was said, as an argument to the President, in asking him to call Congress together.

The Brotherhood chiefs were reported today at their headquarters at Chicago and Cleveland, and their subordinates here in Washington professed to know nothing of such a contemplated telegram.

CLEVELAND, Ohio., July 30.—Although several "objectionable" aspects of the recent wage award by the Railroad Labor Board in Chicago were declared by the heads of the four big railroad brotherhoods here today, formal action was postponed until a meeting to be held here in two weeks.

In the course of today's conference, it was announced by W. G. Lee, President of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, that membership in that organization is increasing at the rate of 10 to 125 per day.

The heads of the three other brotherhoods also reported increases in membership, though not so large as that in the trainmen. The officials attribute the increase to the better wages that are now paid as a result of the recently announced new wage scale.

The brotherhood chiefs discussed various matters of which they believe the board in its award did not give due consideration, among these being the away-from-home expenses of the road men.

Those attending the conference were Warren S. Stone, of the Engineers; W. G. Lee, of the Trainmen; W. S. Carter, of the Firemen, and L. E. Sheppard, of the Conductors.

FOOD HIGH DESPITE INQUIRY

Dealers Convince Flying Squadron They Are Not Profiteering.

Whole agents of the Flying Squadron of the Department of Justice are on a hunt for profiteers in fruits and vegetables, virtually the same retail prices prevail. Some reductions have been made here and there in some commodities but the general reduction that housewives had hoped for has not come.

It was learned yesterday that all of the dealers who have been checked up by the agents have been able to prove they were not profiteering—that they were making no more than 25 per cent. profit on dry groceries and 35 on green groceries, the margin previously agreed upon between the New York Retail Grocers' Association and the Flying Squadron.

However, squadron officials announced that many stores were yet to be checked up. The plan of watching the sales from the wholesale markets to the consumer will be continued.

Following complaint received at the squadron office, Special Agent J. J. Price announced that he would have a special squad visit the vegetable stands in upper Broadway, from 135th to 145th Street this morning. Some of the dealers are reported to be selling tomatoes at 25 cents a pound and others at 20 cents. Some of the dealers have cut the price to 15 cents a pound, it was said. The agents will inquire also into the prices of other commodities. Potatoes are now selling at 5 to 6 cents a pound all over the city, but cabbages that cost the retailer 3 to 4 cents continue to sell to the consumer for 25 to 40 cents. Chain stores are selling the finest creamery butter at 66 and 67 cents a pound, although the wholesale market is only two or three cents under that price.

The American Polish Chamber of Commerce announced the arrival of fifteen tons of Polish beet seed from the Sandomierz district, to be used for sample for promoting direct relations of American beet growers with the Polish Beet Growers' Association. The seed is consigned to J. W. Krause, 7 Wall Street, representative of the Commerce Bank of Warsaw and the Sandomierz Beet Growers' Association. The Polish beet growers, it was announced, have organized co-operative associations for the marketing of their products and expect the American market to asorb most of their export surplus.

WOOL CONSUMPTION DROPS.

Federal Bureau Shows a Decrease of 17,000,000 Pounds in June.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—A sharp drop in wool consumption, amounting approximately to 17,000,000 pounds in June as compared with the average consumption for the preceding months of this year, was announced today by the Department of Agriculture's Bureau of Markets.

Reports to the bureau show that 46,000,000 pounds of wool entered into manufacture in June against 72,700,000 pounds in January, 63,700,000 pounds in February, 67,000,000 pounds in March, 54,000,000 pounds in April and 55,000,000 pounds in May. In June, 1919, the consumption was 83,000,000 pounds.

The drop in consumption was due, the bureau said, to the curtailment of operations in the textile manufacturing industry, resulting from lack of orders, cancellations and deferred shipments.

Plead to Save High Bridge.

The New York Chapter of the American Association of Engineers is opposed to the plan to remove High Bridge in order to improve the navigation of the Harlem River and has petitioned the Board of Estimate, through the chapter's President, R. H. Jacobs, to save the structure. "The American Association of Engineers," says the letter, "believes that High Bridge is a structure of architectural and aesthetic merit and an important monument marking the progress and advancement of the City of New York."

SHIP BOARD TO DEAL DIRECTLY WITH LABOR

Will Quit National Adjustment Commission—Longshoremen Not Opposed to Step.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The United States Shipping Board has decided to withdraw from the National Adjustment Commission, and, beginning Oct. 1, will conduct its own negotiations with longshoremen on the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts. After that time wage disputes will be dealt with directly between the Shipping Board and the unions.

An announcement today from the Shipping Board reads:

"The National Adjustment Commission was established at the instance of the Shipping Board during the war in order to maintain close contact in the longshore industry between the shipping and stevedoring interests, the International Longshoremen's Association and the United States Shipping Board.

"The Shipping Board is immediately taking steps to set up the machinery necessary for joining with the shipping and stevedoring interests in negotiating directly with the International Longshoremen's Association in reference to all matters affecting the longshore industry on the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts. This method of direct negotiation is in line with its procedure in dealing with the other large groups of labor in its operating departments. It has already executed agreements for the coming year with the sailors, firemen, cooks and stewards and licensed deck officers and expects to do the same with the marine engineers and the radio operators.

"By joining the shipping and the stevedoring interests in dealing directly with the longshoremen, it is acting in accordance with the principle of collective bargaining recognized by the Government and feels that is can in this way best protect the interests of the longshoremen, the American merchant marine and the ports on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts.

"It is prepared to consider in a fair and sympathetic spirit all of the questions affecting this great industry."

Frederick Toppin, Vice President of the International Mercantile Marine Company, said last night that the shipping interests here had not yet been advised of the action of the United States Shipping Board in deciding to quit the National Adjustment Commission. When official word comes from the board, he said, the shipping interests would hold a conference and determine their own attitude.

The International Longshoremen's Association, it was learned, does not look with disfavor upon the withdrawal from the National Adjustment Commission, whose decision last Fall resulted in a strike of both the deep sea and coastwise longshoremen and a second strike of the latter early this year, which has not yet been settled. One union leader said that they had been skeptical as to the attitude of the Shipping Board on the question of the "closed shop" but that apparently the board was not opposed to it, as had been reported, in view of the settlements that have been made with several different unions. He expressed the opinion that a satisfactory new agreement could be worked out with the Shipping Board.

This union leader said that he believed the longshoremen would be content to make a contract on the existing terms. Though there has been some talk of demanding more pay, he believed that a majority of the men would be willing to accept the same pay, as increased wages would mean a continuation of the high cost of living.

ACTIVE BROOKLYN DEMAND.

Homeseekers and Investors Figure Prominently as Buyers.

Tutino & Cerny sold for Mrs. Louise E. Rose to a client, for occupancy, the two-story two-family dwelling 259 Forty-fifth Street.

Edward Kegel sold the two-family house at 21 Sherman Street, near Tenth Avenue, for A. Wasserman to a client for investment.

The McInerney-Klink Realty Company sold the three-story business building on the east side of Fort Greene Place, 150 feet south of Hanson Place, 21 by 100, for the estate of John C. Wooley.

Realty Associates sold to Louis Oxfeld & Sons, builders, a lot on the west side of Bedford Avenue, 40 feet south of President Street, 22 by 100. This lot adjoins the Cavalry Club. The purchaser will improve it with a building containing a store and apartments.

Otterbourg, Steindler & Houston purchased the four-story dwelling at 63 Decatur Street, on a plot 20 by 100, and resold it to William Frisch.

Henry Pierson & Co. sold the dwelling at 168 Sixth Avenue, corner of Lincoln Place, on a lot 25 by 100, for Minnie F. Leavy.

Frederick W. Walker, Jr., sold the three-story residence at 149 Sterling Place for Mrs. Bender to a client for occupancy.

J. Lacov sold for Herman Hishkin to a client for occupancy a two-story house on a plot 50 by 100 at the northwest corner of East Twenty-first Street and Avenue G. Flatbush for $22,500.

Frank A. Seaver & Co. sold the one-family houses at 9,013 Tenth Avenue for A. Wusra to a client for occupancy.

William G. Rehbein sold the four two-story houses at 9, 13, 15 and 17 Jackson Place for B. V. Roberts to clients for occupancy; also dwellings at 408 Fourteenth Street for M. Karp; at 407 Fourteenth Street for Mrs. Schlass, and at 1,614 Eighth Avenue for M. Kaufmann.

Wm. E. Harmon & Co. sold a 20-foot lot on the east side of East Fifty-third Street, near Kings Highway, to A. E. Golden; a 20-foot lot on the east side of Utica Avenue, near Avenue D, to Morris Stein; a 25-foot plot on the east side of East Fifty-third Street, near Foster Avenue, to M. O. Clyde; a 60-foot plot on the east side of East Fifty-first Street, near Farragut Road, to L. Gundagno, and a 40-foot plot on the west side of East Fifty-first Street, near Avenue D, to Morris Nashbitz.

PRIVATE HOUSE SALES.

Demand for Manhattan Holdings Continues to be Light.

In strong contrast to the well-maintained demand for Brooklyn residential property, the interest manifested in Manhattan holdings of this type yesterday continued to be slight. Only a few private houses in the borough passed into new ownership, with the majority of the deals involving west side houses.

The private dwelling at 166 West 132d Street was sold by the Amelia Realty Corporation to George Stephen Brown, through Jerome H. Frank.

In the Greenwich Village section Pepe & Brother sold for E. D. Herlin 51 West Ninth Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 16 by 92.3, to a client, who will occupy. The property was recently purchased by the seller from Dr. Johnson.

William H. Gould bought from Elisabeth Jacobs the two three-story dwellings at 235-237 West Forty-eighth Street, on a plot 40 by 100.5.

The two and three story dwellings at 112 to 116 East 127th Street, on a plot 50 by 100, have been sold by Ruth B. Kelly and others to Frances Reilley.

The three-story dwelling at 205 West Sixteenth Street, 18 by 80, has been sold by Henderson M. Wolfe to Rosalie Rettfro for $10,600.

The New York Life Insurance Company sold to Max Hirsch the three-story dwelling at 7 West 123d Street, on a lot 18.9 by 100.11, for $13,000.

Allows Western Maryland Notes.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Authority to issue 8 per cent. gold notes to the amount of $5,800,000 was granted the Western Maryland Railway Company today by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The road is also authorized to issue 8 per cent. bonds to the amount of $8,700,000 to be used as collateral for the notes.

TELEPHONE CO. BUYS 'PENN' ZONE REALTY

Adds Large Plot to Its Holdings on West Thirty-sixth Street.

EXCHANGE HEAVILY TAXED

Site Will Probably Be Improved with Addition to Present Exchange Building.

The New York Telephone Company has added to its realty holdings in the Pennsylvania Station zone by the purchase of 226 West Thirty-sixth Street, a four-story building, 22 by 98.9, and the two three-story buildings at 230 and 232 West Thirty-sixth Street, each 20 by 98.9.

The seller of the three properties was the Etagloo Holding Company, which represents the Colgate family.

This purchase makes it possible for the telephone company to greatly enlarge the present exchange on Thirty-sixth Street, just west of Seventh Avenue, which has been greatly taxed since the erection of many big loft and office buildings around the Pennsylvania Station.

The present exchange, a five-story structure at Nos. 206 to 224, occupies a frontage of 183 feet. The telephone company has been assembling adjoining property for several years and, with the latest acquisition, it is now in control of all of the land from Nos. 206 to 240, comprising a total frontage of 343.4 feet.

The purchase is the carrying out of the plan of the company announced some months ago that it intended enlarging the exchange facilities in practically every section of the city.

Already announcement has been made of the buying by the company of an entire block on Vesey, West, Barclay and Washington Streets, large sites on Seventy-third Street near Columbus Avenue, and East Ninety-ninth Street, and the enlargement of the company's holdings on 146th Street adjoining Convent Avenue, and on 176th Street, abutting the exchange on 175th Street, west of St. Nicholas Avenue.

APARTMENT DEALS.

Buyers Are Interested in Small Investment Properties.

Morris Cohen purchased from the Afo Realty Corporation the southeast corner of Wadsworth Avenue and Ninety-first Street, a five-story apartment house on a plot 50 by 100.

The Chris G. Hupfel Brewing Company sold to Martha E. Gould the five-story apartment at 142 West 105th Street, on plot 35.5 by 124.10, near Columbus Avenue.

Charles S. McGregor has sold to the 55 East Sixty-fifth Street Corporation the seven-story elevator apartment house at 55 and 57 East Seventy-fifth Street, on a plot 50 by 100.5, adjoining the northwest corner of Park Avenue.

S. B. Mitchell sold for Morris Lederman the apartment house with stores at the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 136th Street, 25 by 100, to Dora Weston.

Shoiver & Co. have sold for Mary Hempel the five-story double apartment 138 West Eighty-fourth Street, on a lot 30 by 102.2. It is the first sale of the property since 1896, when the sellers purchased the property from the old-time builders, Hall & McGurr. Shaw & Co. were associated in the sale as brokers.

Buyers in the Bronx.

J. Clarence Davies sold for Meyer Barber to Nicolo Falcone the vacant plot 75 by 95 on the east side of Appleton Avenue, 200 feet south of Morris Park Avenue, upon which the buyer will erect a private house.

Angelo L. Frumento sold for John E. Bon a three-story house with garage at 2,120 La Fontaine Avenue, to Angelo De Grasi; also for Anna Aitman a two-family house on plot 50 by 176 at 1,899 Crotona Avenue to Samuel Klein.

Frederick J. Steinbeck sold for Kalman Jeurlier, the dwellings at 1,430 to 1,424 Glover Street, and for Charles Peterson the houses at 1,836 Unionport Road and 1,837 Amethyst Street.

New Columbus Avenue Offices.

Plans were filed yesterday for altering the major portion of the Thomas Healy restaurant property at 147 Columbus Avenue, corner Sixty-sixth Street into an office and store building. John H. Scheier, architect, estimates the cost of the project at $20,000. Mr. Healy will continue to operate the restaurant. The Columbus Avenue frontage will be altered into stores and the second and third floors will be converted for use as offices.

Day Street Building Leased.

The Charles F. Noyes Company leased for George S. Daniels, attorney, representing Eugene Lent and others, to the John J. Leahy Electrical Supply Company for ten years the five-story store and office building at 50 Day Street, 25 by 100, at an aggregate rental of about $75,000. The premises will be occupied for office and sales purposes. The building adjoins the Hudson and Manhattan Terminal Buildings.

Long Island Transactions.

Herman Goldschmidt sold to Nathan Frank a plot of nine and one-quarter lots on the east side of Wood Lane, Woodmere, Long Island, adjoining the corner of Broadway.

Herman Frankfort resold at Far Rockaway for Mrs. A. Cohen to Max Rogers the Faber homestead on State Street, between Nelson Avenue and Seneca Street.

Westchester County.

George Howe sold at Rye the residence of Charles Sieburg, in Ryan Park, to Dr. C. Legiardi, of New York City. He also reports the sale to the same buyer of the plot of land adjoining, owned by James M. Duffy.

Thomas S. Burke sold the three-family dwelling at 34 Cliff Avenue, Yonkers, for Henry Bannihr to Lillie C. Bochm.

Leases the Manhasset.

J. Clarence Davies leased for the Edgewater Realty Company to C. B. Kamprecht, the Manhasset, at 61 to 65 East Fifty-ninth Street, a six story hotel apartment house on plot 80 by 100. The lease is for a term of ten years at an aggregate rental of $500,000.

New Edison Station.

The plot 75 by 99 at 120 to 124 Cedar Street, recently purchased by the New York Edison Company, is to be improved with a two-story transformer station. Plans for the project were filed yesterday by W. Whitehall, architect, who estimates the cost at $150,000.

Sells Columbia Leasehold.

Frank B. Taylor sold for John W. Brett the Columbia College leasehold at 16 West Fifty-first Street, on a lot 22 by 100.5, improved with a five-story business building.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Henry Brady.

203d St, West, s e, 100 ft w of 9th Av, 50x99.11, vacant; Robert R. Johnson, trustee, against Walter F. Sheridan et al; Warren C. French, attorney; due, $2,362.74; taxes, &c., $828.62. To the plaintiff for $3,000.

By James J. Donovan.

Westchester Av, 805-15, s w corner of 168th, 200x71.4x80.3 to Union Av (800-18) x 201.2x21.3, three-story hall and stores; Sarah Barns against Rex Holding Co. et al; Charles H. Friedrich, attorney; due, $29,810.47; taxes, &c., $3,385.50; prior mtg $250,000. To the Broonis Realty Co. for $260,000.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

BROKERS Send For Particulars

OF SEVENTY-TWO HOUSES

containing six to ten rooms, and one to three baths, ranging in price from $11,000 to $27,500; ready for occupancy in August and September; also ten houses ready for immediate occupancy.

Rickert-Brown Realty Co.

Tel. Vanderbilt 9084. 32 Vanderbilt Av.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TO-DAY

At noon, on the property, Yonkers and Jerome Aves.

YONKERS, N. Y.

Absolute Auction Sale

44 Lots and 1 House

Opposite Empire City Race Track

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer

67 Liberty St., N. Y. City. Phone Cort. 74.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Near Broadway

Below 125th Street

5-Story Triple Flat. Size 25x100.

4 and 5 Room Apartments

Steam heat and hot water.

Rent Very Low—$5,500

Price $35,500

LEWIS A. ROSEN

160 BROADWAY

Phone Cortlandt 8765.

OWN YOUR CITY HOME

PRIVATE HOUSE—FINE LOCATION

Can Be Had Very Reasonably.

No. 43 St. Nicholas Place

For Full Particulars Apply to

WM. C. WALKER'S SONS

290 Broadway New York City

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

FOR RENT

At Stapleton, Staten Island, very near new docks now being built by the City of New York, a three-story small warehouse with railroad siding and land enough to enlarge.

E. COSSMANN,

558 Bay Street Stapleton, S. I.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR LET.

LAKE MAHOPAC

For Sale, California bungalow on high ground, 6 rooms and bath; electric light; permanent water rights; few minutes' walk from station.

MAHOPAC POINT CORPORATION,

1 Madison Av., N. Y. Gramercy 2077.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Ideal Individual Light Loft Building

17,500 Square Feet

Suitable for any kind of manufacturing. Premier location in new industrial zone.

Long Island City

Will sell or lease for term of years.

GEORGE J. RYAN

46 Jackson Avenue

LONG ISLAND CITY

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

MOUNTAIN LAKES NEW JERSEY

TWENTY MODERN HOMES

for year-round living; ready for occupancy now; $16,000; easy terms. Buys a 7-room house with 1 bath and 1-8 acre; $12,500, a 10-room house with 2 baths, garage and ½ acre. Many prices, sizes and designs. For demonstration to N. Y. City: 9:00 ft. elev.; little cash and rent buys one. Call for details and plans at Mountain Lakes, Inc., 176 Broadway, New York City. Tel. 1321 Cort.

MORSEMERE, N. J.

FOR SALE OR RENT

Immediate possession. Very attractive 11-room house; corner plot, 125x100; every improvement; tiled bath; parquet floors, etc.; screened throughout; A1 condition; 25 minutes Wall St. Price $17,500; rent $1250. Owner, M. Peterson, Broad Ave. and Central Boulevard, Palisades Park, N. J.

GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE.

WESTWOOD, N. J., consisting of 93 acres, beautiful home of 13 rooms, 5 baths, hot water heating system, good sized lake, ice pond, woodland, outbuildings, garage, etc.; grow anything; 20 miles from New York. Particulars from

H. Carman Barteau,

23 Union Hall St., Jamaica. Phone 188.

AT ENGLEWOOD.

Hollow tile house; six rooms; large sun parlor, sleeping porch; hot water heat; exceptionally well built; good neighborhood; plenty of garden space; $9,800; convenient terms payment.

BOWLES & CO., BROAD & CENTRAL AVS., LEONIA, N. J.

Lyndhurst 25 minutes Manhattan via Lackawanna.

"OWN a Home of your OWN," newly built, beautiful, modern California semi-bungalows, 5-6 rooms, bath, large plots, near station. $8,400 to $7,000. ONLY $1,500 cash, balance mortgage. Immediate occupancy. Call, phone, write—BOOLE CO., East Side, Lyndhurst, N. J. Phone Rutherford 1077.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SOUND BEACH

50 Minutes from N. Y.

Shore front property, farms, bungalows, houses, improved and unimproved property. Easy terms. I am in alone, not connected with any other office.

E. BENJ. LOCKWOOD,

REAL ESTATE, SOUND BEACH

Telephone 216 Sound Beach.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

! — 100 Acres - - Kaatskills — !

SPRINGS; TERRACED GROVES; HALF MILE ELEVATION; MILE TO STATION (Private Avenue); VILLAGE, LAKE, CHURCHES, HOTELS, STORES; THROAT OR LUNG TROUBLE, "NERVES," OR RHEUMATICS—IMPOSSIBLE! Add. P. Smith, TEMPLE BAR, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

PENN. TERMINAL BUILDING

17 STORIES

ENTIRE BLOCK FRONT

Seventh Avenue

30TH TO 31ST ST., ADJOINING

PENNSYLVANIA STATION

NEAR MAIN POST OFFICE, ABOUT

20,000 SQ. FT. PER FLOOR.

Unobstructed Light

FOR RENT

STORES

OFFICES AND ENTIRE FLOORS

Ideal Location for Executive Offices, Financial Institutions or Salesrooms.

NO MANUFACTURING.

Apply to Your Own Broker or

REGENT REALTY COMPANY

33 West 42d Street.

Loft to Rent

Exceptional opportunity; retiring; sublet loft, 15,600 square feet, 8th floor, windows on 4 sides; sprinkler system, near 5th Ave. and 4th and 7th Ave. subways; also 14th and 23d St. cars and 6th Ave. elevated; office, showroom, stockroom and shipping fixtures for sale; 3 freight, 2 passenger elevators; immediate possession. Call Watkins 6528.

STORE FOR RENT

41 EAST 41ST STREET.

RENT $6,000

HERBERT A. SHERMAN,

41 East 41st Street.

OFFICES TO RENT

From $25 Monthly and Up.

Hotel Algonquin Annex,

57-59 West 44th Street.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PLANT FOR SALE

50x100 ft; very light; cheap rent and labor; near 95th St.; suitable for shirtwaists, middies and men's shirts; finely equipped machinery, perfect condition, including 78 machines; also special machines; one 10 H. P. motor, tables, chairs, etc.; complete in every respect; immediate possession. Call Watkins 6527.

NEW JERSEY.

WALTER BAKER CO.

FACTORY BROKERS

758 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Factories-factory sites with or without R. R. sidings and dock facilities, New Jersey, Brooklyn, Queensboro and vicinity.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

67 Riverside Drive

HANDSOME LARGE ROOMS OVERLOOKING HUDSON RIVER

SIX ROOM & TWO BATHS

A few apartments to lease from Oct. 1st.

Apply to Superintendent

Phone Columbus 1666.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

507 Madison Ave.

S. E. Corner 53d St.

1, 2 and 3 rooms and bath.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS.

9-STORY BUILDING

Maid service and a la carte food service to apartments.

Two rooms and bath, $1,500 to $2,400.

SUPT. ON PREMISES.

41 EAST 41ST STREET.

3 rooms, bath and kitchenette.

HERBERT A. SHERMAN,

41 East 41st St.

BROOKLYN.

30 MINUTES FROM TIMES SQUARE 10 MINUTES FROM THE OCEAN

FOR RENT—ON 17TH AVENUE, 73D AND 74TH STREETS, BROOKLYN, NEW APARTMENTS JUST COMPLETED—ABUNDANT LIGHT AND AIR — LARGE OPEN COURT OF GRASS AND TREES — 3 AND 4 ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT SLEEPING PORCH — IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY—MODERATE RENTS—REFERENCES REQUIRED. B. R. T. SUBWAY; WEST END EXPRESS TO 71ST STREET, BROOKLYN.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY CITY AND SUBURBAN HOMES COMPANY.

624 MADISON AVENUE

PHONE PLAZA 5000

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

BROOKLYN.

109 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

4 rooms and bath $110

5 rooms and bath 90

4 rooms and bath (housekeeping) 130

Clinton Trading Corporation

146 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Main 3645.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

BONUS paid for securing $20,000 mortgage on property worth $100,000. W 943 Times Downtown.

FOUR permanent loans, $15,000 each; high-class Westchester County property. S 139 Times.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

STORE with large show windows, with five living rooms and bath; all improvements; on that busy automobile thoroughfare, Boston Road; $75 per month; new building. Six-room stucco house, with steam heat and all improvements, $65 per month; new buildings. Crawford Company, 3,766 Boston Road. Phone Olinville 2032.

TWO-FAMILY BRICK HOUSES with garage in course of construction. READY FOR OCCUPANCY SEPT. 1 MONTGOMERY AV., AND 176TH, TWO BLOCKS WEST OF UNIVERSITY AV.

CONCOURSE lot southwest 169th St.; wanted auto as good will; mortgage $8,500. Call 269 East 162d St. Apt. 2B.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

POSSESSION Sept. 1, 7-room hollow tile and stucco, hardwood parquet floors, steam heat; large plot; convenient. G. D. Plummer, 69 4th St., New Dorp. Tel. New Dorp 547.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—In the lake country of the Westchester Hills, Colonial farm house built in 1790; charmingly remodeled and in perfect repair; twelve rooms, two baths, large fireplaces, open stoves; young apple orchard in full bearing; woodland; 600 feet elevation; 45 miles from Grand Central Terminal. Miss Nicoll, Granite Springs, Westchester County, New York.

A DESIRABLE family can buy most complete home; seven rooms, steam heated garage; parquet floors; glass sun porch; 9x19; open fireplace; owner building one for himself; see the duplicate mortgage, $6,500. 704 South 5th Av., Phone 597 Mount Vernon. Three blocks North Dyre Av. Station, Westchester and Boston Railroad.

I OWN a very desirable, well-built house of 10 rooms in a convenient, restricted section of White Plains, but I am leaving town in August and want to sell quick; hot water heat, gas and electricity; tiled bath; hardwood floors and finish; fine, shady plot, 50x150; price, $15,000. Phone White Plains 2095 or write to 39 Davis Av.

WHITE PLAINS—An unusual and attractive 9-room Colonial house for sale; all modern improvements; hardwood floors, open brick fireplaces, large flower, fruit and vegetable gardens; price reasonable; terms to suit. 18 Mamaroneck Road. Phone 227-W White Plains.

A BARGAIN AT GREENACRES.

Italian villa, 9 rooms, 3 baths, double garage, ¾ acre landscaped grounds, choice neighborhood; all in perfect order; terms. Sole agent, Maxwell Smith, 19 Greenacres Av., Hartsdale, N. Y. Tel. White Plains 2350.

NYACK, N. Y.—Ten minutes to station, five minutes to river; five-room house, improvements; fruit; $3,700; $2,000 cash. Phone 129-M Westwood. Mrs. J. Coan, Westwood, N. J.

MOUNT VERNON, Chester Hill Section—12-room house, 2 bathrooms, modern improvements; lot 125x100; price $23,500. H 341 Times.

AT Dobbs Ferry—Five-room house at $30; all improvements. Phone 308 Dobbs Ferry. Charles E. Storms.

ATTRACTIVE home in Pelham Manor and Mount Vernon. Herkimer, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 790.

SALE—Fine stucco house, beauty; 4 master bedrooms, 3 tiled bathrooms; beautiful view. L. BIRDSALL, Tarrytown, N. Y.

MOUNT VERNON—An eight-room house, modern improvements; garage; south side; price $10,000. Telephone Mount Vernon 805.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

GREAT SACRIFICE!

Hollis, L. I., N. Y.; 500 feet from Hillside Av.; furnished, 9-room house on 63½ by 100 lot; the house is five minutes' walk to Hollis station; thirty-five minutes from Pennsylvania R. R. Station. Hollis 6806.

FURNISHED HOUSE BARGAIN.

Seven rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, steam heat, gas, electricity; garage; corner plot; 25 minutes out on North Shore; with or without furniture; low price and very easy terms. A. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Fitzroy 6896.

IDEAL home; 8 large rooms, bath, open fireplace; sunshine breakfast room; large plot; beautiful shrubbery; delightful surroundings; congenial neighbors; excellent commuting; $3,000 cash; easy terms on balance. M. O., 135 Times.

DANDY semi-bungalow, 6 rooms, bath and improvements; picturesque country surroundings, yet only 45 minutes from Broadway; low taxes; small initial payment, balance like rent; early occupancy. E. H., 148 Times.

BEAUTIFUL new California bungalow, five rooms, bath; open fireplaces; ideal surroundings and environment; near station; 45 minutes from Broadway; $1,500 cash, balance easy terms; opportunity of season. W. M., 115 Times.

KEW GARDENS—Immediate possession, ten rooms, two baths, three fireplaces, sleeping porch, every improvement, large plot; price $30,000. Phone Builder, Murray Hill 8237.

NORTH SHORE—Manhassett (bathing); express 25 minutes; attractive house, 8 rooms, 2 baths, French architecture, cathedral drawing room, built-in garage; large plot; $20,000. B. C. Vorsimer, 220 West 42d.

DOUGLASTON—Seven minutes' walk from station, eight rooms, three baths; two-car garage, bedroom and bath; one acre waterfront; fine trees, vegetables, flowers; for sale. Telephone 29 Bayside.

CEDARHURST, L. I.—Three-story stucco corner dwelling; plot 100x100; ten rooms, two baths, parquet floors; all improvements; garage; immediate possession. Miller, Cedarhurst, L. I. Phone 1068 Far Rockaway.

$1,500 SECURES possession of real home, 6 rooms, bath, extra lavatory; semi-bungalow construction; all conveniences; handy to golf and beaches; beautiful surroundings; occupancy Aug.; near station. Gem. 146 Times.

HOUSE—Plot, 100x100; 5 sleeping rooms, bath, dining room, large living room; 300 feet from ocean. N. W. Sanger, Belle Harbor, 165 South Beach 129th St. Phone 814 Belle Harbor.

NEW colonial homes at Rockville Centre, L. I.; all modern improvements, large plots, near station. Beebe & Murphy, Harvard Av. and Argyle Place. Telephone 561.

FOR SALE—3 choice lots, near Long Beach, in beautiful Malverne, at a very attractive price. Owner, J. Peterson, Box 348, Coytesville, N. J.

HUNTINGTON, L. I.—To close estate of four acres with small house; ideally located. Grace Frank, Executrix, 71 Nassau St., N. Y. City, or Freeport, L. I.

NEW Colonial house, 7 rooms, bath, all latest improvements; 4 lots, good location, 25 minutes out. Owner, 17 Hinsdale Av., Floral Park, N. Y.

JAMAICA, Hillcrest—9 rooms, all improvements; 50x100; garage; price, $16,000. Lowndes, 886 Fulton St., Jamaica. 2977-W

IMMEDIATE Occupancy—New cottage, seven rooms and sun parlor, at Arverne, N. Y.; up to date in every respect. Taus, 537 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach. Belle Harbor 40.

LONG BEACH at Westholme—Bungalow, 6 rooms and bath; corner; stucco; $5,500; terms. Call at 1 Walsh & Farrell.

BELLE HARBOR.

For rent or sale, fine ten-room house and garage. Ottens, 79 Bell Harbor.

LONG BEACH bungalow for sale, $2,550; easy terms; possession at once. Call Walsh & Farrell. Bus from station.

LONG BEACH—Bungalow, improvements; rent for August $100. Call at West End.

B. C. Bell, North Shore homes. Phone 641 Bayside.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

AVON-BY-THE-SEA.

Bargain; large grounds, garage, Summer and Winter residence; fully furnished, up-to-date 9-room boat built house in borough; newly painted and decorated; one block from ocean; select, wealthy neighborhood; rare chance; quick sale, $16,000 to settle estate. 1217 Garfield Av., Avon.

MORRISTOWN, N. J.—An all-year country home; 22 acres; 11-room house, with modern improvements and outbuildings; extremely healthy location; one hour out from New York; free and clear; price $15,000; will consider exchange for city, suburban property. Wm. Geiger, 45 West 34th St., New York City.

WEST ORANGE, 11 Yale Terrace—Stucco, 9 rooms and bath, all improvements; hardwood trim and floors; plot 50x150; exceptional value; price $10,000. Owner, 480 Richmond Av., South Orange. Phone South Orange 205-R.

FOR SALE—Just completed; 8 rooms and 2 baths; 39 Curtis Place, Roosevelt Park, Maplewood, N. J.; plot 100x180; all improvements; hot water heat; $25,000 asking; fair offered considered; owner now living in same. E. Schaad.

RIDGEFIELD PARK, N. J.—Sacrifice new 6-room, bath, electricity, gas, parquet, open fireplace, built-in bookcases, inclosed porch; plot 40x140; near school, stores and station; cash $2,500. Owen, 35 8th St.

FOR SALE, six-family apartment house, all improvements; desirable location; three minutes from Broadway; Rutherford, N. J. Call, write or phone Main Paper Stock Co., N. F. C., Joseph Gaccione.

CRESSKILL, N. J. (Slope Section)—7-room house, all improvements, large plot; price $6,000. HEGEL, Meadow Drive, Phone Englewood 1043-M or Fitzroy 2961.

FOR rent, September to May, attractively furnished modern 10-room Colonial house; sleeping porch; easy commuting; $150. Phone 1656-J Elizabeth.

HILLSDALE, N. J.—Six-room house, every improvement; large quantity fruit; $6,000. Phone 129-M Westwood. Mrs. J. Coan, Westwood, N. J.

AT Mountain Station, South Orange—A ten-room house, all improvements, $12,000, on easy terms. O. S. Thompson, 257 4th Av., New York. Phone Gramercy 5168.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

WEST END, LONG BRANCH (FORMERLY BEARN ESTATE).

Gentleman's all-year country home; cost $500,000, worth double; must sell any price; terms to suit; fine house, 20 rooms and 7 baths; garage for 10 cars; 500-gallon gasoline underground tank; 7 rooms, 2 baths; casino, bowling, billiards, pool, steam, electric; all improvements; sunken and formal gardens; wonderful grounds; 5 miles of paths; pictures on request; brokers protected. Hutter, 68 East 105th St., N. Y. Telephone 3283 Harlem, 700 Long Branch.

AT RIDGEFIELD PARK—Gigantic sacrifice; owner leaving; fine modern 6-room house, tiled bath, gas, electricity, hot water heat, parquet floors, built-in bookcases, open fireplace, beamed ceilings, gas, kitchen, pantry, nice plot, room for garage, garden and chicken coop if desired; fine, high location, handy station; price $7,650; worth $8,500; terms $3,000 cash, balance monthly; half hour Manhattan; two railroads; commutation 7 cents. Paden, opposite station.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

Beautiful home in Rutherford, N. J.; architect's home; nine rooms and bath; steam heat, gas and electric light; lot 62x130 feet; fruit trees, grapes, bushes and shrubs, with lawn; near Erie or D., L. & W. R. R.; appointment only to bona fide buyers; price $8,500 to quick buyer; occupancy Oct. 1. S 265 Times.

WESTWOOD, N. J.—New modern house, built by day's work; big plot; all improvements; good terms; $6,800. Phone 129-M Westwood. Mrs. J. Coan, Westwood, N. J.

HILLSDALE—For sale, house, 6 rooms, bath, all improvements; plot 80x120; near station; price $6,000. D 355

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

87TH, 120 WEST—Bedroom, dressing room, bath. Phone Circle 3636; call 3-6.

87TH, 2 WEST—Delightful studio apartment, kitchenette; August-September. Columbus 8236.

89TH ST., 245 WEST (The New West End)—2-3 room apartments, bath, kitchenette; $65 up; references required.

93D ST., 124 WEST—An exquisitely appointed 2-room apartment; rent to Oct. $185 monthly. Apt. 10C2

93D, bet. W. End (Hotel Nobleton)—several beautifully furnished two-room suites with bath; moderate weekly and monthly rates; $115 monthly up; $30 weekly up.

95TH ST., 314 WEST—Fully furnished eight-room apartment, living room 25x18 feet, with large inclosed tile roof garden; open fireplace; automatic electric elevator; excellent chef in building; also maid service; all hotel conveniences, with the privacy and comfort of an apartment. Inquire on premises.

97TH, 162 WEST—Beautiful 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette to let immediately. Worman.

97TH, 162 WEST—Two very large, light rooms, bath, kitchenette; entire floor; solid mahogany furniture; August-September; $125; possibly Oct., 1921; references necessary.

97TH, 142 WEST—Private house, 2d floor, kitchenette, bath, electricity, telephone; adults.

99TH, 151 WEST—Three rooms, furnished, for one or two gentlemen; service, electricity, victrola; private. Telephone Mrs. Johnson.

84TH, 331 WEST—Entire floor 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, electricity; $200 monthly.

86TH ST., 257 WEST—Large studio, living room, bedroom, bath and kitchenette; immediate possession. Phone Schuyler 5910. Apt. 8, rear, west.

86TH, 204 WEST—Four rooms, housekeeping, completely furnished; immediate possession. 6 East.

87TH, 49 WEST—TWO FRONT ROOMS, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; PRIVATE BATH; ELECTRICITY; $30.

88TH, 332 WEST—Attractive two rooms, kitchenette, bath, closets; 2-8. Orr.

89TH, 305 WEST—Beautiful, large, 1-2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $70-$80.

91ST, 17 WEST—Furn. parlor floor; private house; including piano, bath kitchenette.

92D, 208 WEST—2-4 unusually large rooms, excellently furnished, bath, kitchenette service; immediate possession; references.

93D, 265 WEST—Apartment, entire floor, two large rooms, bath, dressing room.

94TH, WEST—Large front room, bay; use bath; gas. Telephone Riverside 6827.

98TH, 305-311 WEST (Hotel Schuyler Arms)—Newly furnished suites, consisting of from two to five rooms, with or without kitchen, by the day, week or month as arranged for; complete hotel service included; apartments rent from $70 monthly up.

105TH WEST (916 West End)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, nicely furnished; possession Monday (4th) October 1; $95 month.

106TH, 28 WEST—Two connecting rooms, bath, private house. Phone 1090 Academy.

106TH, 107 WEST—Sublet 2 or 3 room apartments, elegantly furnished, in elevator building; rate $80 to $100 per month; also weekly rates; open Sunday and evenings; references essential. Academy 1611.

110TH ST. (Riverside Drive)—Beautifully furnished 8-room apartment, every room overlooking river; year lease; $325. Cathedral 5825.

111TH ST. (Broadway)—Unusual, beautiful 6-room apartment, 8th floor; year lease; $250. Cathedral 5825.

112TH ST. (Broadway)—Beautifully furnished 2-room kitchenette apartment; year lease; $135. Cathedral 5825.

112TH, 540 WEST (B)—4 finely furnished; pianola; year; $160; immediate; concessions.

113TH, WEST—4 rooms, bath. Telephone 7485 Cathedral.

116TH, 610 WEST—Ninth floor, southwest, two bedrooms, living room, kitchenette; cool.

116TH, 616 WEST—Six rooms, bath; comfortably furnished; immediate possession until Sept. 8. Apt. 4S.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—Just vacated, 1 and 2 room apartments, with or without bath; special weekly, monthly rates; full hotel service.

124TH ST., 433 WEST—3-4 rooms, completely furnished; references. Valenzuela. Apt. 4S.

140TH ST., 507 WEST—4 rooms and bath; telephone; near subway. Superintendent.

160TH, 648 WEST—Beautiful 5 rooms, near Drive; refined couple; references.

164TH, 548 WEST—Five rooms, elevator. From Aug. 15; references. Telephone Wadsworth 5530. Rosen.

174TH, 590 WEST (Apt. 31)—Newly furnished apartment, 2 bedrooms, twin beds, living room, kitchen, bath, shower, elevator; $125 monthly. Phone Wadsworth 4050.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF APARTMENTS, 2 to 6 rooms; elevator, non-elevator; $60-$100 month, weekly rates; open Sundays, evenings; references essential. 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

APARTMENTS, furnished; long, short subleases, all sizes, in select buildings only; $200 upward; free expert information service. Wickliffe Gray, 200 West 75th. Columbus 3974.

ATTRACTIVE Housekeeping Apartments. THE CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 110th St. and Manhattan and Columbus Aves.; fully furnished apartment, rented monthly; 2 rooms, with kitchenette and bath, $70 and up; 3 rooms, with kitchenette and bath, $90 and up. Telephone Academy 613 for information regarding vacancies. Linen and maid service at moderate rates. Two blocks east of Broadway subway, near 8th and 9th Av. L. 9th Av. bus lines stop at door. References essential; special rates by the week.

BEAUTIFUL furniture of 8-room elevator apartment facing Central Park, for sale, $2,700; rent, $155; lease. Riverside 1608.

BROADWAY, 2,880 (112 St.)—Elegant single rooms and suites in high-class elevator apartment house. Cathedral 7980.

BROADWAY, 2,534 (near 95th)—2-3 rooms, bath, newly furnished; latest improvements, maid service, linen. Riverside 1156.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (near 82d)—Attractively furnished, seven-room apartment; immediate possession. Write K., 252 Columbus.

CONVENT AV., 340—Large room, dressing room, bath, kitchenette; two; private dwelling.

COR. 81ST AND WEST END—Two rooms bath and kitchenette, artistically furnished; will sell furniture. Phone Columbus 2681 for appointment.

FOR apartments of the better class, phone, write or see Hoyt & Ray, Penn. 4074, 20 West 34th St.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Beautiful parlor floor, thoroughly renovated, suitable for doctor, dentist, etc.; steam heat, hot water supply, electricity; parquet flooring, tiled bath; also nonhousekeeping apartment, four rooms; immediate possession; references; lease; near Christopher St. subway; 181 West 10th, corner 7th Av.

LARGE front room, kitchen and bath, furnished or unfurnished, to suit couple; latest improvements. Apply 214 West 112th St., city.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 100—7 rooms, 2 baths; southeastern exposure; all outside, freshly decorated. Telephone 7485 Cathedral.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (143d St.)—Artistically furnished five rooms, facing Drive, to Oct. 1 or longer; $125 month. Audubon 3120.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910 (Cor. 162d St.)—Five rooms, facing Riverside Drive, $150. Inquire Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 161st.

SMALL, fascinating Old World four rooms, nook library, paintings, comfort, quiet; west side subway, few minutes Wall St.; immediately to May, $100. Spring 8574.

THREE rooms, modern artistic apartment, near Van Cortlandt Park; $60. Riverside 3215.

TWO front rooms with kitchen privileges; references. Apt. 52, 612 West 137th., mornings.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS (181st)—5-room front; elevator house apartment, linen, silver; one block from subway; $125 monthly; references. Write Mrs. J. Martin, Pennsylvania Hotel.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS—One or two large rooms, kitchen and bath; electricity, steam heat, telephone; private house. 3,525 Broadway.

WEST END AV., 290 (73d)—Young lady would like lady to share charming suite; all conveniences; student preferred.

WEST END AV., 430 (Cor. 81st)—Newly furnished apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette and bath. Phone Schuyler 5810. Aug. 1.

WEST END AV., 565—Attractively furnished suite of 3 rooms and bath; non-housekeeping.

Furnished—Long Island.

NICELY FURNISHED three rooms, bath, new building, all improvements; ten minutes to 42d St. by Queensboro or B. R. T. subway; permanent. Astoria 1229, Saturday, to 8 P. M. $75.

FOR RENT—In Garden's Apartments, Forest Hills, Long Island, three-room apartment. Furnished, from Aug. 1 to Oct. 1, reasonable. Apply to apartment house superintendent.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, NEW JERSEY.

Furnished apartment; exclusive locality; Erie station; until December 1st. Mrs. W. Sayre, 29 South Fullerton Av.

Westchester County.

FIVE exceptional rooms, open porches, $95; September or Oct. 1 occupancy. Van Ness Brothers, 506 South Broadway, Yonkers.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

51ST, 40 EAST—One to four rooms; yearly lease.

62D, 17 EAST (Near 5th)—2, 3, 4 rooms, bath; immediate occupancy; newly decorated; fireplace; lease; furnished or unfurnished; $75 up. Lenox 5817.

17 EAST 83D.

2, 4, 5 rooms; bath, kitchenette; entire floor; finest alteration; east side; every modern improvement; $1,500 to $3,600.

124TH ST. and Madison Av. (Northwest corner)—8-room apartment to lease from Oct. 1; annual rental $1,600. Apply 23 East 124th.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,425 (at 171st St.)—4 and 5 desirable rooms in Crystal dwellings. See agent.

STUDIO APARTMENTS on "The Block Beautiful," Gramercy Park section; two, three, four rooms; elevator; ready Oct. 1. Apply C. L. Bohanan, 126 East 19th St., or C. S. Rindsfoos, 30 East 42d St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

7TH AV., 1,854—Eight rooms; suitable dentist or doctor; good location; reasonable.

127TH ST., 51 WEST—High-class, two-room apartment in studio building, $112; Aug. 1.

23D, 222 WEST—Attractive three-room corner apartment, ample closet space. Manager, Chelsea.

25TH ST., 264 WEST—Five rooms, bath; electric lights, &c.; newly renovated; rents $70 up; leases; immediate possession. Apply Janitor.

31ST, 19-21 WEST—For rent, possession Oct. 1, 1920, apartments, $1,500 and up; 2 rooms and bath to 6 rooms and 3 baths; studio apartments, consisting of studio 18x28, with one or two rooms and bath; exceptionally spacious closets. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway. Telephone Stuyvesant 4200.

37TH ST., 17 WEST—Studio and bath, north light, $1,800 per year; possession; no elevator; open fireplace. See superintendent.

45TH, 45 WEST—Attractive 2 and 3 room apartments, with baths and kitchenettes; all modern improvements; one-half block to Central Park, two to Broadway subway and elevated; rents, $1,600 and $1,700. Agent on premises.

49TH, 18 WEST—Two rooms, alcove, roof garden, kitchenette; elevator; southern exposure; near park; special inducement immediate rental.

70TH, 278 WEST—One, two, three rooms and bath.

72D, 36 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements.

302 WEST 78d.

2 and 3 rooms, bath and kitchenette apartments; opposite Schwab's mansion; every improvement; maid service; $1,500 to $3,000.

75TH, 314 WEST—Two and four room fully equipped housekeeping apartment; extra large rooms; elevator; chef in building; also maid service, if desired; all conveniences; finest residential location; rent $1,800 and up. Inquire on premises.

77TH, 66 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; elevator, telephone, concessions to October.

79TH, 133 WEST—3 and 4 room apartments, exceptionally large. Schuyler 4670.

81ST, 29 WEST (FACING PARK)—LUXURIOUS APARTMENTS, TWO, THREE AND FOUR ROOMS; PRIVATE GARAGE.

82D, 54 WEST—Large room, 23x20, furnished as luxe; pantry, bath; steam heat, electricity; $90 by week; $160. Also unfurnished two rooms, pantry, bath; steam heat, electricity; $85. Superintendent.

82D ST., 35 WEST—Ten rooms, four baths; very desirable; convenient to Central Park; excellent location; immediate possession or Oct. 1. Superintendent.

86TH ST., 57 WEST.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, top floor, rear; $100 per month.

SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

86TH ST., 164 WEST.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, top floor, rear, $100 per month.

SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

86TH, 50 WEST—Beautiful high-class studio apartments or doctor's offices, with garage.

88TH ST., 315 WEST—Unusually large, elegant three rooms, bath apartment; cooking facilities; $2,400 yearly; possession Sept. 15.

89TH, 77 WEST—3 rooms, kitchenette; all modern improvements; for immediate possession. Inquire on premises.

90TH, 11 WEST—Four rooms, bath; private house; three flights; spacious; exclusive.

92D, 270 WEST—Large room, bath, kitchenette, all conveniences. Phone Riverside 4918.

93D, 253-255 WEST.

Two, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; every improvement; maid service; $1,200 to $2,400.

93D, 317 WEST—Five or seven rooms and bath; possession immediately and Oct. 1. Apply Apt. 5C.

96TH ST., 257 WEST—Large studio, living room, bedroom, bath and kitchenette; immediate possession. Phone Schuyler 5910. Apt. 8, rear West.

114TH ST., 600 WEST.

Three rooms, bath and kitchenette. Apartment 76. Immediate possession; rental $1,300 per annum.

SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

120TH, 202 WEST—Attractive seven large, light rooms; $95; immediate possession.

149TH, 557 WEST (at Broadway)—Six attractive rooms and bath, $90-$100.

156TH, 545 WEST—Choice 5-room apartment; rent $90; select tenant. Schmidt.

158TH ST., 611 WEST (Corner Riverside Drive)—Exceptional corner apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths, overlooking river; immediate possession; $2,700 per annum.

SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

163D ST., 544 WEST—Five room apartment, all latest improvements, $75.

167TH, 553 WEST—Just completed 5-room apartment, up to the minute; all outside rooms; all parquet floors; latest electric fixtures; tiled-in porcelain bath; rental $1,600. Phone Wadsworth 6013.

179TH ST., 660 WEST—Four-room, front apartment, ground floor; rental $53. Superintendent.

181ST, 736 WEST—3 to 6 rooms, $65 up; possession. Wadsworth 9236.

192D ST. and St. Nicholas Av. (Northeast corner)—New house, 7 small stores; corner store available for druggist.

192D ST. and St. Nicholas Av. (Northwest corner)—New house, apartments 3-4 rooms.

ATTRACTIVE 5 rooms, first floor, all improvements; $85; adults only; immediate possession; Fordham section. Phone 1787 Lenox.

BROADWAY, 3,525 (Washington Heights)—Floor in private house, all improvements; $75.

CENTRAL PARK SOUTH, 200—High-class three-room and bath non-housekeeping apartment; immediate possession; highest reference required. See Supt.

EDGECOMBE AV., 325—6-room front apartment, all improvements; rental $85. Superintendent.

FT. WASHINGTON AV., 454 (Nathan Hale, 181st)—High class elevator, 7-0 rooms, suitable for physician; $175 up; possession. Wadsworth 9230. Cortlandt 3861.

FIVE ROOMS, $85; modern; vacant; lease; adults; Christian ownership; Prospect Park Plaza subways. Janitor, 369 St. Johns Pl.

SIX room, improvements, $50; call from 9 to 12 today. Corner Gates and Onderdonk Av., Brooklyn.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.

Splendid new elevator building, completed during August; extraordinary apartments of 1, 2, 3 and 4 rooms and 1 and 2 baths still available. Apply Garden Apartment by station; 15 minutes from Penn Station, N. Y. C.; nearest and finest suburb; neighbors of character. Phone Boulevard 6545 or Schuyler 0746. Guyon L. C. Earle, Agent, 2,341 Broadway.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANT FURNISHED apartment of 7 or 8 rooms; three baths; on west side, between 72d and 90th Sts.; rent $5,000 a year; one year from Oct. 1. Apply Fredk. Zittel & Son, B'dway and 79th. Phone 9700 Schuyler.

YOUNG couple desire two or three-room furnished apartment in suburbs; August 1st. Address J 347 Times.

GENTLEMAN wants small furnished apartment; West Side preferred; permanently. J 346 Times.

List now for Fall occupancy. E. K. Van Winkle, 156 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

Unfurnished.

BY bachelor, two or three rooms, with bath; kitchenette or kitchen; lease from Oct. 1; Washington Square to 96th St., east or west; moderate price. W 938 Times Downtown.

BACHELOR desires unfurnished apartment, 6 rooms and bath; possession Oct. 1; not to exceed $1,800 per year; references. B. D., 168 Times.

WANTED—Unfurnished apartment, 2 or 3 rooms; yearly lease; occupancy about Oct. 1; east side, between 60th and 90th Sts.; state price. D 640 Times Downtown.

WANTED to rent high-class elevator eight-room, unfurnished apartment; four bedrooms, two baths; maid's room and bath. Box 100, Woodmere, L. I.

WANTED—Three or four room apartment; west side, from Oct. 1; possession sooner desired; not over $85. B., 2,568 Broadway.

LIST YOUR APTS., dwellings; sale or rent; waiting list. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d. Vanderbilt 0744.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

18TH, 112 EAST—"The Arnold"—(Gramercy)—Two large, scrupulously clean rooms; housekeeping; telephone.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $9 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $11 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 125 EAST—Large room, suitable two gentlemen; twin beds. Apply until 7 P. M.

30TH, 148 EAST—Spotless room, $6; private. Kluck.

34TH, 46 EAST—Single rooms; Summer rates; newly remodeled. Murray Hill 427.

68TH ST., 232 EAST—Desirable room adjoining bath; very private; gentlemen; references.

74TH, 168 EAST—Elegant furnished rooms, suitable for couple or lady friends; select neighborhood; all conveniences; two flights.

74TH, 28 EAST—Splendidly furnished room, private bath.

88TH ST., 51 EAST—Cool, light, $5; gentleman; subway, park. Lenox 204. De Pau.

BELLE HARBOR, ROCKAWAY—Three nicely furnished rooms; all modern conveniences; large private home; splendid location. 161 Beach 140th.

HOTEL AMSTERDAM,

25th St. and Lexington Av., double and single rooms, with and without bath; cheerful, absolutely clean; reasonable rates; special rates to permanents.

MADISON AV., 1,069 (near 81st)—Nicely furnished room; all conveniences.

SEA GATE—Beautiful rooms, near ocean; private; adults; season; reasonable. Phone between 1 and 2, Coney Island 410W.

West Side.

13TH, 138 WEST—Room for two; electric light, phone.

44TH, 270 WEST—2 and 3 rooms for bachelors.

47TH, 108 WEST (Raleigh Hall)—A residence for men; attractively furnished rooms, with and without baths or showers; writing, smoking, lounge, billiard room.

48TH ST., 46 WEST—Comfortable sitting room, bedroom and private bath, for gentleman; private residence; $100 a month.

50TH, 38 WEST—Large, attractive front room, private bath. Telephone Circle 179.

52D, 69 WEST—Large front parlor, tiled shower and private bath; twin beds; electricity; telephone; investigate. Inquire Anderson.

53D, 54 WEST—Rooms with or without board; references.

59TH, 220 WEST (Central Park South)—Attractive single room, lavatory, closets; $12; gentleman; references; charming apartment; overlooking park.

68D, 15 WEST—Two attractively furnished front rooms; gentlemen; private family. Bernard.

68TH, 46 WEST—Comfortably furnished room; quiet house; electricity; reference.

69TH, 66 WEST—LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, ELECTRICITY, BATH; REASONABLE.

70TH, 136 WEST—Parlor, large, attractively furnished; running water, electricity; subway express.

70TH, 140 WEST—Elegantly furnished en suite or separate; private bath, electricity, phone.

70TH, 219 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $10 UP.

70TH, 59 WEST—MEDIUM AND SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, ELECTRICITY; $10, $7.

70TH, 251 WEST—Double room; twin beds; owner's residence. Columbus 5459.

70TH, 209 WEST—Charming single room in high class house; electricity.

71ST, 148 WEST—Large front room, running water, electricity, phone; gentlemen only.

71ST, 29 WEST (near park)—Newly decorated rooms; electricity; $16, $12, $10.

72D Subway (257 West End Av.)—Beautiful large rooms, $12 up; gentlemen; references.

73D, 140 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE.

73D, 106 WEST—Newly furnished residence; large rooms with bath; $14-$16.

73D ST., 240 WEST—Attractive, large room, suitable two gentlemen; references.

73D, 130 WEST—Neatly furnished, clean rooms; also skylight for rent.

73D, 257 WEST—Nicely furnished, twin beds, all conveniences, high class house.

74TH, 41 WEST—LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED PARLOR; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ELECTRICITY; BATH; REASONABLE.

74TH, 46 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; COMPLETE BATH.

74TH, 3 WEST—Large, small rooms, private baths; exceptional house; Holland family.

75TH, WEST (near Broadway)—Two large rooms and bath, furnished in mahogany; private apt.; young couple; gentlemen preferred. Phone 1739 Schuyler. References.

75TH, 319 WEST—Charming rooms overlooking Hudson; two doors Riverside Drive.

76TH, 306 WEST—Attractive front basement, kitchenette privileges; furnished or unfurnished.

76TH, 54 WEST—Attractive room, running water; bath; one double, one single.

77TH, 124 WEST—Attractive large room, private bath, adjoining, steam heat.

77TH, 118, WEST—Attractive north room, electricity, running water, clean, moderate; references.

77TH, 112 WEST—Attractive large room, with dressing room; electricity, telephone; $12.

78TH, 161 WEST—Attractive large front room, private bath; modern improvements; reference.

79TH ST.—Business man may locate pleasantly, private family, high-class elevator apartment; block subway. Schuyler 4954.

79TH, 957 WEST (Broadway)—Large room, adjoining bath; private family. Schuyler 5730.

80TH ST., 161 WEST—Cheerful room with running water to respectable gentleman; references. Keppler.

80TH, 114 WEST—Parlor and private bath, electricity, kitchenette privilege; Southern exposure.

81ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms, with use of bath, for men; complete hotel service; rates $10 weekly.

81ST, 166 WEST—Medium room, adjoining bath; electric light; private house; reference.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

81ST, 265 WEST (West End)—Extremely airy room, outside; twin beds, if desired; shower; attractive; eighth floor. Pearson.

82D, 118 WEST—Nicely furnished room, newly decorated, adjoining bath; also small.

82D, 107 WEST—Large front rooms, southern exposure; "L"; private family. Murtagh.

82D, 24 WEST—Parlor bedroom; medium rooms; electricity; refined house; references.

82D, 8 WEST—Well appointed large front room; all conveniences.

82D, 134 WEST—Desirable second floor rooms; double or single beds; references.

84TH, 305 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; BATH, ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $12 UP.

84TH ST., 301 WEST—Nicely furnished room, electricity, select neighborhood; references required.

84TH ST., 16 WEST—Large front room, running water; suitable business couple.

84TH, 208 WEST—Large, cool, handsomely furnished room; gentleman only. Emerson.

85TH, 208 WEST (near Broadway)—Single room; clean, comfortable; $8; gentleman. Ronza.

85TH, 58 WEST—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; kitchenette privilege; private bath.

86TH, 202 WEST—Summer rates; attractive, cool room; wonderful location; modern. Rolfe.

86TH, 266 WEST—Six east; well furnished large and medium rooms; modern.

86TH, 329 WEST—Cheerful room $12.50 week; skylight room; $9 per week. 6082 Schuyler.

88TH, 172 WEST—Large, well-furnished room, with, without bath; running water.

87TH, 48 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; PRIVATE TILE BATH, LAVATORY; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; DISHES, LINEN.

87TH ST., 205 WEST—Two single rooms, one with hot and cold water wash; electricity; clean; gentlemen only. Schuyler 1333.

88TH, 344 WEST (Near Riverside Drive)—Owner will rent absolutely first class large front room, twin beds; private bath; also single room, next bath.

88TH ST., 178 WEST—Large and small rooms; running water; electricity; gentlemen; reference.

91ST, 126 WEST—Beautiful rooms, two people; private apartment; price right. Paff.

91ST, 304 WEST—Attractive parlor, private bath, $16; small room, $8; references.

92D, 306 WEST—Unusually large room, excellently furnished; private bath; reference.

93D, 156 WEST—Well furnished large rooms, dressing room, one small, electricity, running water; all conveniences.

93D, 257 WEST—Beautifully furnished rooms, private bath; electricity; private house; steam.

93D ST., 27 WEST—Private house, steam-heated, American home, comforts, $5, $10.

94TH, 250 WEST—Beautiful, large corner room, facing Broadway. Apt. 2 North.

94TH, 264 WEST—Large, cool room; also room with bath or suite.

96TH, 36 WEST—Exceptionally comfortable rooms, private baths; every convenience.

97TH, WEST—Large room, 1-2, elevator, private family; meals, $26; also small front. Phone Riverside 1624.

98TH, 254 WEST—Widow and son, having beautiful apartment, rent two rooms, together or separately. Maher, Apt. 5.

99TH (near Riverside)—Bright, cool room, closets, private lavatory. Telephone Riverside 6402.

100TH, 253 WEST—Cool, comfortable room, adjoining bath; American home; gentleman; $8.

103D, 230 WEST—Outside, single room apartment; gentlemen. Rogers, Phone Academy 342.

104TH ST., 245 WEST—Pleasant rooms, bath, fronting Broadway; 2d floor. Briggs' apartment.

110TH, 509 WEST—Attractive single room, lavatory; gentlemen. 5 B, 12-8 o'clock.

112TH ST., 533 WEST (Apt. 1-B)—Private family; references exchanged.

113TH, 517 WEST (Apt. 21)—Attractively furnished room, breakfast optional. Cathedral 6465.

113TH, 508 WEST—Large room for business man or woman. 5 West.

113TH, 536 WEST (Apt. 21)—Comfortable furnished front room, single or double.

121ST ST., 260 WEST—Medium, single, sky-light room in house; low rate; call evenings. Mr. Mapes, Christian Workers Residence and Library.

121ST, 162 WEST—Nicely furnished front room, very fine private house; modern improvements; call all week. Morningside 6732.

121ST ST., 510 WEST—Two large, well-furnished rooms, southern exposure, with kitchen; opposite Columbia. Apt. 6B.

122D, 360 WEST—Large front room, suitable for two; also small room; all improvements; first-class conditions; private house; references.

126TH, 56 WEST—Southern exposure with dressing room, tiled bath; gentleman; references.

126TH, 112 WEST—Two large rooms, opposite bath; electricity, phone, closets; gentlemen.

126TH, 618 WEST—$8; double room; American family; no other roomer. Apt. 16W.

130TH, 607 WEST (Apt. 4B)—Attractive large front room; permanent; Summer rates.

140TH ST., 600 WEST—Must be seen to be appreciated, large, cool room, beautifully furnished; every convenience; gentleman; references. Phone Audubon 10216.

140TH, 600 WEST—Large, Hudson view; reasonable; convenient location; gentleman preferred. Turner.

152D, 610 WEST—Room adjoining bath, private family; gentlemen. Apt. 2B.

158TH, 507 WEST (Apt. 3)—Comfortable, airy, independent room; all conveniences.

173D ST., 550 WEST—Large outside private house; running water, bath. Wadsworth 4309.

178TH, 718 WEST—Three beautiful outside rooms, river view; elevator; year lease preferred; adult; immediate possession; afternoons; $140.

180TH, 550 WEST—Large room, suitable for one or two; reasonable. Wolfson.

BROADWAY, 2,728—Parlor, bedroom, running water, $15; bedroom, running water, $10. Seward.

BROADWAY, 1,672 (52d)—Rooms, with kitchen privileges. Armstrong.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 407 (101st)—Beautiful large front room, twin beds; select apartment; gentlemen; moderate. Starr, Riverside 8276.

DESIRABLE room, gentlemen; elevator apartment; small Christian family; Upper West End Av. D 880 Times Downtown.

KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; BATH, SHOWER, LAVATORY. ELECTRICITY; $10 UP.

PENN POST HOTEL AND ANNEX, 8TH AV. AND 31ST ST.

A step to Broadway; opposite Pennsylvania Station and General Post Office; 200 bright, cheerful rooms for men. Many facing one wide, airy plaza.

ALSO TURKISH BATH, SELF-SERVICE, 50c. Steam, electricity, shower and tub bath at your convenience. A place you will like. Transients, $1.50 up. Permanent, $8 up. Telephone Chelsea 514.

ONE, two single rooms, adjoining bath, suitable bachelors; services. Audubon 4186. Smith.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320 (Hotel Elite)—Every room with bath; telephone, elevator, hotel service, home cooking; catering to individual tastes; now booking for Fall.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223 (94th St.)—Cool, light, comfortable room, running water, for gentlemen, $40 monthly; references. Parker.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 853 (Apt. 4 South)—Two connecting rooms, running water, electricity; also parlor bedroom.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222—Handsome room, private bath, overlooking Hudson; single. Apt. 53.

WEST END AV., 285—Attractively furnished large private room and bath; also a number of finely furnished small rooms without bath.

WEST END AV., 819 (90th St.)—Large, airy room, elegantly furnished, private bath. Inquire Supt. Phone Riverside 10282.

WEST END AV., 350—Attractive large, small rooms, bath; modern private house; references.

WEST END AV., 902 (104th)—Large back room; private bath; smaller room.

WEST END AV., 78—Exceptional room; running water; only roomer. Schuyler 2430.

WEST END AV., 502 (84th)—Double front room, running water; private house.

Bronx.

UNIVERSITY HEIGHTS, 2,317 Loring Place, near Fordham Road—Three-room suite for one or two bachelors, in home of university professor; breakfasts if desired. Nason.

Long Island.

LONG BEACH—Lovely large room; share modern cottage; bathing from house; until October; take bus, 237 Nebraska St.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Beautiful, large furnished rooms, near ocean; five minutes' walk to station. Phone 3810 Belle Harbor.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Few rooms, suitable for business people, in private house; Christian family; references. 420 Beach 120th St.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Room, ocean front; private house; restricted neighborhood. 2468R Belle Harbor.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Select rooms, splendid location; private; reasonable. 529 Beach 120th St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Long Island.

Far Rockaway — Apartments, non-housekeeping, furnished; moderate; between station and ocean. Madison Arms, 1,722 Rue St. Felix.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Elegantly furnished rooms, near Beach, railroad station; reasonable rates. Mrs. T. Hallpern, 173 Beach 120th.

ROCKAWAY PARK—Pleasant room; near ocean; adults; reasonable. Phone Belle Harbor 1738.

Brooklyn.

OCEAN PARKWAY—Elegantly furnished room; twin beds; bath adjoining; private residence; finest section Flatbush. Phone Flatbush 8900 for particulars.

LARGE front room in elegant modern apartment, light housekeeping; every convenience; ladies only; $8. Call Main 2379.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS MAN, 35, WOULD APPRECIATE DESIRABLE ROOM OR SUITE WITH PRIVATE FAMILY; MEALS OPTIONAL. H 335 TIMES.

BEDROOM, sitting room and bath, meals included, with private family, in quiet, refined surroundings. Telephone Vanderbilt 3907.

NICE room and bath with private family, Manhattan, Brooklyn or Jersey; thirty minutes from Wall St.; responsible business man and wife; no children. L 275 Times.

ROOM wanted; furnished or unfurnished; Chelsea or Greenwich Village; young business man. G 958 Times Downtown.

YOUNG man desires nice room with private family; not above 72d St. D 349 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

80TH (corner Lexington Av., 163)—Room, with meals, $17 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service; elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

63D ST., 1 EAST—Special rates; beautiful rooms, with excellent meals, until Sept. 15; references required.

West Side.

58TH, 44 WEST—Elegant rooms, private baths; table the very best.

74TH, 149 WEST—Singles and doubles; ideal location; electricity; absolutely pure food.

79TH, 114-132 WEST—Wide, parked street; unusual and attractive; large parlors, tea-room and lounge; steam heat.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests.

83D, 5 WEST—Delightfully cool large, small rooms; excellent table; every convenience.

86TH, 143 WEST—Owner offers permanently, comfortable rooms with board; homelike; references.

82D, 174 WEST—The Little House, distinctively, Individual, delicious home table; references.

103D, 239 WEST (corner Broadway)—Large, small front rooms, elevator; meals optional; Spanish spoken; Summer rates.

107TH, 308 WEST—Large and small room, with bath; exceptional table.

BOARD WANTED.

COUPLE require well furnished and comfortable parlor, bedroom and bath, with board, in nice healthy locality; must have nice yard or garden and garage; within 40 minutes of New York; can offer excellent references. Write or phone Simon Joseph, 2 Rector St., New York; phone Rector 2402.

ROOMS and board in private family for mother and son (15), within radius of ten blocks of 91st St. and Amsterdam Av.; references. D 335 Times.

YOUNG man wishes room and board in private family; not over $14. D 156 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

LARGE, magnificent family mansion, heart of beautiful Westchester; high elevation, spacious shady grounds, attractive environment, immaculate cleanliness; something exceptional for about twenty-five appreciative guests willing to pay $50 to $60 per couple; two August vacancies. Telephone 1314 White Plains, or call corner Greenridge and Maple Avenues. Also for Fall and Winter bookings.

COUNTRY BOARD OR HOME WANTED by 3 or 4 adults for balance of Summer in mountains or hills affording opportunity for outdoor sports, including swimming, tennis and riding; either board in private home or small hotel or small cottage or bungalow with woman to take care and cook; bath, with hot and cold water essential. Write full particulars, T 435 Times.

EVELYN LODGE—Swept by ocean breezes; 25 min. delightful sail from Wall St.; easily furnished; excellent chef and service; parlors, porches, lawns, comforts; weekly, $20 per adult, with meals; 75 guests; 12 years one management; booklet. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Block from ferry.

DELIGHTFUL new place at the river's edge; boating, bathing and fishing; excellent meals; accommodations for a few select guests. Write for rates.

JUNGLE INN, RIVER ROAD, NYACK, N. Y.

BOARDING in ideal home all year round; one acre peaceful country, near station, wonderful orchard, commuting distance; 22 miles from New York; adults. Phone Fanwood 1474. J. Pichl, Martine Av., Fanwood, N. J.

AMONG the whispering pines; limited number August-September; walking distance of beach; own vegetables, eggs, fruit, milk. Johnston, Pine Cottage, Lake Ronkonkoma, L. I.

RIVERDALE REST SANITARIUM for invalids, incurable and aged; competent nurses' care; sunny, airy rooms, shady grounds; reasonable rates. 292 Riverdale Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

ON OCEAN (Far Rockaway)—Unrivaled location in Wave Crest Park, charming home, near depot; private bathing facilities; cuisine, appointments superior. 2,338 Wave Crest Av.

HAVING attractive home, wish to cater to a few people who will appreciate refined surroundings; excellent table and service. Telephone 469 New Rochelle.

A COUPLE or two gentlemen to board by private family; home cooking, bath, running water. Address L. Krause, Little Falls, N. J. Phone 18 R Little Falls, N. J.

ELEGANT room, with board, for couple, exclusive home, Wave Crest; beautiful surroundings. Nadel, 407 Grassmere Terrace, Far Rockaway. Phone 103 Far Rockaway.

TWO beautiful rooms in private cottage, best section of Bradley Beach, N. J.; one block from ocean; splendid bathing

Classified Advertising Rates.

The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line. Minimum space two lines.) Per Agate Line.

Agents Wanted 60c
Apartments To Let and Wanted 55c
Automobile Exchange 60c
Boarders and Board Wanted 40c
Country Board 40c
Employment Agencies 40c
For Sale 60c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted 40c
Help Wanted 60c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c) 40c
Mortgage Loans 40c
Real Estate 40c
Rooms Wanted 40c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 12c
Horses Wanted 12c

HELP WANTED—Female.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, with knowledge of filing of orders and correspondence; small switchboard; Christian firm; salary according; apply in own handwriting. X 2923 Times Annex.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR required immediately for downtown hotel; steady position; $18 a week. Apply manager, 4 East 39th St.

TYPIST, must be rapid and accurate at figures; permanent position; good chance for advancement; write, stating age, experience and salary desired. Association of Army & Navy Stores, 502 8th Av.

TYPISTS, experienced; insurance company; good chance for advancement. Address C. C. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

TYPISTS—Also handle small switchboard; permanent position; intelligent young lady required; Christian firm. S 259 Times.

TYPIST, rapid, accurate; knowledge switchboard and filing. W. H. Long & Co., 244 West 23d.

TYPIST and office assistant wanted in institution near New York; $60 monthly and board. D 691 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, also girl to do filing; Christian firm. L 292 Times.

WARD MAIDS and waitresses. Applicants must apply in person to U. S. Public Health Service Hospital, Ellis Island, N. Y. $60.00 per month, room, board and laundry. Boat leaves Battery Park every hour.

WOMEN,
21-35 YEARS OF AGE
FOR
NIGHT WORK
AS
TELEPHONE OPERATORS.
HOURS 9:30 P. M. TO 7:00 A. M.

Opportunity to earn $90 to $100 a month in six months.

$15 a week in two weeks when assigned to night hours; $12 a week during instruction is the day time.

Rapid advancement.

Higher salaries for more responsible positions.

If interested call at
1,328 Broadway, New York City.
(Cor. 31th St.)
or telephone Madison Square 12000.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

WOMAN of refinement to act as assistant and teacher in dining room, during vacation season with opportunity for permanent position; preferred where employed; state, stating if any, business experience and salary expected. X 2488 Times Annex.

YOUNG GIRL, careful, conscientious, wanted to do clerical work in insurance office; experience not essential; good chance to learn; references required; salary $16 a week. G 821 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADIES wanted by large bank as learners, adding machine operators; good salary, and opportunity for advancement. T 846 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADIES as beginners in well paid business; good working conditions; start at once; advancement. T 391 Times.

YOUNG LADY, capable clerical worker; good position to an efficient person. Behuncker, 303 West 48th St.

YOUNG LADY to take charge of show room. Max Smith, 1162 Broadway, Room 1.

YOUNG LADY, for clerical work in office. Louis Wile, 22 East 18th.

Employment Agencies.

CYNTHIA WARD'S AGENCY,
216 WEST 40TH. 7378 BRYANT.
Splendid opportunities for particular business people. "Service of and for the better sort."

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, tax expert, wanted to take complete charge of tax department for 8 months; first-class public accountants; good salary; employed by the Internal Revenue Bureau; splendid opportunity for the qualified applicant. Write, stating age, qualifications and experience. S 270 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS, Junior—Downtown banking institution requires the services of several young men for accounting work; state age, education, experience and salary desired. Address S. R., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

ACCOUNTANT and head credit man wanted by large private bank; must be a large manufacturing plant; must be thoroughly competent, experienced and reference. S 298 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Firm of certified accountants have opening for capable junior; must be thoroughly experienced in and qualified; state age, experience and salary. S 240 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced; salary $25-$30; to start; call with references. Room 1636, 30 Nassau St.

ADVERTISING manager assistant, for trade paper. W. 902 Times Downtown.

AUDITOR to examine the branch office records of a large corporation; reply, stating experience and salary expected. Address Box 35, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

AUTOMOBILE BODY WORK ASSEMBLER. Experienced in mounting and removing bodies, windshields, tops, fenders, &c.; also blacksmith, finisher preferred; steady work. Orrin Cohen Company, 14 East 53d St., floor.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS, four good men who can do motor and rear end work; apply Mr. Bailey, 1,530 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

AUTOMOBILE WASHER—Firm class man wanted. Apply Mr. Bailey, 1,530 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

BELL BOY, colored, required immediately for downtown hotel. Apply Manager, 4 East 39th St.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED IN CLERICAL CAPACITY; KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING, CARD SYSTEMS, POSTINGS AND EXTENSIONS DESIRABLE; GOOD PENMANSHIP; ADDRESS IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. TO BOOK TO TIMES SQUARE POST OFFICE.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT wanted for machine office; state full particulars regarding experience and salary expected. Address Office Manager, Public Service Corp. of Long Island, Port Washington, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for well-known Broadway bank. Apply by letter only, stating age, references and salary expected. Apply to Bank, D 135 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, foreign exchange, by prominent international banking house; state age, references and salary expected. G 980 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPERS on individual bank ledgers; $110 month; must have experience; apply only for advancement. V 841 Times Downtown.

BOY about 17, intelligent, neat appearance, wanted in office where good future is assured; state previous schooling, salary expected. This is a real opportunity. T 846 Times Downtown.

BOY,
WHO IS LOOKING FOR A
BRIGHT FUTURE.
S. & A. STERN,
87 5TH AV.

BOY wanted (2) for office work and errands; one for vacation period and one for permanent position. Call Rector 9640, Mr. Taylor for appointment.

BOY FOR STOCK.
Must have good school; must be well recommended. Max Rubel & Co., 136 Madison Av.

BOY OFFICE, telephone; Christian firm; pleasant position. Telephone Cortlandt 1049 after 8:30 Saturday.

CASHIERS — Experienced, to solicit orders for laundries; commission. J. H. Ayer & Co., Inc., 47 East 21st.

CHAUFFEUR-HELPERS, energetic young men, two years' experience, no age, nationality, wages expected and references. Y 748 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, long experience; Pierce-Arrow car; must have A1 references; 25 years old; $50 per week. Room 1, 1 Madison Ave. Apply Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A. Employment Agency, 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, capable and reliable man to drive Cadillac car; state exact salary desired; this is a permanent position with a possibility of it becoming permanent. S 1035 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR—Permanent position for experienced gasoline or White truck; state age, experience and salary expected. S 319 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CLERKS,
PLATFORM MEN,
WEIGHMASTERS
AND VEHICLE HELPERS.
POSITIONS OPEN FOR WORK
IN NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY,
HOBOKEN OR LONG ISLAND CITY.
GOOD PAY.
RAPID ADVANCEMENT.
AMERICAN RAILWAY EXPRESS,
61 MADISON AV., N. Y.

COLLECTOR, experienced; permanent position; good opportunity for advancement; salary and commission; must furnish security. Finkenberg's, 2,279 3d Av.

CORRESPONDENT — Wanted experienced newspaper correspondent; accustomed to high class resort work and sending press, for immediate engagement in Summer resort. Apply Friday evening after 8 and Saturday with references to Miss Amy Phillips, Hotel Plaza, New York.

COST CLERK.
Rapidly expanding manufacturing corporation has vacancy for practical cost man; applicant must be fully versed in cost and production details; only one having had actual practical experience and willing to locate out of town will be considered; state age, experience, details, reference and salary desired. Association of Army & Navy Stores, 502 8th Av.

CUTTER, experienced; insurance company; good chance for advancement. Address C. C. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

CUTTER—Also handle small switchboard; permanent position; intelligent young lady required; Christian firm. S 259 Times.

CUTTER, rapid, accurate; knowledge switchboard and filing. W. H. Long & Co., 244 West 23d.

CUTTER and office assistant wanted in institution near New York; $60 monthly and board. D 691 Times Downtown.

CUTTER, also girl to do filing; Christian firm. L 292 Times.

DIAMOND MAIDS and waitresses. Applicants must apply in person to U. S. Public Health Service Hospital, Ellis Island, N. Y. $60.00 per month, room, board and laundry. Boat leaves Battery Park every hour.

DRAUGHTSMAN,
EXPERIENCED ON THE DESIGN OF SPECIAL TOOLS, JIGS, FIXTURES AND PARTS; KNOWLEDGE OF MACHINE DESIGNS; PREFER A MAN WITH AT LEAST FOUR YEARS' ACTUAL EXPERIENCE.

APPLY OR WRITE TO
MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.,
PARK AV. & HALL STS., BROOKLYN.

DRAFTSMAN or designer wanted by a concern about to establish a centrifugal pump department; only those who are experienced in this line desired; give all details. A 766 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN
with plant layout and general production experience for factory in Brooklyn; excellent opportunity. D. G., 370 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, young man, about 3 years' structural and mechanical experience; good opportunity for accurate, conscientious man. Mowercator Co., York and Pearl Sts., Bklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced in layout and design for factory building; state experience and salary desired. J 367 Times.

ELECTRICIANS' HELPERS — A limited number of positions are open to energetic young men with one or two years' mechanical or electrical experience, to learn electrical construction work; state age, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. V 744 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICIANS,
experienced men for generating and substation construction work. State age, experience, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. V 743 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICIAN, automobile; must be expert. E. S. Partridge & Co., Inc., 24 & Webster Avs., Long Island City.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR, NIGHT WORK, GOOD VACATION REASON; WRITE STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. X 2484 TIMES ANNEX.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER,
For a factory near N. Y. City, employing three to four hundred people; give all information as to experience, references, &c., in first letter. X 2447 Times Annex.

ENGINEER, first-class license in State of New Jersey, for manufacturing plant; do own fitting and repairs; seven days; good opportunity; references from New York state employer, reference and salary desired. X. 2464 Times Annex.

EXPORT MAN—Large St. Louis wholesale dry goods firm wants to engage an experienced export man who thoroughly understands dry goods business; must speak and write good Spanish; must understand the handling of export dry goods orders. Answer, stating fully what positions you have occupied for past 10 years and how long employed in each position, also what your present salary is. All answers will be treated absolutely confidential. X 9438 Times Annex.

HOUSEMAN for small hospital (20 beds); $50 per month. Tuxedo Hospital, Tuxedo, N. Y.

JEWELER—At first-class platinum jeweler; permanent position for good man; state whether combined jeweler and stone setter, or separate; must be first class; $65 per week to start; state age, experience, &c., first letter. Sanders Bones Mfg. Jeweler, Box 679, Tulsa, Okla.

LABORERS wanted; wages $4 a day. Apply to Woodlawn Cemetery, 233d St. and Webster Av.

LOCOMOTIVE MACHINISTS AND BOILERMAKERS
for N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.
65 cents per hour. Apply General Foreman, Maybrook, N. Y.; East Hartford and Cedar Hill (New Haven), Conn. Engine Houses.

MAN, young, to assist in shipping, receiving and stock; experience in hardware or machinery desirable but not essential; must be strong and willing; good opportunity to learn desirable business; prospects of salary work in future; state experience, religion and salary desired. G 915 Times Downtown.

MAN fully experienced in synthetic base perfumes and essential oils; must have knowledge of mixing and remedies; those who are used and raised by perfumers and also experienced in the sale of same; good thing for right man; write full particulars. Confidence. S 299 Times.

MAN, reliable, wanted in our packing and shipping department; good position. Torrens-Petri Baking Co., 2,039 Atlantic Av., corner Hopkinson Av., Brooklyn.

MAN, experienced at showing goods and handling orders in manufacturing jeweler's office; steady situation. C 952 Times Downtown.

MAN, middle-aged, for cashier and payroll work; must live near Long Island City. Apply in longhand writing. X 2448 Times Annex.

MAN, middle age, to make himself useful in factory of prominent wholesale drug house; steady employment. Apply 20 Beekman St.

MAN or boy with hardware experience or acquainted with small tools; reliable; take care of stock and orders. D 320 Times.

MAN, middle-aged, wanted for locker clerk; night work. Apply, with references, 167 Sands St., Brooklyn.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER—One who is thoroughly capable of taking charge of automatic machines; only those who can furnish the best of references will be considered. X 2343 Times Annex.

MILLING MACHINE HANDS.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN WHO CAN SET UP THEIR OWN WORK; 44-HOUR SHOP, WITH ALL MODERN CONDITIONS; DAY WORK IN PRODUCTION DEPARTMENT WILL BE REQUIRED TO WORK FROM BLUE PRINTS. APPLY 8:30 TO 3.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.,
PARK AV. AND HALL ST., BROOKLYN.

OFFICE BOY—LARGE CORPORATION OF INTERNATIONAL REPUTATION REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF YOUNG MAN TO ASSIST IN FILING AND CLERICAL WORK; BRIGHT FUTURE FOR ONE POSSESSING PROPER QUALIFICATIONS. ADDRESS, STATING AGE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED, T 436 TIMES.

OFFICE BOY, not over 18; one who is looking toward the future and will appreciate the opportunity to get a good technical business education; salary to start, $60 a month. Apply Brooklyn Edison Service, 56 Pine St.

OFFICE BOY, one who is desirous to learn accounting; state age, salary and religion. V 800 Times Downtown.

OPERATORS, writing machine, and waiting department; fine chance for good opportunity. Address, with qualifications, X 2446 Times Annex.

PACKERS,
experienced only; coat and suit house; good position.
Morris W. Hats,
104 West 27th St.

PACKER,
experienced handling fancy glassware.
ADDRESS PACKER,
1026 ST. JAMES BLDG.

PHOTO-LITHOGRAPHIC plate maker. Books and commercial work good hours, excellent wages; thoroughly modern up-to-date equipment; congenial surroundings; responsible, capable man required; interview by appointment only. S 000 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

PHOTOGRAPHER—High class photo studio near New York requires services of solicitor for home portrait work; only high class persons need apply; salary and commission. Publishers Photo Service, 307 4th Av.

PHYSICIAN wanted as office assistant; must have Ohio State license; good salary, steady position. Write Dr. Bender, 239 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

PHYSICIAN wanted as office assistant; must have Pennsylvania State license; good salary, steady position. Write Dr. Bender, 239 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

PIANO SALESMAN—We have a splendid opening for an experienced and energetic piano salesman; best advertised and highest class line in Greater New York. Address X 2944 Times Annex.

PLUMBER wanted, first-class, married man preferred; wages $8 per day, 8 hours work; a good job for a good man. Address Meridian Plumbing Co., Meridian, Miss.

PORTERS for washing windows and other work in high class apartment house; must have at least one year's reference from last place; good pay to right party. Apply Superintendent, 691 Madison Av. (61st).

RECEIVING TELLER to take full charge of cage. Progress Bank of New York, 116 Av. A.

SALESMEN
wanted, thoroughly experienced salesman to represent the largest men's neckwear house; must be a high-grade man with ability who is anxious to increase his business and become associated with a high-class house; to such a man we can offer a good opportunity if you can fill these requirements; state territory covered and full particulars; salary and commission; applications will be treated in strictest confidence. E. A., 114 Times.

SALESMAN, A-1,
thoroughly experienced in New York City and partly travelling, with a large following among ready-to-wear buyers for a high-class manufacturer of children's white and party dresses; salary and commission. Box 397, 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN—Three clean-cut, honest hustlers for high grade suburban real estate on Long Island; salary against commission. Call Monday between 10-12 A. M., Room 604, 1,269 Broadway. Real Sales-manager.

SALESMAN; one experienced in oleomargarine or who has thorough knowledge grocer and baker trade; state age, experience, salary expected, where employed; good opening for right man. S 247 Times.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED,
to sell fancy fruits and vegetables to leading hotels, clubs, restaurants; good opportunity for hustler; state experience, references and compensation. V 524 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, shirt, for New York State, covering large and small towns; must have a following and established shirt trade; will pay traveling expense and commission. X 2436 Times Annex.

SALESMAN acquainted with the wholesale leather goods trade to handle a popular line of billfolds and card cases; side line; commission basis; a good chance for the right party. S 221 Times.

SALESMEN—Manufacturer of flavors and extracts requires services of experienced salesmen; salary or commission basis; write full particulars and compensation wanted. S 024 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, traveling, with following in leather goods line, to handle high-class line of leather brief cases on strictly commission basis. S 044 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced city man; infants' and goods trade; must be acquainted with visiting and resident buyers; salary and commission. D. G., 138 Times.

SALESMEN ON LADIES' NECKWEAR FOR MIDDLE WEST, SOUTH AND COAST; COMMISSION BASIS. X 2427 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN—First-class commission men to sell a famous brand of malt syrup in cans for New York, New Jersey and New England. Apply in person, 606 West 49th St.

SALESMAN to carry a complete line of silk and cotton petticoats on commission basis; the Middle West and South. Write Epstein & Bro., 1,239 Broadway.

SALESMAN and collector for life insurance; $50 weekly and up, salary and commission. Call at 10 A. M., 894 Manhattan Av., Brooklyn. Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.

SALESMAN to sell automobiles on commission; immediate delivery of all models; experience unnecessary but must be a salesman. AJHAC, R 1113 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN for popular price line of bags and men's caps as side line; commission basis. W 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, printing, first-class man with a large quantity job work; very good rate of commission. C 963 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced on ladies' hats; commission. Empire Hat Co., 21 West Houston St.

SALESMAN, for out of town, to handle men's caps as side line; commission basis. X 2481 Times Annex.

SECRETARY, confidential; competent man take charge of retail dealers' association; good salary; state experience. W 980 Times Downtown.

SERVICE FOREMAN, automobile, first class man, one who understands handling men in large service station, handling medium priced car in volume. Apply Mr. Bailey, 1,530 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

SILK SALESMAN WANTED.
One who is acquainted with the dress, skirt, suits and millinery trade; good position for the right party; salary and commission. J. S. Scheff & Co., Inc., 19 East 21st St., City.

STENOGRAPHER—Man, young, for correspondence and general office work experience in hardware, mill supply or machinery desirable but not essential; state experience, religion, and salary desired. G 914 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND CORRESPONDENT wanted by prominent International banking house; must understand foreign exchange; state age, references and salary expected. G 981 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for temporary position; one who is quick and accurate; if satisfactory position may be made permanent; state age and salary expected. S 290 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—One who is willing and wishes to grow with a concern for a future; good opportunity right party; state experience, age and salary. S 271 Times.

STOCK RECORD CLERK IN OFFICE OF WOOLEN HOUSE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE AND QUALIFICATIONS IN DETAIL. BOX 378, 209 CABLE BLDG.

TESTER.
Physical tester familiar with Brinnel scleroscope work and having experience in the general physical testing of materials; man having chemical and metallurgical training preferred; state age, experience and salary expected. X 2437 Times Annex.

TIME KEEPER, hotel experience. Hotel Manhattan Square, 99 West 77th.

WATCHMAN wanted, middle-aged man, for Sundays from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.; apply by letter, giving references and pay expected. S 296 Times.

WATCHMAKERS, GOOD; STEADY WORK; $45 TO $50. LEON HIRSCH, 37-39 MAIDEN LANE.

YOUNG MAN, ASSIST IN SHIPPING DEPARTMENT AND STOCK ROOM OF LARGE MANUFACTURERS; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR RIGHT PARTY. STATE SALARY AND REFERENCES. 764 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, SPANISH,
Accurate at figures, to help making export shipments; applicants must have had experience in this line. E. de Grandmont, Inc., 29 West 37th St.

YOUNG MAN as estimating clerk in wholesale plumbing and steam supply house; only those with experience in this particular line need apply; salary $30 to start. Orchard 9700.

YOUNG MAN
FOR OFFICE WORK.
FIFTH AVE. COACH CO.,
239 WEST 125TH ST.

YOUNG MAN wanted; familiar with work in real estate office. Address in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary wanted. C. B., Room 306, 135 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 17, some stenographic experience; excellent opportunity for development under proper guidance; state salary and full particulars. S 275 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN—Opportunity for young man 23 to 30 years old to train himself to become superintendent of house mail located in Jersey City; previous experience not necessary; agreement to be in direct proportion to ability shown. X 2471 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted, in stock rooms of manufacturing concern, about 21 years of age, to make himself generally useful; must be an American; reference required; state experience, if any; salary $14. A 759 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN,
Married, with stockkeeping and supply experience for factory in Brooklyn; opportunity for advancement. D. G., 371 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced shipping goods and handling orders in manufacturing jeweler's office; steady situation. C 953 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge of auto repairing; handy with tools; good job for right party. Court, 160 West 146th.

WANTED
IN THE
U. S. MERCHANT MARINE
FIREMEN, SEAMEN, MESSMEN,
GREEN MEN TRAINED
FOR THEIR POSITIONS.
SEA PAY:
FIREMEN $75.00
SEAMEN 65.00
MESSMEN 70.00
BOARD AND QUARTERS FREE;
FARE PAID TO TRAINING STATION.
QUALIFICATIONS:
AMERICAN CITIZEN,
18-35 YEARS OF AGE;
BRING BIRTH CERTIFICATE
WEIGHT: FIREMEN, 140 POUNDS AND OVER; SEAMEN AND MESSMEN, 125 POUNDS AND OVER.
JOIN NOW AND
SEE THE WORLD.
APPLY TO
U. S. SHIPPING BOARD,
RECRUITING SERVICE,
25 PARK PLACE, N. Y.

OPPORTUNITY.

YOUNG MAN LIVING IN NEW JERSEY, MUSICALLY INCLINED, FOR POSITION OF RESPONSIBILITY; MUST BE BETWEEN THE AGES OF 25 AND 30.

SALARY $20 TO $40 PER WEEK.

PERMANENT POSITION; MUST BE HIGH-GRADE, CLEAN CUT, WITH PREFERABLY A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION OR BETTER; MENTION YOUR AGE, EDUCATION AND RELIGION, HEIGHT AND WEIGHT. ADDRESS MUSICAL, BOX 899 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.

A Chicago concern with national reputation will engage a sales manager, 30 years or over, who has had experience in handling men, selling business services and systems; he must be well acquainted with Manhattan business men and firms and must also agree to spend part time in the field; our services sell on an annual basis, and a very high percentage of our customers renew each year; your income based on new business together with renewals, should net you $6,000 per year and up; we offer commission contract based on your individual production, with overrides on all sales and mail orders; this is a real opportunity for a man who is dignified and has the ability to successfully sell the executive; write us briefly and in confidence, giving short survey of your experience. X 2471 Times Annex.

WAREHOUSE HELPER.—Young man as helper in warehouse of a large concern in phonograph line; experience preferred but not essential; state age, experience and salary expected. S 218 Times.

Instruction.

SHALL I STAY? SHALL I GO?
Before making a change, find out if you are on the right track. To know what your life work should be is a start in the right direction. The trained analyst will know from a study of your face the vocation for you. This study is based on known scientific laws; no psychological tests; no trade tests; ask us all about it; Booklet "K" on request. Merton Institute, Inc., 96 5th Av. (at 15th St.), N. Y. Tel Chelsea 4054.

ACCOUNTANCY—New Summer classes are now forming day or early evening sessions. Write for helpful Booklet, "Your Market Value," and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

Employment Agencies.

CYNTHIA WARD'S AGENCY,
110 WEST 40TH. 7378 BRYANT.
Splendid opportunities for particular business people. "Service of and for the better sort."

FOR SALE

PRIVATE LIBRARY, consisting of 3,000 valuable books, sets and miscellaneous; closing estate. Call before Monday morning, day or evening, Hamilton, 332 Convent Av., near West 144th St.

GOOD typewriter, phonograph, camera; bargain. Phillips, 412 South 4th St., Brooklyn. Stagg 2349.

BARGAIN—25-foot solid oak office railing, $25. Old & Wallace, Inc., 88 Front St.

Furniture.

WICKER FURNITURE.
Reed, willow, wicker furniture for all homes. Direct from factory; largest selection; lowest prices. LONG BEACH WILLOW CO., 136 East 41st. Phone Murray Hill 4776.

NEW washing machine; rug, 9 by 15; runner; 2 mission tables, 4 chairs to match; side seat; pedestals, with plate glass tops; less than wholesale price. 41 East 41st St. store.

Don't sell your household furniture, carpets, rugs, silver, linens, bric-a-brac, &c., before getting my estimate. May, 2,326 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 5585.

Two rooms, black Chinese and white ivory, recently purchased; apartment to rent. Phone Columbus 2381 for appointment.

MAHOGANY swivel chairs; typewriter desk; rugs. Room 205, 1493 Broadway; Bryant 8290.

Yachts and Vessels.

TWIN SCREW steam yacht Cyprus, steel, two triple expansion engines and four Babcock & Wilcox boilers, oil burner, in excellent condition; 18½ knots, 1,286 gross tons; 260 point 8 feet by 28 point 3 feet by 23 point 5 feet; suitable for yacht, passenger steamer or fast freight. Can be seen at James Shewan & Sons' yard, foot of 27th St., Brooklyn.

BARGAIN—Two 33-foot launches, all improvements. Phone 2126 Elizabeth.

Purchase and Exchange.

WANTED—Tugboat; must answer following specifications: Length 90 ft., steel hull, Scotch marine boiler, 300 h. p., 190 w. p.; engine fore and aft compound, 500 i. h. p.; surface condenser and auxiliaries; certificates Lloyds A1, American S. B., boiler inspection certificate. Answer by writing, stating price and date for inspection, to Mr. Arturo Falomino, Hotel Astor, New York City.

HIGHEST cash price paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments; pianos, books, carpets, works of art. A. Jones, 161 East 125th. Telephone Harlem 2787.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 129 University Place. Stuyvesant 3788.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos, china, rugs, bronzes. Polsen, 137 East 47th. Tel. Stuyvesant 5577.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BRINGING load of furniture to New York; returning Aug. 3; want return load; Syracuse or intermediate point. W. S. Vroom, Apt. 46, 302 Convent Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

A market for used cars. All advertisements censored.

BUICK, touring and roadsters, late models; easy payments; open evenings. 218 West 58th St. Circle 1417.

BUICK, 1918, five-passenger touring, excellent condition; cord tires; $1,000. Riverside 6782.

BUICK, fine shape, must sell immediately. E. Schiavoneta, 840 9th Av.

BUICK coupe, excellent condition; big sacrifice. Owner's private stable, 149 East 39th.

BUICK 1920 coupe, like new. Scott, 130 West 52d St. Circle 1229.

BUICK, late 18, all condition; guaranteed; sacrifice $1,100. 222 West 83d.

BUICK six, two-passenger speedster special, latest model; $775. 208 West 128th.

BUICK Tonabout, 1918, four cylinder; like new; $650. Morningside 6943.

BUICK six cylinder seven passenger; like new; $915. 202 West 138th St.

BUICK, 1918, four cylinder, five passenger; equipped; price $50 less than 1920 list. 139 West 52d St. floor.

BUICK, touring car, 1920 model. Call Saturday or Sunday, R. Tashman, 206 Ocean Av., Edgemere, L. I.

BUICK six cylinder five passenger; like new; $925. 302 West 128th St.

CADILLAC 1919 7-passenger touring; practically new. Full particulars, telephone Riverside 8316.

CADILLAC touring car, 1918, good condition. Miss Carrie Whitney. Telephone 171 Astoria.

CADILLAC sedan; very best condition. Holmes Motor Car Corporation, 1 Central Park West, Columbus 2100.

CADILLAC 1918 touring, mechanically perfect, bargain. Scott, 126 West 52d. Circle 3222.

CADILLAC 19-20 4-PASS. 87CC.
Almost new; run 8,000 miles; 6 cord tires; sacrifice. Tully, 2720 Circle.

CADILLAC late 1918 open model touring; like new; bargain $2,000. Chauvenet, 139 West 52d. 6th floor.

OVERLAND 4 sedan, run 800 miles; will sacrifice, $250; extra tire and chain. Phone 806, Morristown, N. J.

PACKARD—Late model, twin six, 7-passenger fourtrig; overhauled, repainted, new top, slip covers, cord shoes, 3 spares; is absolutely like new car; cost to-day about $6,000; will sacrifice for $3,900. Fulton Exchange, 1,270 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

PACKARD Twin Six 1-35 7-passenger touring in splendid condition; wire wheels, 6 cord tires, slip covers, &c.; $1,000. Carvan Motors Corp., Marmon & Hupmobile Distributors, 33 Chelsea St., Newark, N. J. Tel. Mulberry 2940.

PACKARD Twin Six—Leaving city, will sacrifice almost new touring car, fully equipped and perfect; price $1,700. Kramer, motor Ballentine. Schuyler 9406, Apt. 94B.

PACKARD 2-38 7-passenger touring car; perfect condition; must sell at once. Strathman's, 156 East 120th.

PACKARD 1-35 touring and limousine bodies; also a 1-25 Packard touring. 219 9th St., Brooklyn.

PAIGE 1920 Sedan, 5-pass.; one month old; will sacrifice. 1,019 Nelson Av., Bronx. Tel. 2141-J Jerome.

PIERCE-ARROWS
PIERCE-ARROWS
PIERCE-ARROWS
PIERCE-ARROWS

Dual valve and series four models, mostly with open bodies, but a few enclosed; some with very small mileage and all in splendid condition.

Immediate delivery.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO.,
416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Phone Mulberry 4000.
Pierce-Arrow distributors for 14 years.

PIERCE 1917 38 5-pass. touring.
CADILLAC 1918 coupe.
PACKARD 1916 1-35 7-pass. touring.
PIERCE 1915 48 7-pass. touring.
All above cars in splendid condition and must be sold at sacrifice. Otto E. Moody, 254 West 54th. Circle 1463.

PIERCE-ARROW 48 dual valve 7-passenger touring in first-class mechanical condition; looks and runs like new; price very reasonable; guarantee. Write, telephone or call on F. Stanley Petersen, Pierce-Arrow Agency, 190 Whalley Av., New Haven, Conn.

PIERCE-ARROW 48, Series 4, 7-passenger; 16,000 miles; slip covers, Westinghouse air springs, 5 cord tires; perfect dark blue, with gold striping and brass rails; 5 extra; remarkable private car for $4,800. F. C. Box 497, Erie, Pa.

PIERCE 38 4-passenger sport; run 1,500 miles; recently overhauled and repainted by Pierce people; condition like new; must see to appreciate; no dealers. For appointment phone Gramercy 1780.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1919, 4-passenger, model 462, dual valve touring car, driven only 4,000 miles; immaculate condition; price $8,000, now costs $8,100 new. 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J. Telephone Mulberry 2240.

REO—New 6-cylinder, 5-passenger touring; must sell at once. Barclay 6420.

REO COUPE, 4-passenger, 1919 model; like new; $1,500. Fordham 5477.

REO, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger touring; good tires, 6 cord; $800. 262 West 107th St.

REO coupe; must sell at once; $1,000. Call Great Northern Garage, 114 West 58th.

ROAMER 1919, sport model; must see to appreciate. Max Goodman, 2,020 West 8th St. Tel. Coney Island 2342.

ROLLS-ROYCE 4 speed Barker body limousine. Mr. Reet, Circle 5192.

SIMPLEX chassis, 5 horse power chain drive, guaranteed; effects thoroughly rebuilt by Simplex experts; all new parts as follows: Cylinders rebored, new pistons, all new motor bearings and parts, special reground cams, new valves complete, new timing cams, new clutch complete, new bearings, rims and tires, new 12 volt Bosch starting and lighting system; cost $4,500 to rebuild; will sell at reasonable figure; demonstration if desired. Room 410, 25 Broad St., 3 to 6 P. M., Mr. Boyd. Tel. Broad 7110.

SIMPLEX—On account removal from the city will sell at enormous loss my Simplex shaft drive seven-passenger 1915 model; very finest running condition and lately overhauled. Address Gaiety Theatre Building, Room 212, Telephone Bryant 8236.

STANLEY steamer, 1920, 7-pass. touring, driven 1,000 miles, new cord tires, excellent; looks, paint mechanically perfect; like new; $3,500. Fissel, 35 Halsey St., Newark, N. J.

STEARNS 1920 coupe, 4 cyl., 4-pass., slightly used; looks like new; six wire wheels, two extra new tires with covers; Macbeth lenses, mirrorscope and bumper; very attractive price right. Baum, 415 West 55th St. Phone Columbus 6106.

STEARNS, 1917, 7-passenger, good condition, good tires; big sacrifice for $750 to quick buyer. Inquire Mrs. Lerten, Whittier st., Queens, L. I. 1 block from station, near Post Office.

STEPHENS 6, 1920, touring model; practically new; owner must sell; can be seen Sunday, other days by appointment. 25 West 21st St. Phone Kingsbridge 119.

STUDEBAKER, 1919, special six, four passenger touring car in elegant mechanical condition; run 3,000 miles; an opportunity to secure a slightly used car at a greatly reduced figure. Studebaker Corp., 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, 1918, small seven-passenger touring, fine mechanical condition, new paint, good tires, a rare purchase. Studebaker Corp., 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUTZ TOURING, LATE 1919.
Almost new; run 5,000 miles; every equipment; will sacrifice. Ripperth, Hotel Cumberland.

STUTZ coupe, late model; newly painted; run only 7,000 miles. Mercedes Repair Co., 218 East 58th St.

STUTZ coupe, 4-passenger; beautiful car; sacrifice; no dealers. Phone Circle 5786.

STUTZ 1918 Raceabout; 1920 four-passenger. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

STUTZ 1920 4-passenger sport; run 3 months. Phone Darien, Connecticut, 352.

WINTON six limousine sedan, especially beautifully finished; just delivered; private owner going Europe; sell slightly below regular price; no dealers. Sperling, 507 West 50th.

WINTON, light six touring car; very complete equipment; overhauled; repainted; guaranteed. The Winton Company, Broadway at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

MOTOR TRUCKS — Former United States Government trucks in various sizes and makes, sold "as is," or reconditioned. Further details from Kahn Brothers, 369 South B'way, Yonkers, N. Y. Phone Yonkers 5024.

WHITE trucks (3), 5-ton 1920 rack bodies, removable and stationary, used 3 months, about 500 miles; will sacrifice for cash. Phone Ollnville 2216.

PIERCE-ARROW and Mack trucks, 5 ton, platform; immediate delivery. George H. Pride, 1,328 Broadway. Greeley 3277.

Automobiles to Rent.

WINTON six, attractive late model seven-passenger touring; perfect condition; fine appearance, tires, hour, days, evening. Wadsworth 2071.

PACKARD Twin Sixes, open, closed; hour, season; sensible rates. Muldoon, Columbus 2151.

CADILLAC, attractive, late style, collapsible, to

WILLIAMSBURG SPAN TO BE SHUT A WEEK

Commissioner Whalen Orders Steel Stringers and Will Work Three Shifts.

OTHER BRIDGES JAMMED

Reserves Are Called Out—B. R. T. Is Held Responsible by the City.

Transportation facilities on the Williamsburg Bridge, interrupted Thursday night by a fire which city firemen fought for two hours, will be restored by the end of next week, Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, said late yesterday afternoon. A rush order for the twenty-nine steel stringers needed to replace those twisted by the fire already had been placed, and plans have been made for three eight-hour shifts of workmen to make the repairs.

Meanwhile the tie-up of the elevated and surface lines whose routes are over the bridge is delaying thousands of Brooklyn residents in getting to and from Manhattan and is causing bad traffic jams on the other bridges. The Brooklyn Bridge particularly is being taxed to its capacity. Police reserves were called out last night to straighten out the traffic tangle there during the rush hours.

Residents of the Eastern District, Ridgewood, Bushwick, Fresh Pond, Canarsie and Jamaica sections who used the Williamsburg Bridge service have to depend upon a makeshift service by way of the Brooklyn Bridge or a subnormal shuttle service on wooden surface cars across the Williamsburg Bridge until the repairs are made. Though warned by their experiences during the morning rush hours, when crowds fought to get aboard the few shuttle cars and the buses and taxicabs, thousands of passengers crowded the bridge plaza on both sides of the river last evening during the rush hours, and there was a repetition of the morning jam.

In Brooklyn reserves from the Bedford Avenue and the Clymer Street Police Stations were called out. The trolley cars were packed to capacity and were wholly inadequate to handle the crowds. The overflow tried to get aboard sightseeing buses, jitneys, taxicabs and trucks. The drivers of vehicles were reaping a harvest.

Manhattan Rush Starts Early.

In Manhattan the rush began soon after 4 o'clock, when thousands of workers were dismissed an hour earlier than usual because of the Jewish Sabbath. So great were the crowds on the bridge that both the vehicles and the cars had to crawl along at a snail's pace. Captain Louis W. Rochester of the Clinton Street Station, with a force of reserves, directed the traffic.

Police reserves from the Oak Street Station were called to straighten out the traffic at the Brooklyn Bridge last evening. It was estimated that about twice the normal number of persons and vehicles were using the bridge. For more than an hour the Manhattan approach was so congested with vehicles that the overflow extended into Park Row. The congestion extended to the surface and elevated lines and to the foot path.

Commissioner Whalen, in statements to the Board of Estimate and to newspaper men, declared that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, on whose tracks the fire started, was directly responsible for the fire because of their failure to replace the feeder cable as ordered by the Public Service Commission. Mr. Whalen asserted that the B. R. T. would have to bear the expense of repairing the bridge. The matter has been placed in the hands of Corporation Counsel John F. O'Brien, and he will, if necessary, start suit, it was said. The transit company, through William S. Menden, the general manager, said that everything possible had been done to comply with the commission's order, adding that an investigation of the fire showed that it had not been caused by a short circuit and that therefore the failure to replace the cable had no bearing on the fire.

Estimates of the damage vary from $50,000 to $75,000, but city officials declared that it was impossible to make a close estimate at this time. Commissioner Whalen's first impression, after an inspection of the damage, was that the repairs would take a month. It developed later, however, that the North River Ship and Engine Company, many of whose workers travel by the Williamsburg Bridge, was willing to rush the steel stringers through and might be able to begin relivery on Monday.

Whalen Warns the B. R. T.

"I will hold the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company strictly responsible for the fire," said Commissioner Whalen. "I have come to the conclusion that the fire was caused by a cable which the insulation had worn. The Public Service Commission ordered the B. R. T. to remove this cable some time ago, but told them that, if they wished to continue it on the bridge it could only be used for return current. This order evidently has not been obeyed."

Later in the day Mr. Whalen appeared before the Board of Estimate. In answer to a question by Mayor Hylan he said that there was no danger that the bridge would collapse, but that the engineers thought that it would be inadvisable to run any cars. He will make a supplementary report to the board.

William S. Manden, general manager of the B. R. T., issued a statement in which he said:

"Investigation of the fire which occurred early this morning shows very clearly that the fire was not caused by a short circuit, but was due to some other cause. The cables after the fire were intact, except for damage by fire, and these cables could not have caused the fire and have been in that condition. The fire must have been caused either by spontaneous combustion in the timber or by a lighted cigar or cigarette which had been thrown on the foot walk, or some other cause unknown."

In reply to inquiry at the offices of the Public Service Commission it was said that the commission, at the direction of Commissioner Nixon, had taken up with the B. R. T. in May, 1919, following a fire which occurred on the Williamsburg Bridge, the question of the removal of the feeder cables from their position on the bridge. On Oct. 10, it was said, the commission received a letter from W. S. Menden, then Assistant General Manager for Receiver Garrison, stating that the company was then obtaining prices for the doing of the work.

"Until we have received these prices," the letter stated, "and know within what time we can get the work done we will be unable to give you the approximate date when this will be completed, but it seems quite probable that we will have it done before six months from now."

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Lady's purse on Jersey Central train between Westfield and Jersey City; contains small brooch, address book and sum of money; reward. Call Worth 7768.

LOST—Pass book No. 58763 of West Side Savings Bank. Any person having claims upon said book is called upon to present same to bank within thirty days from date.

LOST—Thursday, tan traveling bag on route taxi 5th Av., 43d St., to Broadway, 57th St.; reward. Return to C. C. Cooper, 224 West 57th.

LOST—Gentleman's card case with Masonic due cards; reward if returned to Victor Electric Corp., 131 East 23d.

LOST—Traveling bag on Lexington Av. car last Tuesday; reward. E. Woodson, 907 Hudson St.

LOST—About $45, between 86th St. and Tribune Building, Thursday morning. S 306 Times.

Jewelry.

LOST—Wednesday, between 6:30 and 7 P. M., Broadway car, between 107th and 84th Sts., small brown purse, two-stone diamond ring inside; heirloom; reward finder. Sullivan, 2,214 Broadway. Schuyler 5383.

LOST—Silver meshbag containing money and key, initialed "M. J. L.," in Twentieth Century taxicab from 113th St. to Belmont Hotel, about 7:30 Friday evening; reward. Phone Cathedral 9621.

LOST—Solitaire diamond ring, also wedding ring, Wednesday night, Fox's Audubon Theatre (wash room); liberal reward; no questions. Geiger, 1,139 St. Nicholas Av. Wadsworth 5482.

LOST—Thursday, diamond bar pin, platinum setting, vicinity 71st and Lexington Av., 3d Av. and 68th St.; liberal reward. Lineau, 141 East 71st. Phone 5656 Rhinelander.

LOST—July 27, lady's gold wrist watch on link bracelet at Port Chester Station en route to New York. Reward if returned to Supt., 105 West 55th St.

LOST—Silver meshbag, money and keys, Rogers Av. and Sterling Place, Brooklyn, between 8 and 9 A. M., July 29. M. Fay, Swedish Hospital.

LOST—Diamond and platinum flexible bracelet, The Monmart, Tuesday evening; reward Mrs. Clifford Dangler, Room 417, Hotel Biltmore.

LOST—Lady's small diamond horseshoe pin on Wednesday; return to F. S. Bowen, 527 5th Av., or phone 2200 Murray Hill; liberal reward.

LOST—Gold brooch, oval, 2 long rings, 1 pearl, between Wall and West 58th; reward. Hanover 4421.

LOST—Bracelet, Wednesday, between 86th and 92d Sts.; reward. Emma Patterson, 7 West 92d St.

$250 REWARD

for return of Onyx and diamond earing with pear-shaped pendant lost on steamship Olympic arriving in N. Y. July 26. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$2,000 REWARD.

Lost, July 23, at Mort's, Bleecker or 30th St., 5th and Madison Avs., platinum diamond bracelet; no questions asked; above reward on return to Cartier, 653 5th Av.

$700 REWARD

for return of platinum and diamond bracelet, star shape design, lost July 15 at Great Neck, L. I. L. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

$100 REWARD

for return of onyx bar pin, diamond bow knot centre, lost between Ritz-Carlton Hotel and Century Theatre. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Wednesday noon, one small Hudson Bay sable neckpiece with head, in taxi between White Star Line dock and Ritz-Carlton Hotel; $25 reward. Room 3748, 130 Broadway.

LOST—Wednesday, from car between 96th St. and Yonkers, black traveling bag with lady's apparel; reward. E. B. Grandin, 319 West 95th St.

LOST—Brown fur two-animal neckpiece at the Lyceum Theatre Thursday afternoon; reward $25. Return to Mr. Post, Hotel Plaza.

LOST—On 11:30 Paterson car from Edgewater Ferry, Thursday, Baum marten scarf; reward. Room 812, 151 West 42d St.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Irish terrier 15 months old, from vicinity Broadway and 170th St., July 3; one ear normal other droops; answers name "Soppy"; liberal reward for return or information. Sevenar, 2,182 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 5610.

Found.

FOUND—American Express Co. checkbook in New Amsterdam Theatre. Apply manager.

PERSONAL.

NOTICE TO TRADESMEN.

I beg to give notice that from hereafter I will not pay bills contracted by my wife, Belia Jordan, sometimes called "Joachim," either for necessaries or other purchases.

DAVID JOACHIM (JORDAN).

'LE ROY' SEEN HERE DAY BODY WAS FOUND

Police Believe Trunk Murderer Came to New York to Dispose of the Evidence.

PERFUME MAY BETRAY HIM

Mrs. Trumbull, Wife of Detroit Policeman, Tells of His Lavish Use of Scent.

It was learned yesterday that the police have been working for several days on information that O. J. Fernandes, alias O. J. Woods, alias Eugene Le Roy, charged with the murder of Mrs. Katherine Lou Jackson, was seen by an acquaintance in Manhattan two hours before the mutilated body of the victim was found in a trunk here.

One theory is that Fernandes came to New York to claim the trunk, which had been shipped from Detroit on June 10, and to destroy or dispose of its incriminating contents, which, besides the body, included clothing of the slain young woman, a man's jacket and other easily identified objects.

The belief is that the only reason that Andrew J. Branic, expressman, was not able to obtain the trunk as an innocent messenger of the murderer was that the name "A. A. Tatum" on the shipper's tag was not clearly decipherable, and may have been mistaken for "A. A. Tieturn." The trunk was shipped to James Douglas, as consignee—a fictitious person, the police agree.

Among many reasons for believing that Fernandes was here in an effort to trace the murder trunk is the fact that the police thus far have been unable to find any clue to the whereabouts of a second trunk that was shipped from Detroit by the murderer. It is the theory that this second trunk contained the internal organs of the victim, and that the murderer may have found a way to dispose of them, then setting out to get rid of the trunk in which the body was placed.

Although the police are convinced of the reliability of information that Fernandez has been located in Saltillo, Mexico, they are continuing to search New York for any clue, not only that may lead to him, but also that might connect the murderer of Mrs. Jackson with other unsolved murders of the metropolis. They are helping the Detroit detectives in every way.

Among the crimes that they are checking up on are the murders of Cecil E. Landon, a soldier, in the Hotel McAlpin, and of Miss Ream Hoxie, seventeen, at 72 West Eighty-ninth Street, Feb. 2 last.

Mrs. Leo Trumbull, who was an intimate of the slain woman and who with her husband, a Detroit policeman, identified the body, said yesterday that the man she knew as "Le Roy" used perfume lavishly.

"The odor of perfume was so strong," she said, "that my husband and I believe Le Roy must have covered his body with it. He also powders his face, so that particles of powder show plainly against his dark skin. But he is very masculine and strong."

FLAG GIVEN TO BATTLESHIP.

Emblem Carried by Cruiser Tennessee Presented to Superdreadnought.

Officers and men of the superdreadnought Tennessee, the most powerful warship afloat, lined up in the Brooklyn Navy Yard yesterday on the forward deck, which was decorated with the ship's full outfit of colors, and received the gift of a flag from the Daughters of the Revolution of Tennessee.

The flag was the somewhat torn and battered emblem which had been presented in 1907 by the Tennessee Daughters of the Revolution to the cruiser Tennessee, whose name was later changed to the Memphis. When the Memphis was shipwrecked on a reef off the coast of San Domingo the flag disappeared, but was recovered by Mrs. Frederick D. Benton, a member of the order.

It was re-presented yesterday by Miss Mary B. Temple, Regent of the Tennessee Daughters of the Revolution. Captain Richard Henry Leigh, commander of the battleship, which is manned almost exclusively with Tennessee men, made a brief speech of acceptance. A loving cup presented in 1907 to the old cruiser by the same order was formally installed on the dreadnought yesterday and Captain Leigh announced the W. C. T. U. of Tennessee had provided comfort kits for every member of the crew.

MADRID THEATRICAL WAR.

Managers Refuse to Recognize the Syndicate of Employes.

MADRID, July 29.—A serious conflict has arisen between the theatrical impresarios of Madrid and the members of the orchestras, actors and other employes of the theatres. The impresarios decline to recognize the theatrical employes' syndicate, of which nearly all those connected with the theatres are members.

One of the theatres of Madrid has already been without an orchestra for several nights, the manager refusing to engage musicians belonging to the syndicate. Other theatres are threatening to follow suit. At the same time the syndicate is drafting the basis of a contract for all theatres, which will demand that only syndicate members be employed.

In the event that the managers maintain their determined attitude against the actors' syndicate many of the theatres will be compelled to close and the coming season's success is menaced.

GERMANY FREES BELA KUN.

Former Hungarian Communist Allowed to Leave Country.

BERLIN, July 30.—Bela Kun, former Communist dictator of Hungary, and his Communist companions, who recently were detained at Stettin while en route to Russia, are to be allowed to depart to "a destination abroad to be chosen by themselves," according to an official Government statement issued today.

The Government refers to the fact that Hungary asked to have Bela Kun handed over to it, but without result, and says the German Government does not feel justified in "further withholding freedom from the arrested persons without legal grounds."

Stedman's Wife Asks Annulment.

Harry B. Stedman, reported to be the son of a Boston banker, was arraigned before County Judge McDermott in Brooklyn yesterday on a charge of grand larceny. Henry Fink, owner of the Ritz Restaurant, Brooklyn, said Stedman got $250 from him on a worthless check. Stedman pleaded not guilty and was held in $5,000 bail for trial. Outside the courthouse Stedman was served with papers in an annulment proceeding brought by Mrs. Blanche Dorothy Stedman, who alleges that Stedman was already married when he wedded her.

Copper and Oil Men Indicted.

The Federal Grand Jury yesterday handed down thirteen indictments, two of which were sealed. It was learned that the secret indictments charge members of one copper and of one oil firm with conspiracy to use the mails to defraud. Bench warrants for the arrest of the accused were issued last night and will be served this morning.

Postal Employe Indicted for Theft.

Alexander Haecker, a substitute letter-carrier at the Times Square Station, and Louis Leventhal, a temporary clerk at the Pennsylvania Station Railway Post Office yesterday were indicted on charges of stealing post office packages.

7,000 TO SAIL ON 4 LINERS.

American Friends to Inspect the Quakers' War Work.

Three liners of the International Mercantile Marine Company's fleet will sail today for European ports with 4,300 passengers of all classes on board—the White Star liner Baltic for Queenstown and Liverpool, the American liners St. Paul for Cherbourg and Southampton and the Manchuria for Hamburg.

Among those who will sail on the Baltic are Bishop Heelan of Sioux City, fifty members of the American Friends Service Committee of Philadelphia, who are to inspect the war work of the various Quaker organizations; the Rev. D. S. Foley, Bishop of Ballarat, Australia, and Sir William de C. Wheeler of London.

The Cunarder Aquitania will start at noon today on her first eastbound voyage as an oil burner to Cherbourg and Southampton, with 700 first, 700 second and 1,300 third-class passengers, under the command of Sir J. T. W. Charles, R. N. R.

Among the passengers are Countess Aida Medalgo Albani, Colonel and Mrs. Nelson B. Burr, Count de la Ronciere, Mrs. Benjamin Guggenheim, Mrs. George J. Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon, R. S. Naon, ex-Ambassador from the Argentine; Captain and Mrs. Robert G. Palfrey, Justice and Mrs. Samuel Seabury, William Albert White, Lieut. Col. F. J. C. Hood and Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Huntington and others.

Among those sailing on the St. Paul are Mr. and Mrs. Charles Vichara of Philadelphia, Mrs. Burr Ferguson of the American Red Cross and Mr. and Mrs. J. Gardner Bartlett of Boston. Some of those booked to sail on the Manchuria are Dr. Hugo Kirbach of New York and James F. Champlin of the Vacuum Oil Company, who is going to Rumania to reopen the oil wells.

The Swedish-American liner Stockholm will sail for Gothenburg with a big complement of passengers in all classes, including Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Cook, W. H. Greene, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Willis, W. F. Washburn Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Westfall, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. McIvor, Jr., and Mrs. H. Collander of New York.

DR. HILL SUES C. A. TOWNE.

Clergyman Says He Paid $10,358 on Note to Theodore E. Burton.

The Rev. Dr. John Wesley Hill, former pastor of the Metropolitan Tabernacle and now Chancellor of the Lincoln Memorial University, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday against Charles A. Towne, lawyer and former United States Senator from Minnesota, on a note given by Mr. Towne to Theodore E. Burton, ex-United States Senator from Ohio and now head of the Mercantile National Bank in this city.

Dr. Hill alleges in his complaint that he was compelled to pay $10,358 in satisfaction of a note given by Mr. Towne to Mr. Burton on Nov. 6, 1918, and that he is now the holder of the note. In an answer ex-Senator Towne denies knowledge of the transaction.

Resigns to Work for Shipping Board

WASHINGTON, July 30. — Frank Burke, assistant chief of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, has tendered his resignation, effective Aug. 1, it was learned today. Mr. Burke will become assistant to Chairman Benson of the Shipping Board. He has been prominent in the investigation of radical activities.

PLAN TO MAKE THIS WORLD'S BEST PORT

18 Huge Piers to be Built in North River, Replacing 32 Antiquated Structures.

ONE TO COVER NEW TUNNEL

LaGuardia, Discussing Project, Says It Will End City's Rivalry with New Jersey.

New York City is to have a pier improvement that will make the port the finest in the world and end its rivalry with New Jersey, according to plans approved by the Sinking Fund Commission. The plans were announced yesterday. They provide for the building of eighteen piers from 950 to 1,025 feet in length along the North River between Vesey and Perry Streets, replacing the thirty-two antique structures erected in 1871.

Between each of the new piers there will be a maximum vantage space of 300 feet and a minimum of 275 feet. Two of the new piers will be 100 feet wide, seven 150 feet wide and nine 125 feet wide. In commenting on the plan F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, said:

"The present route of the proposed vehicular tunnel to New Jersey is beneath the way between two ancient piers above Canal Street. In the event of the sinking of a heavy vessel at the dock the vehicular tunnel would be in danger. To obviate this it has been decided to build a new pier directly over the tunnel in such a way that the tunnel will be protected.

"The plans will take definite shape and the Board of Estimate will take the necessary financial action as soon as Murray Hulbert, the Dock Comissioner, returns from Europe, where he will inspect the waterfront development of Antwerp and other ports.

"I am of the opinion that after eighteen new piers have been completed, the Staten Island water-front development carried through and Jamaica Bay made a great terminal, the Port of New York need not worry what New Jersey does. As a matter of fact, with these improvements accomplished, New Jersey will be at our mercy."

Brokers Are Indicted.

C. H. Johnson & Co., brokers, 239 Broadway, and C. H. Johnson, individually, and Frederick Durgan, Robert M. Thomas and Clayton J. Morse were indicted yesterday by a Federal Grand Jury on charges of using the mails to defraud. It was charged that the last three sold stock in the Transatlantic Shipyards Corporation, advertising low prices and large profits.

WALCOTT ANSWERS SUIT.

Declares His Lease on Washington Home Was Terminated May 31.

Frederick Coffin Walcott of the banking firm of William P. Bonbright & Co. and former first assistant to Herbert C. Hoover in the Federal Food Administration, filed answer in the Supreme Court yesterday to a suit by Robert B. Roosevelt to recover rent. Mr. Walcott had leased Mr. Roosevelt's residence in Washington. His answer contends that the lease has been terminated.

Mr. Walcott stated that prior to Aug. 7, 1917, he was living in Englewood, N. J. He was summoned to Washington to assist Mr. Hoover. He gave up his business in New York and devoted all his time to Government work without pay. Then he rented the Roosevelt residence.

Mr. Walcott says he stipulated that the lease would be cancelled within three months after "the end of the present war" upon notice to the landlord. The defendant says this meant the cessation of active warfare, "as the plaintiff well knew." He says he gave notice on March 1, 1919, and the plaintiff accepted the notice.

INDICTED FOR MAIL FRAUD.

Frederick A. Clawson Accused in $5,000,000 Stock Enterprise.

Frederick A. Clawson was indicted by a Federal Grand Jury yesterday on a charge of using the mails to defraud in connection with the sale of stock of the American-Canadian Corporation, a $5,000,000 concern of which he was the organizer.

It is asserted in the indictment that Clawson stated that he had contracts aggregating $53,000,000 for the construction of ships. Last March he presided at a "National Marine and Foreign Trade Luncheon" in the Hotel McAlpin. Senator Warren G. Harding, Joshua W. Alexander and Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, of Florida, were advertised to be present. None of them showed up.

The guests who did appear quickly vanished, according to accounts, when the luncheon resolved itself into an attempted sale of Clawson's stock.

In the United States Attorney's office yesterday it was said that Clawson, who used to occupy expensively furnished ofices at 115 Broadway, now is working in an uptown garage.

SUES MME. TETRAZZINI.

Mrs. Hammerstein Seeks Refund for Singer's Non-Appearance.

Mme. Luisa Tetrazzini, opera singer, was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday by Mrs. Emma Swift Hammerstein, Oscar Hammerstein's widow, as Treasurer of the Oscar Hammerstein Memorial Association, for $2,500. The singer's manager, Jules Daiber, is also made a defendant, and the papers were served on him at 33 West Forty-second Street.

The complaint alleges that the defendants agreed that Mme. Tetrazzini would sing at a concert for the benefit of the association at the Hippodrome on May 2, last, for $5,000, and that although $2,500 of the money was paid on April 30, the singer failed to appear and the money paid has not been refunded.

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Beautiful all-wool Suits made to sell at $60 and $55..... $32.50

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With acknowledgments to K. C. B.

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THE POET says a rose,
BY ANY other name,
WOULD SMELL as sweet,
AND THAT'S all right.
BUT CALLING,
SOMETHING ELSE a rose,
WON'T CHANGE its smell,
OF COURSE not.
AND I'M not knocking,
BUT JUST telling you,
RIGHT OUT,
THAT THERE are only,
THREE GRADES,
OF TURKISH tobacco.
FIRST, GOOD Turkish,
WHICH IS mighty good,
AND ALSO expensive,
AND SECOND,
POOR TURKISH tobacco,
WHICH IS less expensive,
AND NOT so good,
AND THIRD, tobacco,
CALLED TURKISH, which,
NEVER SAW Turkey,
BUT GREW thousands,
OF MILES away,
AND DOESN'T even,
TASTE LIKE Turkish,
AND IT'S the good Turkish,
THAT'S REALLY from Turkey,
THAT YOU get,
IN THE cigarettes,
THAT SATISFY.

OUR resident buyers in Turkey are experts. They know we want the best—and we get it. And the same with Domestic leaf. Blend them together—by that can't-be-copied method—and you get a smoke that actually does "satisfy."

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